

SILKS?

Yes Indeed Richter's
Is Headquarters For
Good Silks---Madam

—and do you know that silks have been increased
in price LESS than any other dress material
you can buy?

Our stock is especially complete just now
and we urge you to come in for an inspection
before making your purchases.

Black Taffetas . . . \$1.39, \$1.50, \$1.69 and \$1.89 a yd.
Colored Taffetas . . . \$1.69 and \$1.89 a yd.
Plaid and Striped Messalines . . . \$1.89 a yd.
40 In. Crepe de Chines (all colors) . . . \$2. a yd.
42 In. Brocade Poplins . . . \$2.50 a yd.
Georgette Crepe (all shades) . . . \$2 a yd.
40 In. Crepe Meteor—afternoon and street
shades, \$2.50 a yd; black \$2.95 a yd.
Satin Sublime (black and all street shades) . . . \$2.50 yd.

RICHTERS

Laredo's One-Price Department Store

THE PRICE YOU PAY

THE INCREASED PRICE OF GOOD CLOTHES IS
PROPORTIONATELY LESS THAN FOR THOSE
OF QUESTIONABLE QUALITY. BY GOOD
CLOTHES WE MEAN PURE WOOL CLOTHES
TAILORED TO OUR ORDER — THE KIND THAT

Real economy consists in paying
the price of quality.

Yet our hundreds of weaves in
pure wool and worsted for tail-
ored suits and overcoats are price-
surprises.

EXAMINE THE SUITS THAT WE HAVE ON
DISPLAY. YOU'LL FIND THE QUALITY TO
WHICH YOU ARE ACCUSTOMED, OR HAVE
ALWAYS PREFERRED, AT A PRICE THAT
YOU WILL WILLINGLY PAY.

I. ALEXANDER

CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

When Your Eyes Twitch,
burn and blur it is a sign
you're straining the delicate
nerves and muscles.



Don't let these conditions
continue. Remember, your
sight is priceless. Consult
us about Your EYES.

Expert eye examination by modern methods. We fit
and grind Kryptok Glasses. The Invisible Bi-Focal
for far and near vision.

LAREDO OPTICAL CO.

516 Flores Ave. opposite City Hall.

PUBLIC WARNED TO PUT NO CREDENCE IN REPORTS THAT GERMANY IS TO SURRENDER

Reports from German Sources Declaring That German Reply
Was "In a Sense" Acceptance of Wilson's Terms,
Washington Warms Public Against Believing
that Germany is About to End the War.

UNITE TO DEFEAT SOCIALISTS.

New York, Oct. 12.—When the
3,000,000 or more voters of New York
State go to the polls next month, they
will have the choice of voting for can-
didates of at least four political par-
ties, Republican, Democratic, Prohibi-
tion and Socialist. Nevertheless, the
political line-up this year is remark-
able because of the agreement in
many of the districts of the State be-
tween Republicans and Democrats to
combine against the Socialists, and
it is also unusual on account of the
many Democrats and Republicans
whom the Prohibitionists have in-
dorsed for local office.

In seven of the 43 congressional
districts in the State, Republicans
and Democrats have nominated the
same candidate with the evident pur-
pose of defeating Socialists or other
anti-war candidates. In three of the
State senatorial districts, two in New
York City and one up State, they
have combined for the same reason.
In 12 of the 150 assembly districts,
both of the old parties have nomi-
nated the same candidates.

Twelve Republican candidates and
three Democratic candidates for Con-
gress have been indorsed by Prohibi-
tionists. Apparently this has been
done to elect nominees who are in
favor of national prohibition. Seven-
teen Republican candidates and one
Democrat for the State senate have
been similarly indorsed. Nominations
for the assembly also indicate the
same desire on the part of the Pro-
hibitionists, who have indorsed 21
Republicans and five Democrats.

The candidates upon whom the two
old parties have combined in the
congressional districts are all in New
York City, where most of the Social-
istic or pro-German vote exists. The
usual number of indorsements by
one political party of the candidates
of another is taken to show unmis-
takably that the political organiza-
tions intend to eliminate pro-German
or anti-war candidates on election
day.

W. S. S. THE MISSOURI MULE ABROAD.

A long and patient but vain effort
on the part of a khaki-clad driver to
induce a mule, drawing what appear-
ed to be a load of infantry, through
the gateway of a local hospital, af-
forded considerable amusement to
the boys in blue who were watching
the proceedings. The mule would do
anything but pass through the gate-
way.

"Want any 'elp, chum?" shouted
one of the boys in blue to the driver,
as he rested a moment.

"No," replied the driver, "but I'd
like to know how Noah got two of
these blighters into the ark!"—Tit-
Bits.

W. S. S. FIT MAN FOR THE JOB.

A professional strong man, a per-
former in vaudeville, was a passenger
on a train from Chicago to New
York, and had occasion to go into the
day coach. There he was accosted
by an eccentric-looking person, who
said: "Pardon me, sir, but are you
not the strong man?" "Some say I
am," was the good-natured response.
"You can lift three tons in harness?"
"That's my record." "You can hold
two hundredweight at arms' length?"
"Yes." "And put up 300 pounds with
one hand?" "Yes." "And 600 with
two?" "I can." "In that case," con-
tinued the eccentric-looking person,
"will you be so good as to undertake
to raise this car window for me?"—
San Francisco Argonaut.

W. S. S. HOW EDITORS GET RICH.

A man tells of a country editor who
started poor 20 years ago and has re-
tired with the comfortable fortune of
\$50,000. This money was acquired
through industry, economy, conscien-
tious efforts to give full value, indom-
itable perseverance and the death of
an uncle who left the editor \$49,-
999.50.—Kansas City Times.

By Associated Press.

Berne, Oct. 12.—The semi-official
Wolff news agency today circulates
Berlin despatches to the effect that
the German reply to President Wil-
son's note was sent last night and is
"in a sense" an acceptance of Mr.
Wilson's demands.

Warns the Public.

Washington, Oct. 12.—German reports
that the reply to President Wilson is
"in a sense" an acceptance of his de-
mands caused an authoritative state-
ment today warning the public against
believing that Germany is about to
end the war by unconditional surren-
der.

First Condition Unacceptable.

Amsterdam, Oct. 12.—Berlin bank-
ers today notified their correspond-
ents here that President Wilson's
first condition—evacuation of oc-
cupied territories—is unacceptable.

Report Unconfirmed.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The state de-
partment is still without official ad-
vice confirming reports that Turkey
has appealed to the allies for peace
on the allies' terms. There is also
nothing regarding the report that
Austria has sent another communica-
tion.

To Demand Evacuation.

Paris, Oct. 12.—A semi-official state-
ment today says German press com-
ment indicates that Germany is about
to demand evacuation of German
colonies and occupied Turkish terri-
tory.

Austrian Premier Resigned.

Zurich, Oct. 12.—Baron von Hus-
sarek, the Austrian premier, has re-
signed, according to the Vienna cor-
respondent of the Vossische Zeitung,
which adds that Professor Lam-
mausch, a pacifist and anti-German,
will be his successor.

Food Speculators Worried.

Amsterdam, Oct. 12.—The Bremen
Weser Zeitung reports feverish ex-
citement among clandestine food spec-
ulators, who face the dilemma of
whether to hold on to their stocks or
sell. The newspaper says it has re-
ceived advertisements offering var-
ious delicacies which had long disap-
peared from the market.

Fallen at a Blow.

Paris, Oct. 12.—The official state-

360 AMERICANS ARE LOST IN COLLISION

TROOPS MAINLY WITHOUT SEA
EXPERIENCE AND WOULD
NOT JUMP TO
DESTROYER.

By Associated Press.

London, Oct. 12.—After a check at
American headquarters, it was an-
nounced that 360 American soldiers
were lost when the transport Otranto
was sunk in a collision off the Scot-
tish coast.

The bodies of 200 of the Otranto
victims were recovered. The ship is
a total wreck. The Kashmir, with
which the Otranto collided, landed its
passengers safely. The troop ships
collided while a heavy storm was
raging. The lost troops, largely from
the interior of the United States and
without sea experience, preferred to
remain on the bigger ship rather than
risk jumping to the small destroyer
Mounzy which attempted to rescue
them.

WANT WOMEN IN PARLIAMENT.

London, Oct. 12.—The national con-
ference of women which is to be held
in London early next week under the
auspices of the Labor Party is ex-
pected to mark a new epoch in the pro-
gress of the movement for equal
rights in England. The first resolu-
tion to be submitted to the confer-
ence will demand that the Govern-
ment should immediately pass a bill
enabling women to be elected to the
House of Commons. The new Franch-
ise bill has been tested on this
point and the law officers of the
Crown have decided—for what it is
worth—that women are not eligible
under its provisions.

The women will demand that this
matter be made clear in their favor,
and the attitude of the political lead-
ers to their claim may have a sub-
stantial bearing on the results of the
next general election. One thing
now appears to be beyond dispute,
all the political leaders are against
having women in the House of Com-
mons. But the desire to outma-
neuver each other in pursuit of the
woman's vote is likely to result in
many of the leaders being forced to
support the bill.

The women, if they can be induced
to vote, will be the deciding factor in
the next election. There are more
than 6,000,000 women voters out of a
total of 20,000,000.

The subject of the eligibility of wo-
men to sit in the House of Commons,
while occupying the foremost place
on the agenda, will not be the only
important matter to receive the at-
tention of the women at their coming
conference. They will demand the
enactment of further legislation ad-
mitting women to the professions,
from which they are at present ex-
cluded, and the amendment of the
representation-of-People Act so as to
give votes on short residential qualifi-
cation to all men and women of 21
years or over.

ment today says that the river Sulphe
has been crossed at several places and
the Retourne river reached. Be-
tween Hodillecourt and Sault St.
Remy the French are rapidly advanc-
ing. In Champagne, Sugny and Ma-
chult have been reached and a whole
series of powerful enemy barriers
have fallen at a blow. The French
penetrated the important railway
town of Vouziers this morning. They
hold the general line of the Retourne
and the road from Pauvres to Vou-
ziers.

Try to Slow Advance.

With the British Army in France,
Oct. 12.—The enemy today began an
attempt to slow up the Anglo-Ameri-
can advance on the main battlefield.
All the bridges across the Selle from
Le Cateau southward were dynamited
and the Germans are digging in fur-
iously a mile east of the river.

All Villages Burning.

With the French Army, Oct. 12.—
All the villages in the whole region
south of the Laon are burning.

Americans Fought in Adriatic.

Italian Sea Base, Lower Adriatic,
Oct. 12.—For the first time in the his-
tory of the world, American ships
fought in the Adriatic, participating
in the destruction of one of the great-
est of the Austrian naval bases—
Durazzo. The whole Italian fleet took
part, aided by American submarine
chasers which went ahead with
French and British destroyers to pre-
vent interference. The Americans
steered into the Austrian mine fields,
marking a safe passage for the larger
craft.

BE LOYAL

to the men who are giving their lives to their
country—and yours. This struggle is YOUR
struggle and OUR struggle as much as it is
THEIR struggle.

Show them that you are with them.

Buy A Liberty Bond Today.

LAREDO NATIONAL BANK
LAREDO, TEXAS



MRS. GOOD COOK:

DON'T YOU WANT

A GOOD NEW RANGE?

ASK HIM TO BUY IT FOR YOU.

HE WILL

YOU WILL LIKE OURS.

COME SEE THEM.

WE SELL WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

ELGIN

WALTHAM

MILITARY WATCHES

are now extensively used by our boys over there. A watch
that comes from Daiches will give satisfactory and enduring
service. These watches have proven by actual tests that
they are qualified to render time-keeping qualities such as
required by the military.

L. Daiches

The Jeweler

GRUEN

OMEGA



GOOD MATERIAL, honest work-
manship, and careful attention to
sanitary conditions make your plumbing a
source of pleasure.

In "Standard"
fixtures you get
guaranteed mat-
terials—you run no
risk. And in our
service you receive
the results of ex-
perience, skill, and
an honest desire to
furnish plumbing of
unequalled quality.



JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE CO.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords
to its patrons security and comfort
BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE
TODAY.

Today the Last Day. Lewis S. Stone in "INSIDE THE LINES"
There are no battle scenes in this picture—the plot being concerned
with the foiling of German spies—but nevertheless this is one of the
most thrilling pictures filmed in a long time. It is pictured from the
tremendous New York stage success of the same name.

Also Pathe News No. 73 and Allies Official War Review No. 13.
Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: Claire Anderson.

Monday: Henry B. Waltham.

From Friday's Daily.

DIED OF NEGLECT.

Pitiful stories come from our neighboring city of Nuevo Laredo, where there have been a number of deaths from influenza, or at least, from the complications resulting from neglected cases. Persons who have been across the river report seeing whole families prostrated, without medical attention or other aid.

The most dangerous feature of the influenza is the weakened condition in which it leaves the patient, as during its course there is absolute lack of appetite, even were it advisable to eat. As a result, the complications which set in find a ready victim.

Another distressing feature is the unwillingness of many—even those who can afford it—to call in a doctor, trusting to "Nature" to effect a cure. Many proceed to the drugstores and call for some remedy suggested or recommended by others, and sometimes it is necessary for the druggists to tell their customers that the "remedies" called for are absolutely without value.

Only a physician should be called upon to prescribe for this disease, which frequently establishes a foothold for dangerous complications, and in most cases it is dangerous, according to the bulletin of the Public Service, to take the so-called "safe, sure and harmless" remedies advertised by patent medicine manufacturers.

The bulletin says: "One should keep out of crowds and stuffy places as much as possible, keep homes, offices and workshops well aired, spend some time out of doors each day, walk to work if at all practicable—in short, make every possible effort to breathe as much pure air as possible." This advice can be followed by all who are not actually in bed with influenza, and even then they can be kept clean and well aired.

Those who are familiar with the horror the average Mexican of the lower classes has for fresh air when at all sick, will readily understand how difficult it is to prevent the spread of infection when the disease has once obtained a foothold.

Influenza is probably one of the most contagious diseases known. The germs are carried by the air, and can be readily communicated from one person to another, even on the street and much more so within the confines of a house.

Like all diseases which are classed as "colds," cleanliness is important in this particular ailment. The patients should have plenty of water to drink, and the medicine the doctor prescribes should be faithfully administered. The rest of the treatment consists of quiet and as little exertion as possible.

The people who are the easiest affected are the ones who do not observe the primary laws of sanitation and hygiene. The pores should be kept open, while the patient should be kept of a draft, and yet the circulation of air should be such that fresh air is always entering.

So far no doctor has discovered a means of preventing the disease, and no one is certain as to the identity of the particular germ which causes it. One particular form of bacillus is always—or almost always—found in this disease, but as it is always accompanied by one or more other forms, it is difficult to declare which causes the ailment.

The health authorities have always found the greatest number of cases, as well as the most virulent cases, where there is overcrowding, and the tenement districts in the larger cities are hence centers of infection which are hard to get rid of. Here in Laredo there are some districts in which many persons live in a few houses, in the midst of such filth and squalor as is hardly describable. It is natural that this class of people, without the most rudimentary ideas of what constitutes sanitation, should be the first to succumb.

So far there have been but few deaths in Laredo, and in all cases the death has resulted from a complication, such as pneumonia. With care, both during the disease and after partial recovery, there should be few mortal cases, as our climate is in favor of a cure.

THE GERMAN FALLACY.

It seems to be believed, by the Germans that they can do as they wish for as long as they wish, and that whenever they desire they can throw up their hands and quit without any disastrous results. This is plainly manifest in their present acts of destruction while they are begging for peace.

Preliminary to forgiveness there must be repentance. One could not grant forgiveness to a man who was still defiant and wilfully antagonistic. He must be sorry before he can be forgiven, and he must show his sorrow by his acts.

The German feels that he is so superior to all others that he can do as he pleases and still be considered immune from punishment and underserving of condemnation. What he does the German considers right because he did it and he is naively surprised at the criticisms of his conduct from others.

A great deal of this is naturally "camouflage," as is evident from the cowardly whine of "kamerad" from each captured prisoner, and a great

deal more of it proceeds from ignorance. When an entire nation is taught from infancy that it is right to do things for the nation which would not be permitted for the individual, it is not surprising that there is a double standard of morals in Germany.

For years the lower classes in Germany have been taught that there is a double standard of morals as regards the sex question; one for the noble and wealthy, and the other for the poor and insignificant. So when a German soldier of the class nearest to the brutes finds himself in an enemy country, he applies this same standard to the women captives of his bow and spear.

It is not surprising, when one studies the German character. But it is none the less disgusting, and it must be wiped out, for the spread of such doctrines would go far toward destroying the world. The morals of the Anglo-Saxon races have established them as the most dominant force in the civilization of the modern world. In the descending scale are the races whose morals are lax, and who have a different standard for each grade in society. And nearly the lowest of these are the Germans.

What other nation in the world would dare to flaunt its "Christianity" in the face of others while committing the foulest crimes? What other nation would dare to speak of civilization while its soldiers, from the highest to the lowest, are stained with the crimes of barbarism?

What other people in the world would commit a crime "in the name of our good old German God," and proudly boast of it, as have the Germans? What other people would destroy the sacred places of the religion they profess to follow, and join hands with the enemies of that religion in abusing their fellow believers?

What other nation professing to believe in the Cross of Christ would profane that cross and rob the altars of the sacred vessels? And the present Prussian soldiers are supposed to be the descendants of the Teutonic Knights who established the religion of Christ among the heathen Wends and Lithuanians!

In all this orgy of blood there has not been a single Christian priest or minister of Germany who has raised his voice against the abuses, and the Archbishop of Cologne one of the Kaiser's most subservient tools, even excommunicated a French priest who became a successful aviator!

We are doing well in waiting to see if the present bid for peace is but another Teuton trick to permit a reorganization of the German forces for a final effort against the allies. We should not trust too far the people who ask for peace and who still destroy wantonly what they cannot take away and do not wish to leave for others.

No armistice with this sort of enemies; no peace save that of unconditional surrender; no terms save those of absolute annihilation of their military and naval power and reparation for all the wrongs they have committed. Let them be anathema!

WILL DECORATED THE GRAVES OF DEPARTED LOVED ONES

AND LISP PRAYERS FOR REPOSE OF THEIR SOULS.

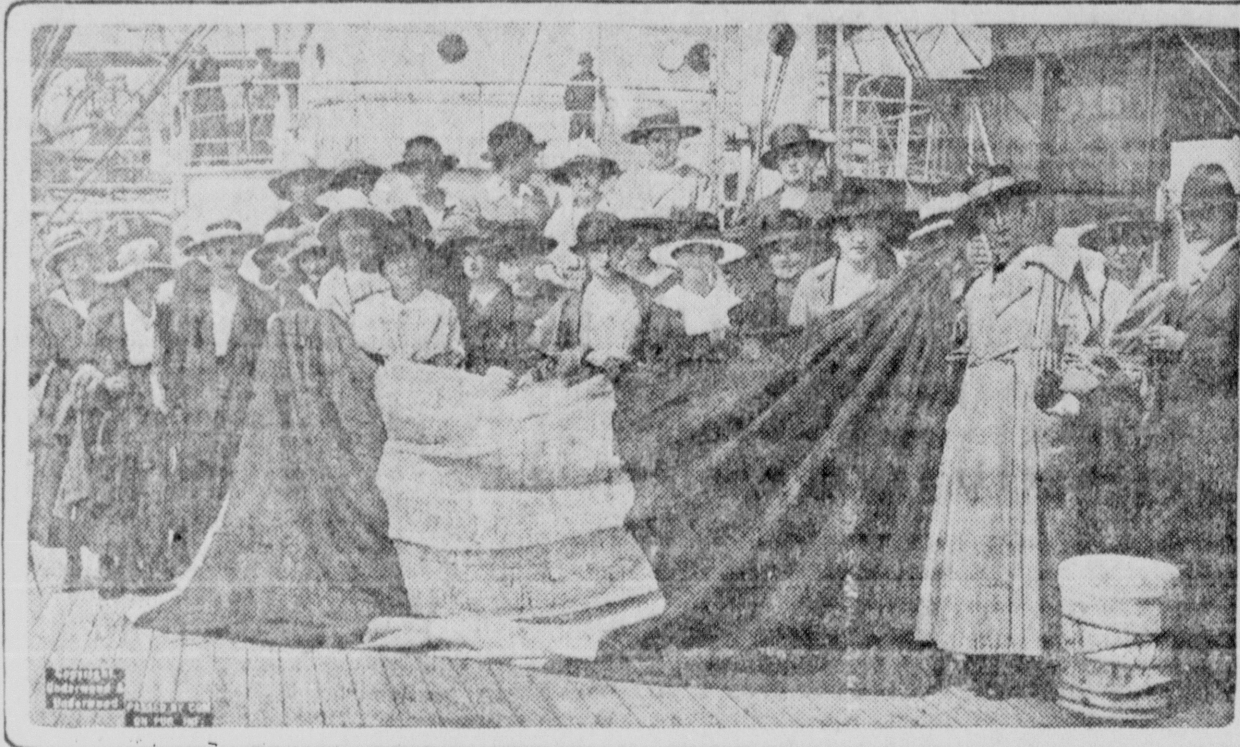
On All Saints and All Souls Let Us Remember Those Who Have Died For Us "Over There."

Thursday, October 31, is Hallowe'en, and immediately following that comes All Saints Day on November 1 and All Souls Day on November 2. Hallowe'en is the occasion for pranks of many kinds and is observed throughout the world by young and old alike.

All Saints and All Souls Days are occasions when those members of the family circle of other loved ones who sleep the eternal sleep are remembered and their graves are decorated with flowers, while prayers for the repose of their souls are lisp above the mound that mark their last resting place. Since the last observance of these days a year ago many a Laredo family has been bereft of some loved one who now sleeps in the silent city of the dead, and on All Saints and All Souls Days they will make the pilgrimage to the cemetery and there linger by the side of those graves and as they gently place mute remembrances on the mound above the grave lisp a prayer that the soul of the departed one may rest in peace.

And let it be the duty of those who on All Saints and All Souls Day this year lisp a prayer for their dead here in Laredo, also raise their heads to the Omnipotent Father above and beseech him to have mercy on the souls of those brave boys who have made the supreme sacrifice on the battlefields "over there" that we may live here in peace and safety from the foe of humanity—let us pray for the brave men who died for us on foreign battlefields that the world be safe for democracy, humanity and justice. There are many who have died a heroic death "over there" who have nobody to pray for them, so let the prayer of those who go on their knees at the graveside of a departed loved one include in that little prayer a word for the boys who gave all for their country, their flag, for you.

FRENCH GIRLS COME TO ENTER AMERICAN COLLEGES



Sixty-two young French girls have arrived in America, the first of a group of 230 chosen for scholarships at American universities. They are to study in American colleges, so that after the war they may return to France with American educational ideals and teach them there among their own people.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

OCTOBER 11.

1746—Marshal Saxe defeated the allies of Austria at Rocoux, and completed the conquest of the Austrian Netherlands.

1777—Casimir Perier, the Minister of France who died from cholera contracted in hospital visits, born at Grenoble. Died in Paris, May 16, 1832.

1796—Spain in alliance with France declared war against England.

1797—British defeated the Dutch in great naval battle off Camperdown.

1868—Frederick von Beust, the Austro-Hungarian premier, called for a standing army of 800,000 men.

1870—The French city of Orleans was taken by the Germans after severe fighting.

1914—German Taubes dropped bombs on Paris, killing three persons and injuring fourteen.

1915—Russians broke the Austro-German line on the Styrpa.

1916—Italians launched general attack on Austrian positions on coastal district front.

W. S. S. Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1533d day of the Great War. Sixty-five years ago today the first clearinghouse in the United States was established in New York City.

The President and Mrs. Wilson are to start for New York today to attend the great Liberty Day celebration in that city.

London has prepared a rousing welcome for Marshal and Madame Joffre, who are to arrive there today on a visit to the British nation.

Wartime problems affecting the electrotyping industry are to be considered at the annual convention of the Master Electrotypers' Association of America, meeting today at Cincinnati.

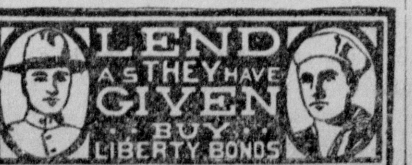
Delegates from many of the Southern States are to gather today at Birmingham for a sectional conference on the problem of tuberculosis, to be conducted under the auspices of the National Tuberculosis Association.

Baltimore is to be the meeting place today of a provincial conference of Catholics to consider plans for their participation in the November campaign to raise a joint fund of \$170,000,000 for war camp community service.

Members of the National Council of Cotton Manufacturers have called an important meeting of cotton-goods merchants engaged in export trade to be held in New York today to discuss the application of Government prices to foreign trade.

W. S. S. Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.



CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Tiburcio Lozano, who is herein-after styled defendant, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 49th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 49th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Webb County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Laredo, on the 12th Monday, after the 1st Monday in September, A. D. 1918, the same being the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 4839, wherein John Finnigan Co. (a corporation) is plaintiff, and Tiburcio Lozano is defendant, said petition alleging: That the defendant is indebted to plaintiff upon an open account for moneys advanced to the defendant, in the sum of (\$3,263.25) three thousand two hundred and sixty-three dollars and twenty-five cents. That said moneys was advanced by the plaintiff to the defendant in purchasing hides for plaintiff, and which moneys the defendant has appropriated to his own use and benefit against the wish and knowledge of plaintiff. To plaintiff's damage in the sum of \$3,263.25, which amount of money is now owing and due plaintiff from the defendant and that plaintiff claims a lien on any and all property of the defendant within the jurisdiction of the court, to satisfy the payment of said debt, and prays for a judgment for said debt against the defendant, and for a foreclosure against any property of the defendant to satisfy said debt.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness: Eliseo E. Ochoa, Clerk of the District Court of Webb County.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Laredo, Texas, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1918.

ELISEO E. OCHOA, Clerk, District Court, Webb County.

W. S. S. Sour Stomach.

Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

Notice. We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us. MORGAN YATTER CO. 1210 Southwestern Life Bldg. Dallas, Texas. 8-3-1f

W. S. S. "WOMAN'S THOUSAND DOLLAR CLUB" IS GROWING RAPIDLY

Already the Subscriptions of This Worthy Patriotic Organization Total Thirteen Thousand Dollars.

The women of Laredo, or rather those who are members of the "Woman's Thousand Dollar Club" started by Mrs. H. D. Shelby are covering themselves with glory in helping out the Fourth Liberty Bond issue in Laredo and Webb county and up to yesterday the members of the club, each of which took a subscription of one thousand dollars, had \$13,000 subscribed and a number of other subscriptions were in sight for today.

Women are playing a great part in this war, and like the Spartan women of old times, they are exerting their every effort for the success of the American arms. It is desired to enroll every woman in Laredo who is able to join as members of the "Thousand Dollar Club" and those who care to enroll can telephone Mrs. Shelby and she will give them the necessary information.

W. S. S. ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH, Offices, Brannan Building, Laredo, Texas, October 7, 1918. 10-8-3t.

Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

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\$336,000 IS SUBSCRIBED SO FAR TO THE BOND ISSUE

WITH UNITED EFFORT OF ALL COUNTY WILL GET QUOTA.

Approximately \$187,000 is Lacking and Many Can Increase Subscriptions and Help Attain the Goal.

When the Liberty Bond soliciting committees of Webb county made their tabulation at one o'clock yesterday afternoon the result showed that a total of \$300,300 had been subscribed in Webb county, and Chairman Sames stated last night that additional subscriptions of approximately \$36,000 were in sight to be reported today—and probably more. This calculation would bring the grand total of subscriptions up to approximately \$336,000, leaving a balance of \$187,900 to be raised within the next eight days if Webb county would attain her full quota and put the bond subscription "over the top."

Considering the handicap under which the committees have worked the past few days with the epidemic of influenza harassing their work and putting several members out of commission, Webb county is going along nobly with the work assigned to her. Will the committees be able to reach the goal by securing the lacking \$187,000? To do this about \$25,000 daily must be secured in subscriptions until the end of the campaign on October 19. Perhaps the quota will be obtained and perhaps it will not be, but let's all pull together to attain the objective. With the American forces now having the Huns in full retreat and the dawn of peace being near at hand, every red-blooded American who is able to subscribe a dollar should get on the subscription list, for Liberty Bonds will be worth more than their face value with success to the cause of the allies—and that success is now practically at hand, but much money is now needed by Uncle Sam to finish the work he started.

If you have already subscribed liberally to the Fourth Liberty Bond and now realize that you can stand a little more for the sake of the success of the army of justice, humanity and democracy, put yourself down for whatever additional amount your care to—every little bit helps in putting Webb county in that honorable and glorious position where she can proclaim to the world that she did her duty and subscribed the full amount of the bond issue asked of her by Uncle Sam. And then when peace comes you can look proudly on and say, "I did my part in accomplishing this."

W. S. S. Notice. We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us. MORGAN YATTER CO. 1210 Southwestern Life Bldg. Dallas, Texas. 8-3-1f

W. S. S. "WOMAN'S THOUSAND DOLLAR CLUB" IS GROWING RAPIDLY

Already the Subscriptions of This Worthy Patriotic Organization Total Thirteen Thousand Dollars.

The women of Laredo, or rather those who are members of the "Woman's Thousand Dollar Club" started by Mrs. H. D. Shelby are covering themselves with glory in helping out the Fourth Liberty Bond issue in Laredo and Webb county and up to yesterday the members of the club, each of which took a subscription of one thousand dollars, had \$13,000 subscribed and a number of other subscriptions were in sight for today.

Women are playing a great part in this war, and like the Spartan women of old times, they are exerting their every effort for the success of the American arms. It is desired to enroll every woman in Laredo who is able to join as members of the "Thousand Dollar Club" and those who care to enroll can telephone Mrs. Shelby and she will give them the necessary information.

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LAREDO ICE FACTORY

P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.

Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water

Delivered to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE 252

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes, acid dyspepsias, etc. Ask for booklet.

L. VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS

LAREDO, TEXAS

FIRE INSURANCE F. M. RAMSAY

1301 Iturbide St.

PHONE 82

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR COUGHS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED

Madam: What are you going to do when the draft calls your husband to the colors? The Government needs thousands of Stenographers and Typists. Why not take a Business Course and serve your Country too?

The LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE

is prepared to train you thoroughly, at 208-210-212 Alexander Bldg.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Notice of DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Marcos M. Trevino and Francisco Sanchez Garza of Laredo, Webb county, Texas, under the firm name of Marcos M. Trevino & Co. and known as the "Central Hardware Store" was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of October, 1918, Mr. Garza retiring from the business. All accounts due the said partnership will be collected by Marcos M. Trevino and all debts due by said firm will be paid by him. The business will be continued by Marcos M. Trevino at the same place and under the same firm name.

M. M. TREVINO, F. SANCHEZ GARZA.

I have sold my interest in the hardware business of Marcos M. Trevino & Co. known as the "Central Hardware Store" to Mr. M. M. Trevino of the same firm, who will pay and collect all accounts concerning the business.

In retiring from the business I wish to thank the public for the nice patronage given us during the time I was a member of the firm and solicit a continuance of same for my successor.

F. SANCHEZ GARZA. 10-2-10c.

LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through this port this morning: Five carloads of calamine, one carload of ixtle, one carload of jarcia, one carload of hides, one carload of skin, one carload of hair, one carload of bones and one carload of arsenic.

—The Laredo Business College will be closed until next Monday on account of the epidemic of influenza. This step was taken merely as a precautionary measure.

—Never before in the history of the business life of Laredo has the condition been so bad that practically all lines of industry were "shot to pieces" by the visitation of an epidemic as at this time, when the influenza has a grip on hundreds of persons and all lines are suffering, for when a man has a genuine siege of the influenza he feels "rotten" to the full extent of the meaning of that word.

—The influenza situation in Nuevo Laredo is reported as very grave and the disease is on the increase there with a heavy daily mortality. The Mexican city is reported without sufficient medical aid, while many of the poor people stricken by the influenza over there have no home comforts and the disease rapidly develops pneumonia and fatal results.

—Mrs. Maria H. de Juarez, daughter of Don Eligio Herrera, and a member of one of Laredo's pioneer families, died at her home corner San Francisco and Zaragoza, on Tuesday night as a result of influenza and the funeral was held yesterday afternoon from San Agustín cathedral. Two children of deceased, also her mother and sister are critically ill at their home.

—Saturday is Columbus Day and will also be observed as "Liberty Day" throughout the country. In this city the day will be observed with appropriate exercises by the Mexican citizens who will celebrate the victories of the allies in the war and laud their efforts for saving the world from the brutal Huns.

THE MAN WHO WAS OVER-CONFIDENT.

(A Fable in Slang With Apologies to George Ade).

By Joseph W. Kenney.

If the Yanks ever needed anyone to sing their praises Uncle Jim at the Corner Grocery could be relied upon to chant the Anthem, for he knew from the day War was declared that when the Americans got "over there" they would roll up the Hindenburg Line in a jiffy and put Kaiser Bill on his knees in three or four months. Uncle Jim meant well and every one liked to see him display that spirit, but some of the Wise Heads cautioned him that we couldn't take any chances on rolling up the line and that we didn't know what the "All Highest" might have up his sleeve.

After the allies started Heinie running back from the Marne, took his Coal Bin away from him at Lens, chasing him out of his comfortable Club Rooms at St. Quentin, bottled up some of his water wagons at Ostende, smashed through his front yard at St. Mihiel, with their big guns pointing over toward his Iron Mines and the Chorus of Whimpers arose from the German press everyone was jubilant and Uncle Jim predicted that the boys would be back home with us for Christmas dinner.

Then came the Fourth Liberty Loan, the demoralization of the Turkish army and Austria trying to get under cover. Uncle Jim was reading the Peace Note of Baron Burián, when a solicitor from W. J. Sames' Liberty Loan Committee came into his store and asked him to subscribe. "Look here," said Uncle Jim, "have you read this Peace Note? I tell you the war'll soon be over." "No, I haven't had time to read it yet," said the solicitor, "I have to see everybody on this street and I'm only half through. Besides, Uncle Sam hasn't called off the Liberty Loan, has he? No, and he's not likely to, because the money is all spent." Uncle Jim was a good citizen and he subscribed liberally for the bonds.

But he had been talking to the boys along the street and had put the idea into their heads that the war was about over and the subscriptions began to fall down.

"Look here, Uncle Jim," said the solicitor, "have you ever heard of the peace pincers? Has it occurred to you that if the Kaiser can make the Liberty Loan a failure in the United States by this peace talk that he may be able to reorganize the Germans to stiffen up on the Western front?"

"No, I never thought of that," said Uncle Jim. "Let me go with you for a while. I think I can get those boys to come across. The only thing that is wrong with them is they are over-confident and they don't realize how much Uncle Sam needs the money."

MORAL:—To slacken our effort is to help the Kaiser. Buy bonds to the limit.
New Castle, Pa., Oct. 7, 1918.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

There will be a business meeting of the Aid Society of the Christian Church at the home of Mrs. Frank Hamilton. All members are requested to be present. Owing to the illness of the Society Editor, it is practically impossible to give her column today.

General Mention.

Because of the prevailing sickness, there will be no meeting of the Paris Guild of Christ Church of the Junior Auxiliary.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will not have a meeting this week because of the epidemic.

There will be no story-telling hour this week on the Heights, due to so much sickness.

The various societies of the Baptist church will meet Thursday at 4 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. DeWolf have arrived from Dawson, Georgia, to spend the winter with his brother, Mr. S. W. DeWolf.

On account of the spread of the influenza, the W. C. T. U. meeting for Friday will be postponed.

Announcement.

The Honor Guard Girls will meet with Mrs. Hugh Cluck Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Celebrate Liberty Day.

The following fine program has been arranged for the Mexican celebration of "Liberty Day" Saturday evening at the Salon-Teatro Lincoln:

Overture, . . . Quintette
Address: "The World Conflict," (1st part)
Sr. Manuel Muzquiz Blanco.

"Redentora," Poem by Sr. Lic. Rafael Trujillo, written expressly for this celebration,
Srita. Teodora Sanders.

"Siciliana" from Cavalleria Rusticana, cello by Sr. Eduardo L. Martinez, piano accompaniment, Sr. Jose Ramirez.

Violin Solo, . . . Sr. Francisco Rivaduya piano accompaniment, Sr. Jose Ramirez.

Poem Sr. Lic. Rafael Trujillo Selection, Royal Orchestra

Melopea, Srita. Zenaida Salinas; piano, Prof. Julian M. de Villar; violoncello, Prof. Juan Macias.

Address—2d Part,
Sr. M. Muzquiz Blanco.

"Lamento," G. Marie; violoncello, Prof. Juan Macias; piano, Prof. J. M. de Villar.

Cavatina, J. Raff; violin, Prof. J. Arevalo; piano, Prof. J. M. de Villar.

"Poem of the Indian," Guillermo Aguirre y Fierro.

"Marsellaise," Royal Orchestra.

The apotheosis presented in this last number was arranged by the Mexican artist, Sr. Luis V. Davila.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

152nd day of the Great War.

Today is Father Mathew Day, the anniversary of the birth of Father Theobald Mathew, the "Apostle of Temperance."

The semi-centennial anniversary of the beginning of the ten years' war (1868-78) will be observed today in Cuba.

In China today will be celebrated as Wu Chang Day, the seventh anniversary of the great revolution against Manchu monarchical rule which had endured nearly three centuries.

Many persons will recall today as the thirtieth anniversary of one of the worst railroad disasters in American history—an excursion train collision near Penn Haven, Pa., which resulted in the loss of more than 60 lives.

Stockholders of the Central Vermont Railway, at their annual meeting today at St. Albans, are expected to take action relative to the agreement with the Federal government for the taking over of the company's property.

Prominent insurance men from numerous States are to gather today at Briar Cliff Lodge, N. Y., to participate in the semi-annual meeting of the Western Insurance Bureau.

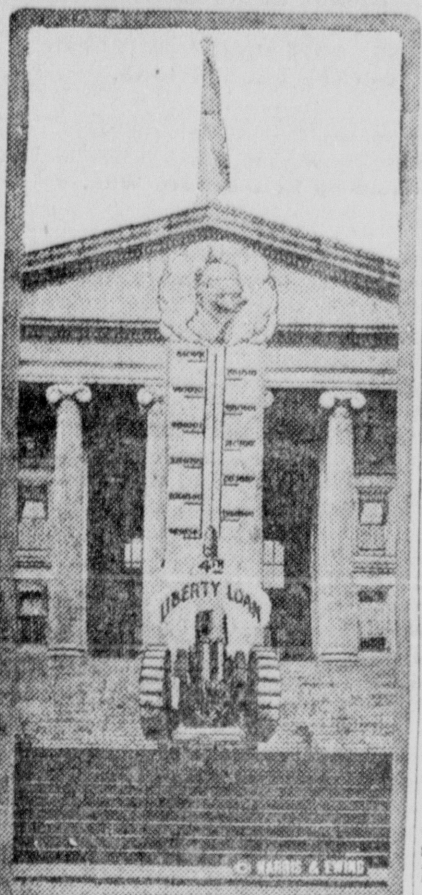
Initial steps toward the establishment of a League of Nations are expected to be taken at the conference to assemble in London today under the auspices of the Council of the League of Free Nations Association.

A series of parades, historical pageants and public meetings, beginnings today and continuing through the remainder of the week, has been planned in Chicago as the contribution of that city toward the celebration of the Illinois Statehood centennial.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

SHOWS HOW THE LOAN GOES



The progress, step by step, of a small aimed at the Kaiser's head keeps people in the nation's capital informed of the effectiveness of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign. A sign, almost as tall as the building, has been erected on the south front of the treasury.

Farming in Australia.

Conditions governing agriculture in Australia are described by Commercial Agent Juan Homs in his report on "Agricultural Implements and Machinery in Australia and New Zealand—Special Agents' Series No. 100." American farm tools and machinery are well liked in Australia, but they are not, in some instances, adapted to the needs of the native farmer. There would be a greater demand for American tractors if they could be used on ground that has not been cleared of stumps. Many other details regarding the farms and their requirements are discussed in the report.

Sinister.

The latest German defense of hospital bombing led Representative Tague to remark: "That defense is as sinister, and it shows conditions as rotten, as the speech of the rich business man, who chuckled: 'I ought to get myself a new typewriter. The paint is all coming off this one. Just look here on my coat.'"

PERSONALS

Capt. J. J. Sanders of the Rangers is registered at the Bender.

Clark Pease of Corpus Christi is a guest at the Bender.

W. S. S.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food; strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 6c. Sold by all druggists.

W. S. S.

With an aim toward stimulating the wartime production of iron and steel and coal and coke a special meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers is to open in Milwaukee today in conjunction with the national congress of the metal trades.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

FRITZ DUCKS AND TOMMY LAUGHS



"Boom!" A high explosive shell bursts in the near vicinity. The two German prisoners drop their wounded comrade and duck to escape the flying pieces of shrapnel. Tommy thinks it's a good joke on the Huns, while he looks on unconcernedly.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

CLASSIFIED ADS

1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks. J. Maxcy Pace, 819 Convent Ave. Phone 576. 4-4-tf.

For Rent:—Nicely furnished room with southeast exposure, all conveniences and centrally located. Inquire at Times office. 5-22-tf.

For Sale:—Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block 350, W. D. and Lot 8 in block 250, W. D. Terms to right party. B. J. Leyendecker. 9-17-tf.

For Sale:—Jersey cows; one or all you want. Have 130 head. Phone 728. 9-23-tf.

For Sale:—My Ford car; in good condition. E. J. Foster. 9-25-tf.

For Sale Cheap:—Automatic heater, suitable for large house. Apply 606 Flores avenue. 10-1-10t.

Wanted to Exchange:—Family residing on Heights wishes to move to city will exchange residence with some one wishing to reside on the Heights. House is situated near school house and has all modern conveniences. Apply: M. Botello, Imperial Cafe. 10-1-10t.

For Rent:—Brick cottage. All modern conveniences. Apply 792 Turbide street. 10-5-6t.

For Rent:—Furnished rooms, centrally located. Everything new and first-class. All modern conveniences. Pappas Hotel, corner Flores and Hidalgo, upstairs over Laredo Candy Co. 10-5-10t.

For Sale:—Chrysanthemums for All Soul's Day, large or small quantities. 1619 San Bernardo avenue. 10-7-5t.

For Sale:—One Studebaker auto. New tires, Bosch magnets, fair condition. Apply 615 Zaragoza street. 10-8-5t.

For Rent:—Garage building on Matamoros street, formerly occupied by Citizens Auto Company. Apply A. M. Gutierrez at Milmo National Bank. 10-10-3t.

Help Wanted:—Good competent man or woman; prefer one can understand English. Apply Major A. B. Kaempfer, No. 8, Fort McIntosh. 10-10-2t.

Wanted:—Nurses at Fort McIntosh, Laredo, Texas. Practical nurses will be accepted, but trained nurses preferred. Pay \$75.00 fr trained and from \$30.00 to \$50.00 for practical nurses. Rations, quarters and laundry furnished in both cases. Anyone who has some experience in nursing can help at this time if they are willing to work. Apply at hospital office any time through the day. 10-10-tf.

W. S. S.

Sour Stomach. Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out. 10-10-tf.

QUARTER MILLION GERMANS IN RETREAT AND BELIEVED IT SOON WILL BE GENERAL

Germans Are Demoralized and It Is Believed Their Retreat Is Only the First Step in a General Retirement of Forces Under Ludendorff--Towns and Farms Completely Burned by Fleeing Huns.

MEASURES TAKEN AGAINST CHOLERA.

New York, Oct. 10.—The reports that cholera has made its appearance in Berlin and Vienna, a fact that is not at all surprising in view of existing conditions that result from the war, call to mind the century long fight which New York City has made against the entry of this most dreaded of all scourges. Medical scientists and local health authorities agree that with the present excellent system of quarantine and the precautionary methods in vogue there is little possibility of the cholera gaining a foothold on this side of the Atlantic.

Science has supplied much knowledge as to the origin of this plague of the tropics but is has brought little that is new beyond that which was intuitively known—that isolation, cleanliness and watchfulness are effective weapons. The greatest cholera epidemic in New York was in 1832, when it was reported that four thousand persons died from the disease. Cholera had come to the United States by way of Quebec and had run down toward the east and had followed the Mississippi Valley to New Orleans.

The first case reported here was on June 25, 1832. The caes multiplied rapidly. Quarantine was then little more than a name. The scourge disappeared in the fall of the year with the coming of cold weather. A few cases came two years later, but the visitation was of short duration.

The second great epidemic came in 1849 and there were numerous deaths. The first case in the second epidemic broke out in the Five Points on May 14, 1849. The public schools were used for hospitals, 1901 patients were treated in these improvised quarters and more than 1,000 died. It was estimated that the total death list was 2,000. In 1855 and again in 1867 the disease made its appearance in the United States, but the visitations were of short duration and there was little spread.

A conference held in 1850 in Paris, attended by representatives of the countries of southern Europe, resulted in the establishment of modern international quarantine regulations. Staten Island was chosen in 1853 as the most desirable place for the New York quarantine station, and in the fifties and sixties the task of warding off infection from foreign countries was conducted with more system.

Dr. Vanderpool, the Health Officer in 1873, was the first to demonstrate here the merits of quarantine against cholera invasion by delaying vessels believed to be infected and adopting the highest standards of cleanliness. Only one case was reported in the city and no deaths were recorded. The first of the vessels to arrive with the disease on board was the Westphalia from Hamburg, on which there had been two deaths at sea. Nine passengers were cholera stricken in her hospital. One died.

Cholera next became a peril here in 1887, while Dr. William M. Smith was Health Officer of the Port. Several cases were brought on board the Alesia and the Britannia. Since the previous visitation a new era had dawned in medical science through the discoveries of Pasteur and Koch. These discoveries had brought modern bacteriology into being. The scare of 1887 resulted in a legislative appropriation to improve the facilities at the Quarantine Station.

In 1892 the cholera was again prevented from entering the United States by prompt and energetic measures of quarantine. The German steamship Moravia reached New York harbor Aug. 31, having had 20 deaths from cholera during her voyage. The President ordered 20 days' quarantine for all immigrant vessels from cholera-infected districts. Two days later the Normania and Rugia from Hamburg were put in quarantine. A week later the Scandia arrived with more cholera cases. Of the seventy cholera cases transferred from these vessels to Swinburn Island twenty-eight per cent died. But the quarantine measures adopted by the Federal and State governments were so stringent and effective that the scourge did not gain any foothold in New York or elsewhere in the United States.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Oct. 10.—A quarter million Germans are now in full retreat between Cambrai and St. Quentin, according to reports from the battle front. This movement is regarded by the allies as the first step in a general retreat by Gen. Ludendorff.

Demoralized Germans Fleeing.

With the Anglo-Americans at Cambrai Oct. 10.—The British and American forces continue to advance rapidly, driving the demoralized Germans before them, while the battle is on a field that was aflame throughout the night. Many fires have completely destroyed towns and farm houses.

Americans Drove Germans Back.

With the Americans at Verdun, Oct. 10.—The American forces operating west of Verdun returned to the attack against the formidable Kriemhild line today. The assault was made just south of Romagne and the brilliant speed of the advance forced the Germans back through the positions prepared by them. Further to the right the Americans forced their way through Camel wood, which was bristling with machine guns. This success made it easier to storm Manelle.

After all night heavy firing from the British guns the British attacked this morning from Cambrai south of the front held by the French. Canadian troops, after a "crash" barrage launched a powerful attack north of Cambrai. Canadian and British troops met in the center of Cambrai and advanced from the north and south. Many Germans had escaped, but thousands who had been left to launch a counter attack were soon killed or captured.

Penetrated German Line.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Penetration of the German main line of defense west of the Meuse by Americans against fresh enemy divisions was reported today by General Pershing.

British Made Progress.

London, Oct. 10.—Further progress was made last night by the British toward the northern part of the present battle front to the east of Cambrai. Fighting is going on in Cambrai on both sides of Cauchy. The attack of the Anglo-American forces in the breach between St. Quentin and

PORTO RICO GIVES.

By Associated Press. San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 10.—Thousands of pounds of Porto Rico's favorite "dulce," guava paste and jelly, and thousands of Porto Rico cigarettes will be sent from the island by the Red Cross to the soldiers on the fighting line in France. A campaign for contributions has already begun. Last year, the Porto Rico Chapter sent 25,000 pounds of paste and jelly to France. A committee on tobacco has been organized to get together material to manufacture smokes for the soldiers.

PERSONATES THE CZAR.

By Associated Press. Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—Bearing a remarkable likeness to the late Emperor Nicholas, of Russia, a pretender who claims to have escaped from Bolshevik bondage and to be the former Emperor, is reported trying to bribe peasants in the Vladimir district of Russia to revolt against the Soviet government according to the Votshernaya Ozn, a Petrograd newspaper. The imposter is said to have abundance of money and to have claimed he was seeking a refuge among his "faithful peasants."

SHOES HIGH IN ITALY.

Rome, Oct. 10.—Fifteen dollars a pair is being demanded here for an ordinary pair of shoes which only a few months ago could be bought for half that price. One of the measures adopted by the government to regulate the price of cloth is a decree compelling manufacturers to stamp the cost price on the material every three yards and prohibiting the retail price from being more than 35 per cent above cost.

Cambrai resulted yesterday in a continued advance. Sallaumines and Noyelles have been captured and the British are now within two miles of Le Cateau.

French Captured Wood.

Paris, Oct. 10.—French troops advancing east of the St. Quentin-Le Cateau railroad have captured Taves wood and Boequis village and further south have taken Mary and reached Fontaine Notre Dame and Fossoinnes.

Serbs Pursuing Austrians.

London, Oct. 10.—Serbian troops pursuing the defeated Ninth Austrian division have entered Leskovate, 22 miles south of Nish and Vlazotintze.

Autonomy in Austria.

London, Oct. 10.—It is reported from Vienna that the Austro-Hungarian ministerial council has decided to introduce national autonomy in order to make President Wilson's stipulations an accomplished act, says a Copenhagen despatch.

Revolt at Bruges.

Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—Many Belgians have been killed and wounded as the result of a revolt at Bruges. It is said the attempt of the Germans to deport civilians caused the populace to revolt. The German troops used their guns on the crowds.

May Ask Counter Guarantees.

Basel, Oct. 10.—Only military reasons could compel us to accept Wilson's conditions, says the Cologne Gazette, commenting on the American reply to the German peace offer. It is possible that Germany may require a counter guarantee, for example, the evacuation of the colonies occupied by the allies.

Kaiser's Abdication Rumored.

Stockholm, Oct. 10.—There is a persistent rumor here that Emperor William has abdicated.

W. S. S.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TROOP MOVEMENTS ARE NOW SUSPENDED

OWING TO THE INFLUENZA NO

TROOPS WILL BE SENT TO

TEXAS CAMPS AT

PRESENT.

Special to The Times.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 10.—At the request of Major Towne, General Crowder has suspended all movements of drafted men to Texas camps on account of the influenza situation. Ten thousand men were to have been moved this month.

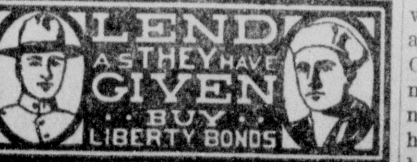
Two Officers Killed.

Rahway, N. J., Oct. 10.—Two officers are reported killed and several others injured in a fire which destroyed the officers' quarters at the base hospital at Colonia.

For Burning Eczema

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 35c, or \$1.00 for extra large size, get a bottle of zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns, wounds and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is a clean, dependable and inexpensive, penetrating antiseptic liquid. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.



TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

From Wednesday's Daily.

UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT.

It is not difficult to foretell what President Wilson reply to the German peace offer will be. Not only is he aware of what the American people expect of him at this juncture, but the allied press is a unit in rejecting the offer. "Unconditional surrender" is the keynote of the French and British press comment, just as it is here at home.

Says Figaro: "Let us suppose the proposition is accepted. Immediately in Germany there will be a delirium of joy. The people are electrified and the kaiser has already reaped them into his hands. The humiliation of having demanded peace would disappear rapidly. He becomes the hero of heroes. He has resisted a world coalition."

L'Homme Libre says: "We are on the road to victory. We will not let them stop us. An armistice is not possible at the point at which we now are. Maximilian of Baden's proposition for peace are insufficient. We would not be satisfied with autonomy for Alsace-Lorraine. We want reparation for the past and guarantees for the future. Maximilian is silent on these two important points. The war continues. Germany is in despair. She begins to feel the anguish of her defeat. She sees that the cataclysm she has brought on will result in disaster for the Central powers."

But the most important statement, and one which we feel certain will suggest itself to Mr. Wilson without any help from others, is that of Le Journal. "The enemy offers to negotiate on the basis of President Wilson's peace program. There is no discussion between conqueror and conquered."

And that is precisely what Germany fears, and explains why she is so frantically suggesting an armistice and eventual peace. She wants to discuss terms of peace, instead of accepting those laid down. She knows that when she is finally conquered—and that cannot be long delayed—she will have no right to consider, much less offer, the peace terms. She will have to take what is offered. And even then she will fare a thousand times better than would her enemies had she conquered.

The old war motto of "Vae victis" (woe to the conquered) is not uppermost in the minds of any of the allies. But while beaten, disgraced Germany is pleading on bended knees for peace—the sort she proposes—her military officers are cruelly abusing the people in the occupied portions of France and Belgium, and are laying the grounds for a further demand for reparation.

All that France wants is the restoration of the lost provinces, indemnities for the damage done by the Germans and a guarantee that Germany will never again attempt to invade France. That is not much.

All that Italy demands is that Austria shall recede from the provinces of "Italia Irredenta" and pay for the damage she has caused in the present war. That is not much.

All that any of the allies want is reparation for the wrongs committed, payment for the damage done, and a promise—secured by sufficient guarantees—that Germany will be good in the future. That is not too much to ask.

As to our own country, we demand that Germany make good our financial losses caused by her blackguard diplomats and their willing tools, and guarantee that we shall never again be molested by Germany. Is that too much to ask?

What Germany wants is to be left in peaceful possession of the territories she has invaded, the return of her colonies overseas, the freedom from punishment for her crimes, and the "place in the sun" which she fondly imagined was to be hers by the simple expedient of trampling on humanity and betraying all the other nations. That's a good deal, isn't it? But it comes with an ill grace from Germany that now, when she is in danger of disastrous defeat—a defeat which would cause the loss of whatever prestige there is still left to the Hoenzollerns and their outlaw crew—she should presume to offer terms. There are no terms possible for Germany. One could just as well make terms with the burglar who had killed a faithful servant and robbed the house.

And we feel certain that Mr. Wilson's reply will be so plain and so emphatic in its nature that Germany will not hope for anything except what she deserves.

FIENDISH INGENUITY.

Not since the days of the Borgias has there been such a revival of the gentle art of poisoning as is directly due to the Germans in this war. Poison gas, poisoned wells, poisoned fruit left in the trail of the retreating Huns, poisoned candy left where children may find and eat it. And the work is on such a gigantic scale, that Satan may well tremble for his honors when the German emperor reaches the infernal domains.

Among civilized people poisoning has never been held in much favor, especially as an arm of war. It is true that some of the most noted poisoners have been persons of education and even refinement. But they were moral degenerates, and had they not

taken up poisoning, their passions would have turned to other means.

At present there is a great demand for fruit seeds with which to make defensive masks for the American soldiers exposed to poison gas. We have lost but a small percentage of our men by this insidious weapon, mainly because our allies had gone through the first stages of the gas attacks and had developed excellent protective masks.

But those who were first exposed to the German poison gas suffered severely, and even the Germans themselves, when the wind shifted and drove the gas waves over their positions, were unprepared to resist it.

It is but another proof that the German must be crushed. Were we to be confronted with a savage tribe of Africans or Filipinos who used poison against us, the Germans would be among the first to cry out at the savagery of the weapon. But when they use it, we must accept it as another evidence of German civilization, than which there is nothing viler on earth.

The German chemists have enjoyed a false prestige as the greatest chemists on earth. It is true that some original research has been made by Germans, but most of the alleged "German discoveries" were made by the chemists of other nations and then stolen by the treacherous Germans who succeeded in obtaining the formulae.

There is a wide range of poisons from which the German chemist may make his selection. There are animal poisons, mineral poisons and vegetable poisons. There are poisons which are developed by contact of a liquid with a substance otherwise innocuous. There are gases, solids, impalpable powders and even essences which are deadly poisons.

But German ingenuity has so far not kept in advance of other nations. When it became necessary to use poison gas to retaliate against the German weapon, it was ridiculously easy for the British, French and Americans to devise poison gas methods which rendered them superior to the enemy, and gave the Germans a taste of their own medicine.

Once this war is over it must be the last in which such inhuman weapons are used. The nations should unite to overpower and severely punish the author of any such attempt in the future. In modern warfare a man caught poisoning wells or using poison in any other way to destroy human or animal life is shot without mercy. And it would seem the deserts of a nation to be annihilated if it persists in using such methods.

Thousands of English and Canadian soldiers are sleeping their last sleep because of the German poison gas. There was the fortune of war, but there would not have been such indignation over their death had it occurred in the expected and accepted way.

Our soldiers will come home to us filled with a righteous hatred of everything that is German. They will see in every German face a reminder of the tortures to which little children and innocent women were subjected; a reminder of the sufferings of allied soldiers in German prison camps; a reminder of treacherous "kamarads" stabbing their captors in the back; but above all, a reminder that Germany has poisoned the world.

The passions are in themselves poisonous. Rage frequently causes a severe syncope, and in some cases death. But the righteous rage that will fill the Americans is not the flaming, blood-red sort, but the white-hot passion which never cools down until its object is attained. And the defeat of the Germans is foredoomed by their own vile, devilish methods.

DISTRICT CHAIRMEN FOR WAR WORK CAMPAIGN NAMED

B. M. Alexander and Rev. C. W. Cook Chosen For Important Position in Work.

The following important appointments have been made in this district in connection with the United War Work Campaign to be conducted November 11-18: B. B. Alexander, Laredo, District Chairman; Mrs. J. L. Brown, Alice, District Chairman, Women's Division; Rev. C. W. Cook, Laredo, District Executive Boys' Division.

All these workers are directly under the district chairman. The district chairmen are now organizing their county committees. County workers, to be announced soon, will be under the direction of the county chairman.

This district contains the counties of Frio, Atascosa, Live Oak, McMullen, La Salle, Jim Wells, Duval and Webb.

These workers have been appointed because of their peculiar fitness for their several tasks, but will have the close co-operation of the regular Community Councils of Defense of the various school districts.

The United War Work Campaign will raise a minimum of \$170,500,000 to be apportioned according to their size and scope of work among the following officially recognized War Activities: Young Men's Christian Association, Young Women's Christian Association, Catholic War Council, Jewish Welfare Board, War Camp Community Service, American Library Association and Salvation Army.

IT COSTS TO SAFEGUARD LIBERTY

But no real man minds paying the price. It also costs to safeguard Health, but who wants to take chances with that great blessing? It costs more to make ice cream under sanitary conditions and with properly sterilized material than if we were indifferent to the health of our patrons, but who wants to feel uncertain about the character of the food they eat? We don't make cheaper ice cream.

We have sufficient faith in the good judgement of the people of Laredo to believe they want the best, and are willing to pay to have it so.

Come to our factory anytime during working hours and see how Borderette is made. IT'S PURE THAT'S SURE.

CONSUMERS' ICE CO.

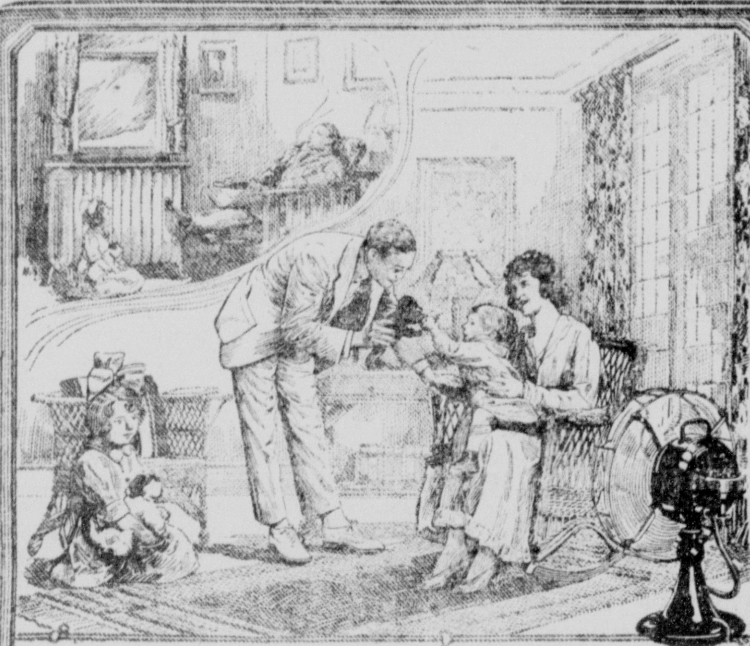
ANEMIA TABLETS

If you wish to increase your strength, vigor and nervous force take at once

"Dr. Riveroll's Anemia Tablets" the ONE TONIC which should be in every home.

They build up the nervous system wonderfully, and enrich the blood, imparting a healthy rose color to the cheeks. "ANEMIA TABLETS" keep the system always thoroughly healthy and in vigorous condition.

Procurable in sealed boxes at all good druggists



AS NECESSARY AS HEAT IN WINTER

You would as soon dispense with your heating apparatus as to endure a sweltering summer without Emerson Fans, once they have made your nights comfortable and your days fit to work in.

The added efficiency that results from being comfortable 24 hours a day pays big dividends on the small amount invested, and you will hardly notice the increase in your bills. Buy from

THE LAREDO ELECTRIC & KY. CO.

EMERSON FANS
With 5 Year Factory-to-User Guarantee

COMBATING INFLUENZA AND PREVENT GATHERINGS

ACTING GOVERNOR JOHNSTON OFFERS SUGGESTIONS.

Recommends That All Schools, Motion Picture Shows and Other Places of Gathering Be Dispensed With.

The spread of influenza over certain states of the union appears to be quite pronounced and from many sections of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee and even to Washington, D. C., and the Eastern states, epidemics are reported, with hundreds of cases in many communities and the number of those with the disease being on the increase, although the death rate in most places is comparatively light.

Many cities and small communities of Texas which are in the grip of the disease have already adopted precautionary measures to stop the spread of influenza and to get the malady under control, most places going to that extent where all public gathering places including schools, churches, moving picture shows, etc., have been closed and a veritable quarantine established to prevent large assemblages of persons. These precautionary measures are advisable for all sections, as the disease should be gotten under control before cold weather sets in, as the medical authorities fear considerable complications of the malady then and the development of pneumonia, which is very serious.

R. M. Johnston, acting governor of Texas during the absence of Governor W. P. Hobby in Washington, has issued the following suggestion from Austin and attention is directed to its provisions, to-wit:

"Irresistibly the fact is brought to the attention of the State authorities that every practicable precaution must be taken to prevent the spread of Spanish influenza which is now infesting certain portions of Texas. The Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service has today made the suggestion to the State health authorities of the advisability of discontinuing all public meetings and the closing of schools and places of amusement in the various localities of the State where the prevalence and severity of the disease renders such necessary in the opinion of the local authorities. After careful investigation the State health authorities have concluded that this is a disease propagated most effectively in crowds of people. This is recognized by the action of the army officials in providing additional space per man to prevent its spread.

"Therefore, I, R. M. Johnston, Acting Governor of the State of Texas, without assuming to this office the authority of dictating or prescribing a specific course of action for the municipal authorities of the State, make the suggestion that the local authorities give their careful consideration the recommendation of the Federal and State Health authorities with a view to discontinuing public assemblages, closing public schools and places of public amusement in localities where the prevalence and severity of this disease renders such a course of action necessary and advisable."

W. S. S. ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH, Offices, Brannan Building, Laredo, Texas, October 7, 1918. 10-8-3t.

W. S. S. "WOMEN'S THOUSAND DOLLAR LIBERTY BOND CLUB" HERE

Patriotic Women of the City Have Organized and Will Help Webb County Attain Its Bond Quota.

"The Woman's \$1,000 Liberty Bond Club" has been organized in Laredo and the promoters of this most laudable patriotic organization are now at work to increase the club membership to as large a number as possible. All the women of Laredo are invited to become members, and those wanting information on the subject are requested to call Mrs. H. D. Shelby, phone No. 132, and she will gladly explain the purpose of the organization.

Ten business men of Laredo have what is known as the "Five Thousand and More Club," and the women are going to keep pace with them and have organized the "One Thousand Dollar Club" and have a good membership already. It is for the purpose of helping Webb county attain her quota in the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign that the club has been organized, so it is up to the women of the city to enroll and make a fine showing of their efforts.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TWO THOUSAND DELEGATES WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE

PRESIDENT WILSON AND CARRANZA ARE COMING HERE.

Official of American Federation of Labor Addressed Large Number Workingmen Here Last Night.

At least two thousand prominent officials, including President Wilson, President Carranza of Mexico, governors of the various states of this country, officials of the American and the Mexican Federations of Labor, the Pan-American Congress and prominent labor leaders and delegates from all parts will be in Laredo for the great International Labor Conference to be held from November 13 to 16 inclusive.

These are the facts brought out in the address made on the roof garden of the Soldiers' Club last evening, when Herman Ross, an official of the American Federation of Labor, who arrived here yesterday from New York, made an address to about three hundred workingmen of this section in behalf of the great International Labor Conference to be held in this city next month. This practically means that the city of Laredo must at once get busy and prepare for the entertainment of at least two thousand prominent officials and labor representatives while they are in this city, for Laredo is going down in history as the meeting place of one of the greatest labor conferences held in the history of the world, as Mr. Ross stated during his address last night. So it is up to Laredo to begin right now for the entertainment of numerous distinguished visitors during at least three days of next month.

Mr. Ross told the workingmen in attendance at the meeting last night that the conference would go down into history as an event of world-wide importance and that Laredo would be remembered as the meeting place of Labor's most prominent evangelists. He said only something unusual and extraordinary will prevent President Wilson and perhaps members of his cabinet being in attendance at the meeting here—that it was almost certain that he would come.

Mr. Ross discussed some of the subjects that would come up for consideration at the conference, stating that one of these was the recognition by the American Federation of Labor of the Mexican Federation of Labor members and putting them on a basis with other union workingmen in this country when they come here in quest of employment. He said there were various matters of international importance to be discussed that would vitally concern the workingmen of this entire continent—that the conference would be participated in by the representatives of labor from North, Central and South America.

The great conference here next month will be called to order by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Mr. Gompers will be accompanied to Laredo by many officials high up in the ranks of that great labor organization.

W. S. S. Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

W. S. S. STILL Has Onion Seed. Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516. NO WAX. 9-26-18.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

WILL WEBB ATTAIN QUOTA? THAT'S THE QUESTION NOW

VERY LITTLE PROGRESS MADE IN THE PAST TWO DAYS.

At Noon Yesterday the Total Amount Reported by Committees Was \$270,000; Much More is Needed.

The United States government, recognized by the allies as the savior of the world from autocratic rule and the application of the principles of German kultur to all races, is going to dictate the terms of peace on behalf of the allies to the Entente Powers. What a glorious day it will be when the news goes forth that Uncle Sam has the kaiser just where he wants him—that the austere autocrat who started out to set the world ablaze and subjugate it to his rule is now on his knees begging the allies to make peace terms.

But with all this coming to pass, it will be more glorious to Americans who have done their part in the Liberty Loan issues to learn that it was with their aid that this happy culmination was brought about. The Fourth Liberty Loan will do more than any of the other issues, for now we have the Germans and their allies running and with plenty of ammunition and the other essentials for a successful prosecution of the war the Fourth Liberty Loan will help to put the finishing touches on the Huns. And yet there are so many people who are withholding their subscriptions—or rather subscribing their minimum amounts instead of the maximum amounts to put their communities over the top in this bond issue.

Here in Laredo and Webb county the subscriptions are coming in very slowly and unless there is a great improvement in the next few days Webb county will maintain the reputation she secured in the last three bond issues and fall down on getting her quota. The last report issued at noon yesterday showed a total of \$270,000 subscribed, leaving about \$253,000 yet to be subscribed. Is Webb county going to attain her quota? Not unless there is a decided change of heart on the part of her people who are able to subscribe—not unless they increase their subscriptions and help to get that Fourth Liberty Bond flag for their community. The present epidemic of influenza has harassed the committees in their work and many of the solicitors are down abed, but don't even let that prevent Webb county from going "over the top" by October 19, the last day of the present bond campaign.

Hem Stitching

I have bought Mrs. Sauls' hem-stitching machine and have moved same from Mr. Richter's store to our residence, 910 Juarez avenue (two doors north Slaughter Hotel). For the present leave your work with my husband, Mr. J. J. Hudson of the Laredo Woolen Co., or phone 210.

I can do your work right. Mrs. J. J. Hudson.

CHICO
WASHING WONDER
LEE FULLER, Agent. Phone 1154.

LEND AS THEY HAVE GIVEN
BUY LIBERTY BONDS

SEED GARDEN SEED
Just received everything in Seed for the Truck Grower
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RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY
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We are the best equipped organization in Southwest Texas for caring for their customers.
We carry a more complete stock of parts for our cars than any other automobile represented in Laredo.
We have the largest number of satisfied customers in Laredo, because we are able to give them what they want when they want it.
"Better buy a BUICK than wish you had."
RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY
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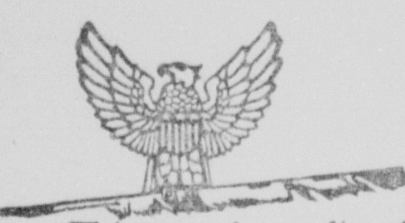
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... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

From Monday's Daily.

THE LEX TALIONIS.

The only law that the Germans understand is that of retaliation. It is useless to plead with them in the name of humanity. But they will doubtless listen to the ultimatum which is being sent with regard to further destruction in Belgium and France, to the effect that if any further towns are wantonly destroyed in the German retreat, the same number of German towns and cities will be deliberately destroyed in retaliation.

Perhaps if Germany knew that Heidelberg and other cities were to be destroyed by the allies when the final victory comes, they would not be so ready to destroy the cities they are now being forced to abandon.

Cologne has a famous cathedral which took centuries to build. If the allies were to threaten to deliberately destroy that historic pile, the Germans would have no reasonable complaint to make, for the cathedral at Rheims represented the faith of the French people, their historic past and their noble present.

Already the Germans have despoiled the people of Belgium of all the portable property they could find, and, from the crown prince down to the lowest private, all have taken part in this deliberate robbery of a whole nation, nothing being too small or insignificant for some thrifty German to send home.

There are rich treasures in Germany, and when the allies finally beat the Germans to their knees, as will soon happen, these treasures will be at the mercy of the allies. Will the Germans expect the allied soldiers to treat them better than they treated the Belgians and French?

The answer, astounding as it may be, is yes. The Germans know that the allied armies, even the plucky little Serbs, are more decent than the Germans and have more rudimentary ideas of what constitutes honesty.

Robbery, by wholesalers and retail, has been a German failing for many centuries. The present ruling house is descended from a robber baron who got his start in life by robbing the merchants who passed his doors. Many a baronial castle in Germany still contains "relics" in the way of loot from the Holy Land and other places where the German "nobles" made war in the medieval fashion, the peasantry receiving the knocks and the nobles the knif-knacks.

The Franco-Prussian war was the first for many years in which the German instinct which taught them to pick up "inconsidered trifles" was given full play. The houses of the French were robbed of everything that was of value, and up to the present nothing has been returned.

The various museums and art galleries of Germany are filled with paintings and sculptures stolen from their French possessors. The houses of the nobles are enriched with objects of art which no German was ingenious enough to create and which no German was foolish enough to buy

when it could be stolen from a neighbor.

Even the orchards and vineyards of France were ruined in 1870, just as they were in 1917. There are parts of France which were for years without any fruit than that which was imported because the Germans had passed that way in 1870.

Loot, indemnities, the "spoils of war"—all these are natural prerogatives of the German soldier—in his own opinion at least. And when he cannot possess or carry away anything, he destroys it so that no one else shall possess it.

Thousands of barrels of wine were caved in because the German soldiers could hold no more, nor could their canteens. Houses that were finer in taste and decoration than anything to be found across the Rhine were turned into pig sties—or what is much the same, barracks for German soldiers—and wantonly burned after they could no longer hold them.

The situation calls for retaliation, and perhaps that is the only way to reach the Germans' inner consciousness. They laugh at the idea that it is wrong to steal, and they ruin what they cannot carry away. Let their property be subjected to the same rule of warfare, and see how long they would continue to follow it.

MEXICAN OIL INDUSTRY.

In view of the shortage of tank ships, the petroleum producers of Mexico are casting about to find some way of getting their oil out to a market, and the latest move is to ask permission of the government to use the railways into the United States for the transportation of the oil.

Laredo is suggested as the most logical route, because of its nearness to the oil fields and because of the network of railways which are attainable from this city.

Here again there is a difficulty. There are very few tank cars in Mexico, and the only way to secure the transportation of petroleum by rail would be to get all the tank cars available from this country and ship them into Mexico at such times and in such quantities as could be handled with ease.

There is no doubt that the United States and its allies need the petroleum. The scarcity of tank ships has prevented the shipment of much oil that was already pumped, and some time ago it was necessary to destroy the low grade oil near Tampico in order to get more storage space for the high grade oils.

There is little doubt of the Mexican government acceding to the request of the oil producers as at present the production of oil gives the greatest revenue to the government, and the further use of the railways would also add to the government's income.

The transportation of oil through Laredo would also add a great deal to the revenue of the American railways, and the additional locomotives to handle the traffic would no doubt be forthcoming as soon as the plan was completed.

It would be a good thing for the people of the United States to have this oil, which now cannot be transported for lack of tank ships. Our allies need the oil, as do we also. Some of the companies operating in the Tampico region are American, and now that the decree of February, 1917, has been modified, they stand to make some money if they can get their oil out to a market.

It is important that there be no delay in furnishing fuel oil for the allied navies. The Dutch ships will not leave their harbors. The British and French ships, as well as the American, are engaged in other work at present, and only when the oil reaches an Eastern port is it available for shipment to Europe.

It is to be hoped that the two governments will realize the necessity of doing something in this line, and that the railways of both nations will be available for the shipment of petroleum from Tampico, where there is a large stock on hand, only awaiting means of transportation. And as soon as the storage capacity is once more available, there will be an increased production.

There is nothing for Laredo in the new business, except the prestige of being the most available port. Of course, the increased traffic would necessitate a few more yard employees, but we cannot expect any great financial advantage from the shipment through this port.

Every additional bit of business passing through Laredo, however, is a boost for our city. The time is coming when this will be one of the great ports of entry in the United States, as it once was before revolution in Mexico destroyed the bulk of the business.

Eventually there will be a good petroleum business built up in this section, as it is believed that we have deposits of oil within easy transportation distance of Laredo.

But for the present, it would be a good idea for the Laredo Chamber of Commerce to investigate this matter and see what they can do to further the desires of the oil producers. It means business for Laredo, it means a further attraction to the natural gateway to Mexico, and it will eventually mean good to our country.

If some of this traffic can be diverted to Laredo by the rail route, it will mean a continued business in the future, for it will be some time yet until the tank can be used to advantage from Tampico to United States ports.

WRIGLEY'S

For Victory Buy Liberty Bonds

We will win this war—
Nothing else really matters until we do!



The Flavor Lasts

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

OCTOBER 7.

1818—David Stone, governor of North Carolina and United States senator, died at Hope, N. C. Born there, Feb. 1, 1779.

1839—Address of thanks from creditors of late Duke of Kent to Queen Victoria for having paid his debts amounting to \$250,000.

1857—Louis McLane, President Jackson's secretary of the treasury, died in Baltimore. Born at Smyrna, Del. May 28, 1786.

1868—Gen. William Gates, the U. S. army officer who captured the Indian chief Osceola, died in New York City. Born in Massachusetts in 1788.

1870—In the last great sortie from Metz the French were repulsed by the Germans after severe conflicts.

1878—The Austrians completed the occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

1914—Japanese captured Yap in the Caroline group.

1915—Russian cruisers bombarded the Bulgarian port of Varna.

191—A German submarine made an unexpected appearance at Newport, R. I.

Sour Stomach.

Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

GERMAN PAPERS STOP.

New York, Oct. 5.—Since the beginning of the war 3,582 German newspapers and magazines have discontinued publication either permanently or temporarily. This is officially announced by the German postal authorities, says the Berlin Tageblatt. In the same period 1,765 new publications were begun. The total number of newspapers and magazines in Germany at 9,000.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

OCTOBER 7.

Brigadier General March B. Stewart, who is in command of the American forces forming a part of the Allied army which is penetrating Russia from the northern coast, is one of the youngest officers of his grade in the United States Army. He also is regarded as one of the most efficient infantry officers in the United States military establishment.

Gen. Steuart is a graduate of the Army War College and has seen service in Cuba and the Philippines and on the Mexican border. He formerly was an instructor at West Point and at Plattsburg. Soon after the United States entered the war he was made chief of staff of the Seventy-Sixth Division at Camp Devens, where his work won him a lieutenant colonelcy.

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

THE IMPORTANCE OF CHILDREN.

Saving child life is a war measure, if anything is a war measure. A government that permits the prices of milk and eggs to go beyond reach of the children is neglecting important service. It is true that supply and demand may cause eggs, for example, to be selling for 50 cents a dozen, and that if trade predictions come true they will be selling for a dollar a dozen before snow flies. But when it comes to conserving child life, to hell with supply and demand!—Birmingham News.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh.

BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

OCTOBER 7.

King Nicholas, the exiled sovereign of Montenegro, born in the village of Niegush, 77 years ago today.

Sir Philip Magnus, member of parliament and a noted authority on educational matters, born in London, 76 years ago today.

Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles, U. S. N., retired, noted naval architect and shipbuilder, born at Springfield, Mass., 60 years ago today.

Joseph E. Ransdell, recently renominated for United States senator from Louisiana, born at Alexandria, La., 60 years ago today.

Frederick N. Judson of St. Louis, who is regarded as one of the foremost lawyers of America, born at St. Mary's, Ga., 73 years ago today.

Walker Cochran, celebrated professional billiard player, born at Manson, Iowa, 22 years ago today.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

LACK SOLIDARITY.

By Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 5.—Internal political weakness in Germany is contrasted by the Cologne Gazette with the solidarity of the Entente allies on the Western front. The papers bemoan the lack in Germany of "something like steel in the wall," along the German front.

"Our interior front has always showed gaps," says the Gazette. "It seemed as if we lack a certain spiritual cement which kept the others together despite the blows our victories gave them in these four years."

"The English interior front, as soon as an external enemy has to be fought is gapless and without weaknesses."

Danger of a moral collapse in Germany evidently is foreseen, for the Gazette says, "only one thing could rob us of victory; the crumbling up of the interior front."

"The most serious menace of this internal front is declared to be the doctrinaires to be found in all parties and classes of society. The paper declares that such men as Prince Lichnowsky, formerly German Ambassador to London who wrote a memorandum accusing Germany of beginning the war, and Maximilian Harden, editor of Die Zukunft whose paper was suppressed for defending Prince Lichnowsky, as well as some of the Socialist leaders in the Reichstag should be removed from political positions."

Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

"PROFITEER."

A species of animal lower than the thermometer in Saskatchewan on a wintry night. One with the desire of Midas and the stoney-heartedness of Wilhelm, covering it with a veneer of patriotism, which causes one to regret that Benedict Arnold is held up as the model of his line, says Harold Blake Schurman.

The profiteer combines the "worst" attributes of the "worst" animals. He has the cunning of the fox with the fiendishness of the wolf; he can "play possum" so realistically one imagines the Virginia woods; chameleonlike, he resembles a woman's meeting—varying every turn; unlike the hyena which digs into African graves, he would save himself that trouble, for being responsible for those graves, he would first see that nothing was buried that might be "profitable." And for snakelike qualities he would make the Garden of Eden variety appear so harmless that old Father Adam would wonder how the "trouble" ever started.

But withal the profiteer has made one great contribution to science. He has conclusively proved that Darwin was wrong—"Man didn't originate from the lower animals; the lower animals came from man."

Heal Skin Diseases

It is unnecessary for you to suffer with eczema, blotches, ringworm, rashes and similar skin troubles. A little zemo, obtained at any drug store for 35c, or \$1.00 for extra large bottle, and promptly applied will usually give instant relief from itching torture. It cleanses and soothes the skin and heals quickly and effectively most skin diseases.

Zemo is a wonderful, penetrating, disappearing liquid and is soothing to the most delicate skin. It is not greasy, is easily applied and costs little. Get it today and save all further distress. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

HALFWAY MARK IS REACHED AND NOW HEADED FOR GOAL

COMMITTEES HARD AT WORK TO GET WEBB COUNTY OVER TOP.

If Those Who Can Afford to Take Large Amounts Will Do So Quota Will be Secured This Week.

With two full weeks to complete the quota of \$523,900 assigned as the quota of Webb county in the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign, the committees today began work on the home stretch in an earnest manner, for the end of the first week of the campaign, or the first one-third of the quota subscribed, and if the committees meet with the same success in the forthcoming days that they have in the past week the quota should be subscribed by next Saturday night, but this appears impossible at the present time, in view of the fact that the larger subscriptions have contributed to bringing the amount of the subscriptions to the figure attained.

Are there some surprise big subscriptions in sight? Let us hope, then, that such a surprise will materialize and that by next Saturday night the committees will find their work "dangerously" near the goal, for then they will have an entire week left in which to complete the amount. While there have been a number of large subscribers of amounts from \$50,000 to \$11,000, there are many others who are evading their duty and not doing likewise—not putting themselves down on the subscription list for the amount that they should. If about twenty others who could afford to take from \$5,000 to \$10,000 in Liberty Bond subscriptions would do like others have done, Webb county would be able to chronicle gladsome news to the rest of the country by next Saturday night that Laredo and Webb county have gone "over the top" and exceeded the quota assigned to them in the Fourth Liberty Bond.

Some believe that the quota will be secured, while there are others who confidently believe that Webb county will again fall down in her Liberty Bond subscriptions like in the other three issues. If such a thing does happen again it will be a disgrace to Webb county. With all the victories that have come to the American forces and the fact that they have the Kaiser and his allies on their knees right now begging for peace terms, everybody should feel enthusiastic and go their limit in the bond subscriptions just to show the outside world that the "stay at homes" are behind their fighting men "over there." Come across with your subscriptions this week, folks.

Big Meeting Tonight.

We have started on the second week of the Fourth Liberty Loan. Webb County, principally Laredo has subscribed for about \$265,000 or one half of its quota. Good work so far, and the subscribers and the several committees deserve unstinted praise. The hardest part of the work is now before us. THE QUOTA MUST BE RAISED. The money is here. The problem is how to get it.

Work so far has been done by the committees on the allotment cards only. It is now certain that the allotments made by the committee were far too small in most cases. A good deal of the work must be done over and we must start at once. Subscribers must be asked to double and in many cases to treble their subscriptions in order to complete our quota.

A meeting of the Council of Defense and of all Liberty Loan and soliciting committees and workers is called at 8 p. m. THIS EVENING AT THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. Two of our Ward Chairmen have been called out of town on business. Several workers have been reported this morning down with the influenza. Their places must be filled. New energetic workers are needed right now. Every loyal citizen who wants to see our city go OVER THE TOP is asked to volunteer his services in a house to house and store to store campaign. Those willing to do their share in this VICTORY LOAN are asked to meet with the committees tonight and work will be assigned to them.

Workers who can call on our Mexican friends are especially asked to volunteer their services. There is work for every one who is willing to help Uncle Sam.

The purchase of bonds does not exempt any one from work in selling more or from buying more himself if he can possibly do so.

THE GRAND NEWS FROM OVER THERE indicates that this may be the last chance to HELP WIN THE WAR, and the MAN or WOMAN who allows VICTORY to come before he or she has done his bit, is going to have a mighty sad future to look forward to, as no one with any self respect is going to get any pleasure out of a victory, if he has turned down every chance offered him to help win the victory.

A GOOD STRONG MEETING is desired tonight at 8 p. m. at THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

W. J. SAMES, Chairman.

Subscribe for THE TIMES 95 cts. per month.

REPRESENTATIVES COMING FOR BIG MEETING TOMORROW

FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICERS HEADED FOR LAREDO.

Will Meet Workmen of This Section in Preliminary Conference at Soldiers Club Tomorrow Night.

Clemente N. Ibar, who has been placed in charge of local arrangements for the big International Labor Conference to be held in this city on November 13 to 16 inclusive, today received telegrams notifying him that Herman Ross, of the American Federation of Labor, and Organizer Baker of the International Confectionery Workers' Union, would reach here tomorrow afternoon from New York for the purpose of holding a public preliminary meeting with all the organized labor and other workmen of this section, at which preliminary matters concerning the big conference will be fully discussed and the workmen informed on the purposes of the conferences and also what arrangements Laredo must make for the coming big event.

American and Mexican workmen, union and non-union, are invited to attend the meeting tomorrow, which will be held in the Soldiers' Club, second floor of the Little building, corner Farragut and Convent, beginning at 8 p. m. Addresses in both Spanish and English will be made.

The international conferences to be held in Laredo next month promises to be one of the most important ever held, attended by many prominent officials, including President Wilson, President Carranza of Mexico, governors of all states of this country, representatives from Central and South America, officials of the American Federation of Labor, officials of the Mexican Federation of Labor and other representative men.

FOOD ADMINISTRATION LAW HAS TEETH.

Bulletin No. 797 states that C. Saledno and L. Giametta, retail grocers of Houston, have been penalized by closing of the establishments for two days for violation of food administration regulations in selling flour and butter at an excessive profit.

Eleven heads of Houston families among them the most prominent in the city were summoned "before the enforcement division of the Food Administration because of exceeding their family allotment of sugar on basis of two pounds per person per month. All were required to sign the following pledge:

"I admit that during the month of September I purchased for my household uses more than my allotment of two pounds of sugar per person per month. I have no intentions of violating the regulations of the Food Administration and I willingly agree to make up for this excess during the next month if necessary."

Seven orders for trial in cases of violations of the Food Administration regulations with reference to excess profits on butter have been called over the State at a number of different cities.

Frequent warnings may not be agreeable but if they are heeded they will certainly prevent a great deal of embarrassment and trouble.

LAREDO MERCHANTS ASSN.

THE INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC HAS HIT LAREDO VERY HARD

All Institutions of Business in the City Feel the Presence of the Ailment in Their Official Family.

There is hardly an institution or commercial branch in Laredo that has not felt the presence of the epidemic of Spanish influenza or grip the past few days—in fact some places are strictly up against it because of members of their official family or clerical force being in bed nursing a case of the ailment.

The postoffice force, perhaps, has suffered more than any other from the ailment, and at one time there were only two left in the office to do the work of about a dozen, and in consequence the patrons of the office necessarily suffered delay in the distribution of the mails. Even the force of carriers "have it," and mail deliveries have been out of the question. The banks of the city, business establishments of other kinds, etc., have all felt that the influenza had not overlooked some of their force.

Even The Times office has its list of victims, including the business manager, editorial writer, society editor, foreman, office boy and office cat—but all are on the road to recovery. The Times reporter hasn't had time to get it yet.

S. O. St.—At noon today one of The Times carrier boys gave way to the influenza and has taken to bed. If anybody misses their paper because of this last case it will not be the fault of The Times, for it is indeed lucky that the paper can issue at all today.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

DISTRICT COURT CONVENES FOR EIGHT WEEKS SESSION

FOLLOWING THIS COMES ANOTHER SESSION OF COURT.

The Grand Jury Was Empanelled This Morning and is Now at Work; Has Material to Work on.

The October term of district court for Webb county in the Forty-ninth Judicial District was convened at the county courthouse in this city this morning by Judge J. F. Mullally, and the following officers of the court were in attendance: District Attorney John A. Valls, District Clerk Ochoa, Sheriff Salinas and Court Reporter Seb S. Wilcox, together with members of the local and outside bars. The following grand jury was empanelled for the term.

August C. Richter, foreman; R. E. Welhausen, M. A. Hirsch, P. J. McMahon, C. M. Fish, Reuben W. Davis, L. R. Ortiz, Steve Simon, Leopoldo Villegas, B. M. Alexander, C. C. Biggio and B. J. Leyendecker.

The present term of the court will endure for eight weeks. The grand jury began work immediately after being empanelled this morning and will direct its deliberations to matters which will be called to their attention by the district attorney. There are quite a few cases awaiting action by the grand jury, including a number of cases wherein the defendants are charged with violation of the liquor laws, some of the accused parties being out on bail, while others are confined in jail pending action on their cases.

The present term of district court will continue in session until Saturday, November 30, when it will adjourn. On Monday, December 2, or two days later, the second consecutive session of the court will be convened for another eight weeks, another grand jury will be empanelled and put to work and thus sixteen continuous weeks of district court will be held in Webb county.

This morning following the empanelling of the grand jury the court took up the call docket and set a number of civil cases for trial during the term.

In his charge to the grand jury this morning District Judge Mullally directed special attention to the new law on general diseases.

W. S. S.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End them.

When the back aches and throbs, When housework is torture, When night brings no rest nor sleep.

When urinary disorders set in, Women's lot is a weary one. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Have proved their worth in Laredo. This one Laredo woman's testimony.

Mrs. T. Guernsey, 2016 Farragut St., says: "My kidneys didn't act right and I suffered from backaches. I also had nervous and dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the City Drug Co. gave me relief. I recommend Doan's to all sufferers from kidney troubles for they bring quick results."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Guernsey had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

W. S. S.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1529th day of the Great War. Today begins the year 1337 of the Mohammedan era.

The Supreme Court of the United States convenes today for the Fall term.

With a program of exercises modified to meet wartime conditions, the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary today will begin a celebration of its centennial.

Elaborate war exhibits by the Federal government will feature the Virginia State Fair opening today at Richmond and the Alabama State Fair at Birmingham.

The annual State convention of the Improved Order of Red Men in Iowa will assemble at Des Moines today and continue in session until Thursday.

Policies relating to highway improvements during the war will be discussed by the American Association of the State Highway Officials, meeting in annual session today at Chicago.

Under the auspices of the American Foundrymen's Association a great congress representing all branches of the metal manufacturing industry will meet in Milwaukee today for a week's session.

Denver is to be the meeting place today of the first of a series of fourteen provincial conferences of Catholics to prepare plans for the November campaign to raise a \$170,000,000 fund for united war activities.

W. S. S.

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

LOCAL NEWS

—A fine big boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William O. Martin, 1112 Loring Avenue, on Saturday. The young man will be named Guillermo Oliver Martin.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107, Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—With many business establishments short of the necessary help on account of the influenza, Laredo is experiencing a condition similar to that which prevailed here a number of years ago when a contagious disease put numerous Laredo people in bed.

—Circle A Ginger Ale, wholesale and retail. John Gilligan, phone 311. 10-1-6t.

—Safety razor blades sharpened. Royal Cigar Stand. 10-2-1m.

—Japanese embroidered garments and linen for sale at Stowers furniture store Tuesday, October 8. 10-5-2t.

—Nuevo Laredo is keeping apace, or rather ahead of Laredo with the influenza. Quite a large number of cases are reported from that city, while a number of deaths have also occurred there. So far there has been only one fatal case of influenza in Laredo.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros. 2-11-tf.

—Circle A Ginger Ale, wholesale and retail. John Gilligan, phone 311. 10-1-6t.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—The importations through this port this morning from Mexico consisted of four carloads of textile.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-tf.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Circle A Ginger Ale, wholesale and retail. John Gilligan, phone 311. 10-1-6t.

—Some people are dodging both the Liberty Bond soliciting committees and the Spanish influenza. We don't blame them for trying to keep out of the reach of the influenza, but the Liberty Bond fever is a fine thing to get. Just try to get the fever and during your delirium dig down deep and take the limit in bond subscriptions.

—Phone 377 for fresh and clean Jersey milk. 9-28-tf.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-tf.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Jersey milk— aerated and cooled before bottling. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents. Phone 377. 9-28-tf.

—Asher R. Smith has formed a law partnership with J. D. Dodson, a prominent attorney of San Antonio, which city Mr. Dodson has been representing by special employment in civil cases in addition to his regular law practice. The firm name will be Dodson & Smith.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-tf.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Mrs. A. S. Roach has received a letter from her grandson, Sergt. John A. Gray, from "somewhere in France." He says they are delighted with the country and its climate, and that they are always singing: "The Texans Are Ready."

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

W. S. S.

Called Meeting Red Cross.

There will be a called meeting of the Webb County Chapter of the American Red Cross held at the Elks Hall this evening at 8:15 o'clock to meet Miss Katherine Gallagher, one of the field workers of the Red Cross.

ANITA BRULARD,
Secretary.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

The Hebrew Ladies Aid Society will meet Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Mrs. F. Wormser's. There will be an election of officers.

The dances which have been given on Monday evening at the Woman's Club will be discontinued until the quarantine is raised at Fort McIntosh.

The Sunbeam Band will meet at the Baptist church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Tuesday.

Alpha Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Dario Sanchez at 9:30 o'clock in the morning to do Red Cross work.

The Junior Auxiliary of the Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church will hold a business meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. All members are urged to be present.

Leaning and Lifting.

There are two kinds of people on earth today.

Just two kinds of people, no more, I say:

Not the saint and the sinner, for 'tis well understood

The good are half bad and the bad are half good;

Not the rich and the poor, for to count a man's wealth

You must first know the state of his conscience and health;

Not the humble and proud, for in life's little span

Who puts on vain airs is not counted a man;

Not the happy and sad, for the swift flying years

Bring each man his laughter and each man his tears.

No! the two kinds of people on earth I mean

Are the people who lift and the people who lean.

Wherever you go you will find the world's masses

Are always divided in just these two classes.

And oddly enough you will find, too, I ween,

There is only on lifter to twenty who lean.

In which class are you? Are you easing the load

Of overtaxed lifters who toil down the road?

Or are you a leaner who lets others bear

Your portion of labor and worry and care?

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

General Mention.

Miss Christine and Clifton Hill returned this morning from their home in Webb.

Mrs. J. F. Lynch leaves today for Eagle Pass, Texas.

Mr. Henry Sielski motored up from Eagle Pass on Saturday, and spent Sunday with his mother.

Mrs. Henry M. Curvello of Freeport, Texas, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. A. S. Roach. Mr. Curvello is at Camp Nicholls, Louisiana.

Mrs. J. A. Burnett, worthy matron of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., left yesterday for Houston, as a delegate to the Grand Chapter which convenes there tomorrow. Mrs. Burnett was accompanied by Mrs. E. J. Randolph, past grand matron of Texas.

Announcement.

The meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Episcopal church, which was scheduled for Wednesday afternoon, has been postponed until further notice.

Red Cross Workers Notice.

There is urgent need for hospital garments at Fort McIntosh. The doctors say fifty suits of pajamas are needed at once. Come to the work room at 607 Convent Avenue to sew or make button holes.

MARY MAUD WOODMAN,
Supervisor of Hospital Garments.

Red Cross Notes.

The Tuesday Knitting Club met Saturday at Mrs. P. A. Kerr's. The members passed a pleasant evening in knitting and conversation. Those present were: Mesdames Atlee, Eistetter, Hughes, Withoff, M. M. Leyendecker and the hostess.

B. R. D. A. Club.

The B. R. D. A. Club gave a charming entertainment Saturday afternoon at the home of Misses Maria and Blasa Flores, the hostesses being the Misses Flores and Miss Tomasa Guerra. Several games of dominoes were played, the first prize falling to Miss Refugio Zuniga, while Mrs. E. F. Peña secured the second prize. Ice cream

and cake were served, and then the club went into business session. It was decided to have the most simple entertainments hereafter. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Amalia Garcia, secretary, Miss Maria Flores.

The Liberty Loan Explained.

When you buy a Liberty Bond you are not giving your money. You are merely lending it to the United States Government. As long as it uses your money the government will pay you interest. The loan itself will be returned in the specified number of years. If you want it back sooner you can get it by selling your Bond. Safe places for savings are being sought in this hour of financial uncertainty. No vault in the world is as safe as Uncle Sam's promise to pay his debt to you. PUT YOUR SAVINGS INTO BONDS AND BONDS MAY SAVE YOUR SAVINGS FOR YOU.

Has Your Community A War Chest?

As far as I am able to learn, very few, if any, communities in the Southwestern Division have undertaken to raise money by means of the war chest plan. If that plan should be brought up in your community you are requested to oppose it as far as Red Cross is concerned, and if you are not thoroughly posted on the convincing arguments against it, please communicate promptly with the Division office and we will furnish them to you.

If at the present time a war chest plan is in existence in the jurisdiction of any Chapter, I request that I be notified promptly in order that I may discuss with the Chapter officials the matter of conserving the interests of the Red Cross.

GEORGE W. SIMMONS,
Manager.

Linen Shower for France.

A call has come to housewives of Laredo to contribute of their supply of linen for the hospitals in France. The request is a small one, and if everyone will send one or more articles of their reserve stock of linen, the quota can be met with little expense or trouble. Articles required are: Bath towels, 38x19 inches; hand towels, 18x30 inches; handkerchiefs, 18x18 inches; napkins, 14x14 inches; sheets, 64x104 inches. They must be new or substantially new, and of strong rather than of fine texture.

The laundering facilities abroad are poor and this, together with the hard and constant usage to which the articles will be subjected, make it clear that we would not be justified in using much-needed shipping space to send over anything but strong and durable articles. Everything must be laundered before sending it, whether it is new or not. Articles can be sent to the Red Cross Hospital Supply Room, or if more convenient, phone a member of the committee and they will collect them. Only a week is allowed for this work, so everyone is requested not to delay with their gift.

So far the women of Laredo have established a wonderful record for supporting the boys "over there," and it is expected that they will meet this shortage in hospital supplies with their usual generosity. The committee is: Mesdames M. T. Cogley, Joe Moser, S. M. Barlow, R. L. Muller, John Martin and Albert Martin.

TAXING THE LARDER.

The New York Sun is just a little perturbed at the possibility of "killing the Liberty Bond market with unsound and unjust taxation."

The people of this country are also slightly worried lest the Liberty Bond market be killed by unsound and unjust taxation—laid upon the family larder by the high cost of groceries. The only thing that will keep the people of American homes from absorbing the "Fighting Fourth" loan will be the possibility that if they absorb the loan, they will be able to absorb little of those other important issues called bread and meat.

—Houston Post.

WOMAN FOR SENATE.

By Associated Press. Helena, Mon., Oct. 7.—Supporters of Miss Jeanette Rankin, representative in Congress from Montana, already have begun an active campaign in her behalf as a nominee for the United States Senate.

Miss Rankin recently accepted the nomination of the National Party for United States Senator from Montana after her defeat for the Republican nomination in the August primaries by Dr. O. M. Lanstrum, of Helena.

ALLIES WILL NOT DEVIATE ONE BIT

No Roundtable Conferring or Diplomatic Quibbling Now Wanted, But Germans and Their Allies Must Toe the Mark and Come to Our Terms.

Washington, October 7.—The official announcement of the attitude of the United States government on the peace proposals is still being withheld, but there is no abatement of the indications that if Germany seeks negotiations leading to a round-table conference and diplomatic quibbling that the offer of the kaiser's government and its allies will fall flat.

On the other hand, if Germany shows a willingness to accept without qualification of principles peace as repeatedly laid down by President Wilson and accepted by all the co-belligerents, the way is open to peace, with the withdrawal of all German troops from the invaded territory as the first requirement.

GERMAN REPLY COMING TO UNITED STATES NOW

By Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The newest peace proposal of the German government, as quoted in dispatches from Amsterdam, differs from the proposition emanating from Vienna in tone and wording, but not in substance.

Both governments accept Wilson's principal terms, not as a basis of peace, but simply as that for negotiations. The Washington-Swiss legation today received the German note to the United States and it will be transmitted immediately to this country.

W. S. S.

HINDENBURG QUIT'S AFTER INTERVIEW

HIM AND THE BEAST OF BERLIN

GOT MIXED UP IN A HEATED INTERVIEW.

'TIS SAID.

By Associated Press.

London, Oct. 7.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has tendered his resignation as chief of the German general staff following a heated interview with Emperor Wilhelm.

It is said that Von Hindenburg declared that a retreat on a large scale was impossible to avoid and this angered the kaiser, states a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam.

W. S. S.

MOVING PICTURE TRAINING.

By Associated Press.

With the American Forces in France, Oct. 7.—Before going into battle German soldiers in certain instances are shown pictures of the country through which they are supposed to pass during a proposed advance. Information reached the American officers recently that moving pictures had been put on the screen for the benefit of the Germans who took part in the offensive which started July 15 in the Marne country, the pictures showing certain stretches of land so as to familiarize the advance with the terrain. Some of the wooded districts and fields shown on the films were never reached by the Germans owing to the counter attack of the French and Americans which began on the morning of July 18, completely upsetting the German plans.

W. S. S.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 92 degs.

Min. temp. 70 degs.

General direction of wind: Southeast.

Partly cloudy.

W. S. S.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29-tf.

The note from Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian minister, was presented to Secretary of State Lansing at 10:30 this forenoon by Minister Exengron of Sweden, but the exact nature of the note has not yet been divulged.

Discussing Germany's peace offer on the floor of the senate today, Senator Lodge said: "An armistice at this time would mean the loss of the war and all that we have fought for."

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska followed Lodge up with the suggestion that it be advocated that we add to the principals already laid down by President Wilson one provision providing that the allies deal only with real representatives of the German people.

Strong Resolution.

A resolution providing that before the United States agrees to an armistice that Germany must disband her army and surrender the navy, arms and ammunition, pay for damages to cities and country devastated, restore Alsace Lorraine to France with the penalty exacted in 1870, was introduced in the senate by Senator McCumber of North Dakota today.

Are Against Armistice.

London, Oct. 7.—No armistice will be granted to the Central Powers until there is complete evacuation by them of all allied territory, with a cessation of the destruction and burning of allied cities, is the opinion of foreign diplomats of high rank who have been questioned for opinions regarding the speeches of Maximilian.

The Deliverance of Rheims.

With the French Army, Oct. 7.—French troops have crossed the Supte river to the eastward of Orlanville and have reached the outskirts of Basean Court and Bous-sur-Supte after severe fighting. At Clement-Arnes heavy losses have been inflicted upon the enemy, who are now retreating in disorder. Today's fighting completed the deliverance of Rheims from the Germans.

Germans Still Retreating.

With the British Army in France, Oct. 7.—In their advance after the retreating Germans, the British occupied many towns today. The Germans are still in full retreat along the sector of the front from Cambrai to Lens. The Germans are still continuing their work of destruction and many additional fires are being observed about Raubourbin, in the neighborhood of Lille.

Americans Fighting Hard.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Slight advances were made yesterday by the American forces between Meuse and Bois des Ognons during heavy infantry fighting according to reports from General Pershing today. He also reported increased artillery activity everywhere on both sides.

Bulgarian Division Surrendered.

Paris, Oct. 7.—The commander of the Eleventh Bulgarian division has surrendered his entire force to the allied troops in Macedonia. This division is composed of two brigades and with its surrender a large quantity of war material fell into the hands of the allies.

W. S. S.

Still Has Onion Seed.

Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516.

NO WAX.

9-26-tf.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

DELUDE THE GERMANS BY TELLING THEM LIES

By Associated Press.

Berlin, Oct. 7.—Emperor Wilhelm, in a proclamation issued to the German army and navy, dated October 6, states the following:

"The Macedonian front has crumbled, but our front has not been broken and will not be. I have decided, in accord with my allies, to again offer peace, but it will be only honorable peace for which we extend our hand."

W. S. S.

BIG CONSTRUCTION CAMP THREATENED

FIRE OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN NEAR

NO ARMISTICE.

It was a foregone conclusion that the allied governments would refuse the offer of an armistice made by Germany. The allies are now in a position to dictate terms, and they do not propose to lose the advantages they have gained for a problematical peace on discussed terms. In fact the only peace terms which will now be accepted will be unconditional surrender.

There are several reasons for our refusal to treat of an armistice. One is that Germany needs the time for further military preparations, and she would not hesitate to so use the time granted, despite her solemn promises. German treachery is amusing to Germans, while to other people it is disgusting. And the Germans would be naively amused at our childish faith in believing that they would be bound by any agreement not to continue military measures.

Another reason for refusing the armistice is that the allied troops are not animated by their constant gains in every sector, and to halt them at present, except for very grave reasons, would be to destroy the advantages which they have gained.

The offer by Germany of an armistice is so palpably a trick that no one in his sober senses could dream of accepting it. Even the armistice with Bulgaria did not prevent that treacherous country from destroying everything in its retreat, while the Serbians were forced to look on and do nothing.

It appears that whenever any nation once forms an alliance with Germany it learns new treachery and deceit, and those who have fought in Europe are convinced that there is no savage tribe, no degraded cannibals, who are to be dreaded for treachery as much as is Germany.

If Germany really wants to discuss peace terms, the way is open to her by first withdrawing her troops from the occupied territory and then asking for an armistice. If Germany were victorious—which she has never been at any time during the war—she might be able to dictate the terms of peace. But she is now in possession of invaded territory, she is so thoroughly convinced that she is whipped that she wants to secure all the advantages she can before surrendering, and she is still endeavoring to cover the nakedness of her position with the cloak of deceit.

As to Germany's demands for the return of her colonies, that is only the cheap John chattering which she is in the habit of using in all her diplomatic relations. Whatever else Germany is, she never forgets that she is the real petty trader of the world.

Germany does not expect the return of her colonies. In fact, she will be very much satisfied if she is permitted to retain her present continental territory, without Poland or any other of the provinces she has seized or secured through treaties.

But Germany is always in the position of asking more than she expects. It is for this reason that she cannot understand the attitude of the United States. She believes that we are asking more of her than we shall insist upon when the time comes to make the peace treaties. But she will find that the United States does not conduct business in that way. The one price system is marked up over all our doors of diplomacy. Either that or nothing.

It is probable that when Germany realizes there is only one way to deal with us, she will proceed to lay her approaches after a different fashion. But she will always attempt to be "diplomatic"—that is, to chaffer over advantages to be offered and accepted.

To grant an armistice at the present moment with Germany would be to betray our allies and to make of no account the sacrifice of our own people. We are engaged in a campaign to raise another war loan. What would the people think if, when they are asked to make the greatest sacrifices, our government should listen to the Lorelei of the Rhine, and accede to the terms demanded by Germany?

But we need not be afraid. Our government, in concert with our allies, is not going to give any advantage to Germany, and we shall hold all we have until the day of the final surrender of the Huns.

LIBERTY LOAN IS GOING SLOW.

According to telegraphic advices from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo in Washington, the first seven days of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign throughout the country has netted only twenty-two per cent of the total bond issue and the remaining seventy-eight per cent must be secured within the remaining eleven days if the people of this country are to meet the amount specified as the Fourth Liberty Loan—a total of six billion dollars.

Everywhere throughout the country reports come that the committees are hard at work, but that they have not met with the encouragement that they expected at this time as a result of the great turn for the best that activities in Europe had taken and brought brilliant success to the American and other allied forces. Even in the East, where patriotism is most pronounced at all times, the

progress of the Fourth Liberty Loan is not what was expected, as the campaign workers anticipated an oversubscribing of the loan very quickly.

From all quarters come complaints that the wealthier people of the country are not responding with subscriptions that were expected from them, but on the other hand have placed the minimum amounts instead of the maximum sums opposite their names on the subscription lists. Here in Texas, according to the various reports published in the newspapers of the communities, the men who are considered the wealthiest in those communities have not done their part, and the greatest showing in bond subscriptions in all quarters is being made by the men of moderate means and the salaried men and women. Every community is praising the liberality of its citizens who are their living by the "sweat of their brow," for these people are the ones who, realizing that they can not go "over there" to do their bit, know that by subscribing to the bonds and investing their money with Uncle Sam, they are not only doing a patriotic duty, but are putting away money that will come back to them with good interest on the investment. Even the wealthier class should realize this fact—that what they take in Liberty Bond subscriptions at this time is merely a loan and that that loan is backed by the most substantial security on earth, the U. S. treasury. It is hoped that during the remaining days of the bond campaign patriotic Americans will awaken to the fact that the Fourth Liberty Loan must be forthcoming even if we have the Central Powers on their knees begging for peace terms.

FIRE SAFETY DAY LATER.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 8.—For the first time since the custom was inaugurated more than ten years ago, the anniversary of the Chicago fire will pass tomorrow without the usual nationwide observance of Fire Prevention Day. It is the desire of the national and State authorities to have the day observed more generally this year than ever before, owing to the necessity for preventing fire waste during a time when the country is in greater need than ever before of all its resources. To aid in this general observance it was therefore decided that the plan could be carried out more efficiently after the Liberty Loan campaign was concluded. It has therefore been agreed that Fire Prevention Day shall be observed this year on Nov. 2, instead of on October 9 as heretofore.

CANNED GOODS NEEDED TO SUSTAIN THE ARMY

Canners of tomatoes, corn, peas, salmon, and string beans have been notified by the U. S. Food Administration that the requirements of the U. S. army, navy and marine corps will take the following percentage of the 1918 pack:

Tomatoes: The navy and marine corps will take 33 1/3 per cent of the packs of Delaware and New Jersey, the army will take 33 1/3 per cent of the packs of all other States.

Corn: The navy and marine corps will take 25 per cent of the canned corn packs of Maryland, Nebraska, and Pennsylvania; the army will take 25 per cent of the packs of the other States.

Peas: Allotments for 25 per cent of the total pack of 1918 have been made.

Salmon: The salmon canning industry has been instructed to reserve for the government 65 per cent of their total packs of red, medium red and pink salmon; 55 per cent of the total pack of Chum salmon, and 20 per cent of the total pack of Stockeye salmon.

Beans: The string bean packers have been instructed to reserve for the government 25 per cent of their total packs of green and wax beans.

It will be understood that such reservations are made from the stocks of commercial canners and home packs are not referred to whatever. One of the principal elements entering into the federal campaign to have housewives put up canned vegetables was to lighten the home drain on stocks of canned goods originating at the canners. Every can or jar of tomatoes, peas, corn and beans put up in the home gives from a fourth to a third of a can to the army, navy, and marine corps.

W. S. S.
Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

IS LAREDO'S OPPORTUNITY AND CITY SHOULD GET BUSY

MANY HIGH OFFICIALS COMING HERE DURING NOVEMBER.

Presidents of United States and Mexico Among Them, and All Should Be Entertained While Here.

On November 13, and continuing to the 16th inclusive, there will be held in Laredo one of the most important international conferences that has occurred in the history of this country. This will be international Labor Conference, attended by representatives of the American Federation of Labor, the Mexican Federation of Labor, labor representatives from Central and South America, while it is intimated that both President Wilson of this country and President Carranza of Mexico will honor the assemblage with their presence and be here for a day or two to participate in the deliberations. The governors of the various states of the country have been invited to attend and many of them have signified their intention of being present.

This great labor conference will discuss and take action on numerous matters of international importance that at this time concerns the laboring classes of the American continent—matters that will be discussed in their fullness and a comprehensive agreement reached between the representatives of labor from the United States, Mexico, Central and South America—representatives of the Pan-American Labor Congress as it were.

The meeting in Laredo will bring many prominent officials to this city and it behooves the people of Laredo to get busy and plan for their entertainment, for it will mean one of the most valuable advertisements that this community could get. Messrs. Ross and Baker, two officials of the American Federation of Labor are now in Laredo and will hold a meeting in this city at the Soldiers' Club this evening beginning at 8 o'clock at which they will discuss matters of a preliminary character dealing with the forthcoming international conference. All workmen of this section—union and non-union, Mexican and American, are urged to be present and at which explanation will be made of subjects that will come up for final action at the conference here next month.

While Messrs. Ross and Baker are here it would be well for a committee of Laredo citizens to call on them and ascertain what arrangements Laredo should make for the accommodation and entertainment of the several hundred prominent officials and labor delegates who will come to this city next month. This is Laredo's opportunity to make good as a convention city. Get busy!

HER TRIP TO IDAHO

SPRING A FAILURE

MRS. RICHARDS COULDN'T WALK FOR TWO YEARS—GOES ANYWHERE SHE WANTS TO SINCE TANLAC RELIEVED TROUBLES.

"I have actually spent three hundred dollars for medicines of different kinds—my druggist said I was the best customer he had—but nothing seemed to reach my case until I began using Tanlac," said Mrs. A. M. Richards, 893 13th Street, Denver, Colorado.

"Three years ago," she continued, "I began suffering with rheumatism and stomach trouble. The rheumatism was inflammatory and, while it affected me all over, I suffered mostly in my hands and feet. Medicines failed to help me and I went to Idaho Springs for treatment but came back no better. For two years I couldn't walk—some days I couldn't use my arms at all—and when I went to the Springs I had to take a lady with me to help me along. My stomach was in a dreadful condition and I was weak, nervous and dizzy.

"The results Tanlac has brought me have been nothing less than wonderful. Last winter I weighed just one hundred pounds and I am sure I weigh all of one hundred and twenty pounds now—and, oh, I do feel so much better. I can walk all over town, go anywhere I want to, look after my house without any trouble and just feel fine. I am already practically relieved of pain—the dizziness is all gone and I am in better shape than I have been in three years."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

W. S. S.
Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. E. J. CLENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

JUDGMENT WAS RENDERED IN FAVOR OF ARCHER PARR

COURT AT EDINBURG ORDERED HIS NAME PUT ON BALLOTS.

Copy of Judgment Served on County Clerks and Election Boards; Case Goes to Court Civil Appeals.

The contested election case brought by State Senator Archer Parr against D. W. Glasscock to determine who was the Democratic nominee for state senator in this, the Twenty-third senatorial district, was tried before District Judge F. G. Chambliss at Edinburg on Saturday last and the court decided in favor of Senator Parr, and rendered judgment cancelling the certificate of nomination issued by the convention of Mr. Glasscock's supporters in Corpus Christi on August 24th last.

The court further enjoined all the election officers in the sixteen counties comprising this senatorial district from placing or printing the name of D. W. Glasscock as Democratic nominee on the official ballots to be used in the election to be held on November 5, and commanding such officers to place the name of Archer Parr thereon as such nominee. The judgment further directed the election officers to disregard and hold for naught the certificate issued in favor of Mr. Glasscock by the secretary of state to the various county clerks in the district.

This judgment is being sent by mail to each member of the election boards in each county in the 23d Senatorial District for their observance. Senator Parr's attorneys claim that the decision of the district court is final, but the attorneys for Mr. Glasscock gave notice of appeal and will attempt to get it into the court of civil appeals at San Antonio.

W. S. S.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirsten, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

W. S. S.
INDICTMENTS TURNED IN AGAINST BOOTLEGGERS.

Seven Bills Turned in By Grand Jury. Are Against Parties Charged With Violation of Liquor Laws.

The grand jury in district court which was empanelled at the beginning of the regular session of court yesterday morning and immediately began the work of ferreting out crime in this county, this morning returned its first batch of seven indictments, all being for violation of the liquor laws and one case against each of the following persons:

Agapito Barrera, Andres Ortiz, Cornelio Arechiga, Quirino Cantu, William Jones, Lorenzo Gonzales Cardenas and W. H. Stephen.

The grand jury is still at work and it is probable that a number of indictments against other parties for a similar offense will be returned before the session is terminated.

W. S. S.
Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

FIGHTING THE INFLUENZA IN AMERICA



To successfully combat the influenza, which has stricken a number of our army and navy boys, a special camp has been fitted up on the grounds of the Correy Hill hospital in Brookline, Mass. This picture shows one of the nurses using a mask as a protection against the disease, which is contagious.

HAS PASSED HALFWAY MARK BUT MUCH IS STILL LACKING

NEW COMMITTEE WORKERS TAKE PLACE OF SICK ONES.

The Sum of About \$248,000 is Still to Be Subscribed and That Amount Must Be Forthcoming.

With ten more working days left in which to complete the quota of Webb county in the Liberty Loan drive, the committees who are at work on the task, though handicapped by many of their co-workers being incapacitated by illness, are prosecuting the campaign with unrelenting vigor. With the total subscriptions up to noon today aggregating \$275,000, the committees are now hustling to raise the remaining \$248,000. Can we do it, is the question confronting the Liberty Loan campaign committee of this county.

Last night a meeting of the committees were held and it was ascertained that the epidemic of grip and influenza has played havoc here by incapacitating many members of committees, who have had to temporarily abandon the soliciting work and take to their beds. Substitutes were put in for the members who are ill, and these are working with the old committees to put Webb county "over the top."

There are a number of wealthy residents of Laredo and Webb county whose names should appear in the \$5,000 class who have not as yet come across with their subscriptions to that extent, but the committee have these under "surveillance" and at the proper time they will be told some things—later they will necessarily subscribe—either voluntarily or involuntarily, BUT THEY MUST COME ACROSS. Men who own hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of city or country property must do their part in this bond issue or it will be a failure so far as Webb county is concerned. There is some agitation to have the names of the delinquents in this respect published—played up, as it were, in order that the people know who they are, but this will not be done unless it is absolutely necessary to resort to this radical means of exposure.

There are ten days left in which to meet Laredo and Webb county's quota in the Liberty Bond issue. Can the quota be raised? It most certainly can, although some unusual means may necessarily be resorted to to accomplish this end. So you fellows who are deficient in your duty to your country get busy and subscribe to the bond issue RIGHT NOW.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH, Offices, Brannan Building, Laredo, Texas, October 7, 1918. 10-8-31.

W. S. S.
Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

ANOTHER MEMBER OF FIRM SUCCUMBS TO INFLUENZA

Death of Gregorio Lopez of G. Lopez & Co. is Followed By the Death of Partner, Colonel Moreno.

Colonel Genaro Moreno, a prominent business man of Nuevo Laredo, County Chapter of the Red Cross ex-military official and member of the firm of Gregorio Lopez & Co., died in Nuevo Laredo this morning of influenza. Colonel Moreno's death following that of Gregorio Lopez, the other member of the firm of G. Lopez field worker, who was called elsewhere.

Colonel Moreno was well and favorably known in this city, where on several occasions, as an intimate friend of General Reynaldo Garza, commander of the Nuevo Laredo garrison, he accompanied the general to this side and acted as personal interpreter for General Garza. During the various visitations of the Mexican military officials to this city Colonel Moreno was a member of the party and made many friends here who deeply deplore the news of his death.

W. S. S.
FIRST VICTIM OF AILMENT DIED IN LAREDO ON SUNDAY

Gregorio Lopez, Prominent Young Commission Broker, Succumbed to An Attack of Influenza.

The first fatality from the influenza epidemic prevailing here occurred Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock, when Gregorio Lopez, member of the firm of G. Lopez & Co., prominent commission brokers of this city, succumbed to an attack of influenza following an illness of about seven days.

Mr. Lopez was prominent in the business life of Laredo and had been engaged in business here the past four years. He was aged 25 years. Deceased is survived by his wife and two children, besides his mother, brothers and sisters and other relatives, all of whom have the sympathies of their numerous friends in their bereavement. The funeral took place from the home, 804 Hidalgo street, last evening at 6 o'clock under the auspices of Olive Camp, Woodmen of the World.

W. S. S.
FRED LIGARDE APPOINTED AS CHIEF DEPUTY SHERIFF

Miguel G. Benavides Resigns Office He Has Held Several Years as a Result of Failing Health.

On account of his impaired health, Miguel G. Benavides, who for several years past has held the position of chief deputy sheriff under Sheriff Antonio Salinas, has resigned from the position with the hopes that outdoor life will prove beneficial to his impaired health.

Fred. H. Ligarde, former postmaster of Laredo, has been appointed by Sheriff Salinas to fill the vacancy and will assume charge of his duties as chief deputy sheriff within the next day or two.

W. S. S.

KEPT HER AWAKE

The Terrible Pains in Back and Sides. Cardui Gave Relief.

Marksville, La.—Mrs. Alice Johnson, of this place, writes: "For one year I suffered with an awful misery in my back and sides. My left side was hurting me all the time. The misery was something awful.

I could not do anything, not even sleep at night. It kept me awake most of the night... I took different medicines, but nothing did me any good or relieved me until I took Cardui...

I was not able to do any of my work for one year and I got worse all the time, was confined to my bed off and on. I got so bad with my back that when I stooped down I was not able to straighten up again... I decided I would try Cardui... By time I had taken the entire bottle I was feeling pretty good and could straighten up and my pains were nearly all gone.

I shall always praise Cardui. I continued taking it until I was strong and well." If you suffer from pains due to female complaints, Cardui may be just what you need. Thousands of women who once suffered in this way now praise Cardui for their present good health. Give it a trial. NC-132

W. S. S.

IN THE DAYS' NEWS.

OCTOBER 8.

Today is the 50th birthday of Coleman L. Blease, who recent unsuccessful campaign for the Democratic senatorial nomination in South Carolina attracted much public attention. For a decade or more Mr. Blease has been a conspicuous figure in politics in South Carolina. He was governor of the State for two terms, from 1911 to 1915, when he resigned and resumed the practice of law. Previously he had been mayor of Newberry, his native city, and had served in both houses of the State legislature. Mr. Blease has gifts as an orator, and, during his administration as governor, kept himself and his policies before the bar of national public opinion by the dogmatic and unequivocal character of his deliverances.

LOCAL NEWS

—The called meeting of the Webb County Chapter of the Red Cross which was scheduled to have been held last evening at Elks Hall was postponed until further notice on account of the non-arrival of Miss Katherine Gallagher, the Red Cross field worker, who was called elsewhere.

—With all the sickness prevalent in Laredo at this time there need be no alarm, for out of the many "cases" reported three-fourths of them are merely "pure de grip," which makes one feel tough as the kaiser for a day or two and then it begins to wane, while some few people have the genuine influenza, but these are not many. The variation struck the Times force.

—This is the regular meeting night of the Elks, but on account of the epidemic of influenza there will be no meeting.

—The disease which has broken out in Nuevo Laredo appears to be something real serious—perhaps the worst stage of influenza or still worse. The death rate over there is quite heavy. One report states that a total of seventeen funerals were held in Nuevo Laredo Sunday and several more yesterday. Health officials on the American side of the Rio Grande are on the alert.

—All workmen in the city—union and non-union; American and Mexican—are invited to attend the meeting at the Soldiers Club tonight, when representatives of the American Federation will be present and address them. Representatives of the Chamber of Commerce should also attend and learn what this city can do for the entertainment of delegates and officials to the big international conference to be held here November 13 to 16.

W. S. S.

I. W. W. TRIALS IN CALIFORNIA.

Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 8.—Today has been fixed for beginning the trials of several score of members of the Industrial Workers of the World who are now confined in Sacramento, Los Angeles and Fresno jails under charges of having violated the Espionage Act. The defendants are accused, generally, with setting disastrous fires in numerous towns and communities of California within the period extending from July 20, 1917, to August 13, 1918, resulting in millions of dollars damage to crops, resources, industries and property. The indictments also specify conspiracy with Haywood and other leaders of the I. W. W. who were recently convicted in Chicago and are now serving prison sentences.

It has been intimated that the trials about to begin will disclose evidence connecting some of the defendants with the San Francisco Preparedness Day bomb plot, although the authorities have declined to state whether or not the trials will have any bearing on the Mooney case.

W. S. S.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

OCTOBER 8.

1793—John Hancock, first signer of the Declaration of Independence, died at Quincy, Mass. Born there, Jan. 12, 1737.

1818—Nathaniel Bowman consecrated Protestant Episcopal Bishop of South Carolina.

1866—Saxe-Meiningen joined the North German Confederation.

1868—Prince and Princess of Wales (King Edward and Queen Alexandra) laid the foundation stone for the University buildings in Glasgow.

1870—Gambetta escaped from Paris in a balloon to Rouen.

1889—The German Emperor inspected the British Channel Squadron at Kiel.

1914—The Germans captured Douai.

1915—Austro-German invaders hurled back on all parts of Serbian front in first fighting.

1916—Six merchant steamships (four British, one Norwegian and one Dutch) sunk off Nantucket by German submarine U-53.

ECKMANS' Calcerbs

FOR THROAT AND LUNGS
A Calcium compound that will bring relief in many acute and chronic cases. Provides in handiest form, a basic remedy highly recommended by science. Contains no harmful drugs. Try them today.
50 cents a box, including war tax
For sale by all druggists
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

Notice.
We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.
MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

From Thursday's Daily.

OUR DIPLOMACY.

If one takes into consideration what is usually regarded as "diplomacy" in Europe, particularly in the Central empires, it will not be thought complimentary to Americans to have our president's reply to the peace proposal of the German chancellor characterized as "diplomatic."

But the diplomacy of which we are naturally proud is the new sort of diplomacy, the sort we like to think shall prevail in the future when the war is over and the nations shall assemble on the basis of mutual trust and absolute truth as between nations.

One of the definitions given by Webster of "diplomacy" is: "Dexterity or skill in securing advantages; address or artfulness in the management of affairs."

But the usual idea among the European nations, especially the continental nations, is that diplomacy consists of shiftness, deceit, trickery, lies and secrecy—particularly secrecy. The United States government was the first to take the people into its confidence as to its diplomatic moves, and was therefore considered as incapable of an understanding of diplomacy; in fact, the slightest term "shirt-sleeve diplomacy" was used to stigmatize our intercourse with foreign nations.

Mr. Wilson's diplomacy in answering the peace proposal of the German chancellor consists of so stating a matter that it cannot be contravened. He merely put the matter squarely up to the German nation that there can be no doubt as to his attitude, which is accepted joyfully as that of the allied nations.

He, in effect, said: "If you accept our terms by withdrawing your troops from occupied territory, you will have convinced everybody of the sincerity of your intentions; if you do not, you will stand convicted as hypocrites."

Nothing so plain has ever before been said to Germany by any nation, and one can easily imagine the stupefaction of the German diplomats who were waiting for some insinuation of national advantage which Mr. Wilson wished as his price for agreeing to the German terms, which were not in any sense terms at all, but were thrown out as bait to induce the fish to rise.

Germany is used to the underground diplomacy of which some of her representatives have been past masters. She can conceive no reason for anyone laying his cards on the table, even when he has his opponent beaten. And she is searching in vain for that lost trick which she supposed she had so skillfully concealed in her sleeve, but which cannot be found at the proper moment.

There is a complete unanimity on the part of all the allied nations which cannot but be disheartening to Germany. There is no attempt to use the old diplomacy on the part of any of them. They all stand by President Wilson's utterances and this is what is particularly worrying Germany.

Get out and then wait for our answer to your terms, you Huns. We are not particularly anxious as to the result in either case. Your present submission will save us a few billions of dollars, a few thousands of lives and some painful moments; but we are sure to win in the end, and that is what is making you so anxious to get out while the getting is good.

There is little doubt what the answer of Germany will be. Prince Maximilian certainly cannot claim that he is speaking for the German nation; and we do not want to listen to anything from the German kaiser, except his humble acceptance of the peace terms laid down by Mr. Wilson last January, and since reiterated so plainly.

The kaiser naturally will not give until he is so thoroughly whipped that it can no longer be concealed from anyone. He will prate loudly of the blood on the hands of the allies in continuing a useless war, although he knows very well that it is going against him. And until he submits, or until the German people remove him and give their own answer, there can be no peace parleys on any terms whatever.

A QUESTION OF MORALE.

The victories being won by the Americans are merely a matter of morale—its possession on the part of our troops and the lack of it on the part of the Germans. The men are fired with a lofty purpose, and even wounds do not debar them from the firing line. They have been known to return from the temporary dressing stations with a makeshift bandage and again enter the fighting.

A corporal recently lost his way during the fighting. Picking his way back, he discovered a German dugout, and by his nerve he made ten officers and twenty-two privates—the entire field staff of a regiment—surrender and precede him into camp.

An entire battalion of Americans was "lost" for a few days in the Argonne forest. Although surrounded by Germans, they held their own with very few losses, and when rescued they were down to their last cartridges and without food, being so weak that some of them had to be carried. But they were still fighting.

It isn't merely the man who can fight splendidly while he is well supported who is a good soldier; it is the man who can fight even though he is

all alone against the enemy, and who can get up smiling from the surgical table and demand, "Let me at 'em!" The American fights so well because he is convinced that he is winning. He knows that the people at home are behind him, that the government will back him up with every ounce of power at its command, and he also knows that the enemy is already defeated, whether willing to acknowledge it or not, and that the doubtful soldier is always whipped before he starts.

Final victory will come to the allied arms as soon as the enemy is thoroughly convinced that trickery shall have no part in the settlement of the war. And our allies are a unit in demanding that the fight be carried on to the bitter end, until the Hohenzollern is so completely whipped that he can no longer hide the fact from his people.

The loss of morale among the Germans is not confined to the soldiers. For the past three years the people of Germany have been put to the greatest shifts to feed and clothe themselves. They have lacked fuel for heating their houses, for every available ton of coal or cord of wood has been devoted to one of two things—the manufacture of munitions or the luxury of the rich.

It is natural that a people who see their children starving while their masters revel in luxury of every sort should lose their animus for fighting. The German soldiers have been compelled to live off the conquered territory, and when these supplies ran low, they were but poorly fed from home.

The German prisoners of war in allied prison camps have had the best of the war at every point. They have been well fed, comfortably housed, well clothed, and they have not been forced to work at military labor. This has gradually come to the knowledge of the people at home, as well as of the soldiers in the field, and the result is that the Germans are losing their morale.

When a military prisoner gets better food and treatment than a soldier in the field, it is a great object lesson to those who are being abused by their officers and forced into desperate fighting.

The American soldiers are fed better than any other soldiers who ever took the field. They have not had to loot or commandeer food anywhere, and even the food given the prisoners under their charge is better than the German soldiers have had at any time during the war, except when they took a town and gorged on the food and wine they found.

All this goes a long way to establish the difference between the two armies, and when it is added that the American soldier is fighting for a principle, while the German is fighting at the behest of his masters, it is easy to see why the superiority of our troops.

The war is practically ended, and all that still remains is the cleaning up. This may take some time, but in the end we shall win, no matter what new tricks the German commanders may have up their sleeves.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice of Application For Probate of Will.

The State of Texas,

To all persons interested in the Estate of Mrs. Edwards Calahan Dodd deceased, Lora Marie Calahan Tonkin, executrix, has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of Mrs. Edwards Calahan Dodd, deceased, and letters testamentary which will be heard at the next Term of said Court, commencing the Third Monday in November, A. D. 1918, at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest application should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this Will, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Laredo, Texas, this 27th day of Sept. A. D. 1918.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
Clerk Co. Court, Webb Co., Texas
w. s. s.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

TOTAL IS ABOUT \$300,000 AND MUCH STILL LACKING

COMMITTEE HANDICAPPED BY INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC.

Nine Days Remain in Which Practically \$224,000 Must Be Raised if This County Goes "Over the Top."

Up to the noon hour today it was estimated that the total Liberty Bond subscriptions in Laredo and Webb county were near the \$300,000 mark, the last report made at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon showing the subscriptions up to that hour aggregated \$287,600, and since that time the committees have been hard at work and the subscriptions secured will probably bring the total up to \$300,000 or more, which is less than two-thirds of the total quota of \$523,900 assigned to Laredo and Webb county.

There are only nine days more left in which to secure the remainder of the quota, and with the influenza epidemic handicapping the committees in their work, and even members of the committees being stricken with the disease, there is necessarily going to be a lot of hustling if this county comes anywhere near the quota assigned it. Indications for securing the full amount were very bright up to the middle of last week, but since the epidemic of influenza made its appearance here and so many prospective subscribers were stricken with the ailment and even the committees suffered from the encroachments of the malady, it has been hard work to increase the total from day to day.

But even those who are aided with the influenza and have not as yet done their part in the bond subscriptions should do so from their sick bed, and when they begin to recuperate and learn that the Fourth Liberty Loan flag float in Laredo as a result of this county "going over the top," the sight of that flag will prove as a balm and recuperation will be that much faster. Webb county can not afford to fall down on this subscription list as in the others—let's redeem ourselves for past deficiencies in this bond issue and, despite all the obstacles that have appeared, put this county "over the top" within the next nine days. There is no such word as "can't" in the dictionary—but there is a very broad-meaning word of "will" that means much when strictly applied.

"Five Thousand or More" Club.

The following is the list of subscribers to the Liberty Bond issue of the "Five Thousand or More Club" with latest additions up to noon today:

M. Little	\$11,000.00
Samuel Moore & Co.	10,000.00
Laredo Bridge Co.	10,000.00
Albert Urbahn	6,100.00
I. Alexander	5,000.00
J. H. Murphy	5,000.00
Julian M. Treviño	5,000.00
R. Gonzales & Bro.	5,000.00
M. A. Hirsch	5,000.00
Ignacio Benavides	5,000.00
Aug. C. Richter	5,000.00
Longoria & Volpe	5,000.00
Fidel Gonzales	5,000.00
A. Bertani	5,000.00
A. Deutz & Bro.	5,000.00
E. Solinas & Bro.	5,000.00
L. Villegas & Co.	5,000.00
Cia. Ferreteria del Rio Bravo	5,000.00
John Armengol & Co.	5,000.00
Luis R. Ortiz	5,000.00
A. M. Bruni	5,000.00
Everett Love	5,000.00
Dr. Horace C. Hall	5,000.00
Eduardo Cruz	5,000.00
W. R. Pace	5,000.00
Stanley Copeland	5,000.00
Shelby Theriot	5,000.00
O. L. Longoria	5,000.00

The last two named on the list, Messrs. Theriot and Longoria, are residents of Nuevo Laredo, Mexico.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH,
Offices, Brannan Building, Laredo, Texas.
October 7, 1918. 10-8-3t.

w. s. s.

ONION GROWERS!

Some one has lately discovered that onion seed is good for more than the first year. In view of this and the fact that Chris Reuter's this and other years Bermuda onion seed have proved to be the best of all in germination, quality and yield, I offer you 1,350 lbs. this year's yellow seed at \$1.25 per pound F. O. B. here. Mr. Joe Leyendecker will deliver them upon application but only in original boxes of 67½ lbs.

This offer is good for ten days only; if not sold then they will be sold to some junk seed house.

CHRIS REUTER.
10-10-6t.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

WINDROW BROS.
Employ an Expert Watchmaker
Bring your work here, will repair it promptly.
WE GIVE YOU SERVICE
WINDROW SAYS SO.

Chandler and Dodge Brothers Automobiles
FEDERAL TRUCKS.
FIRESTONE, GOODYEAR AND UNITED STATES TIRES
ACCESSORIES

WHAT LITTLE SERVICE OUR CARS REQUIRE
WE ARE THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED TO GIVE.

CITIZENS AUTO CO.
Cor. Houston St. and Sta. Maria Ave. Phone 353

BASKET BALLS
RUGBY FOOT BALLS
SOCCER FOOT BALLS
VOLLEY BALLS
MEDICINE BALLS
INDOOR BASE BALLS
Sleeveless Jerseys, Athletic Sweaters
large assortment

Sonora News Company

UNLOADING TODAY
Car Purina Chicken Feed, Cow Chow and Omolene
UNION MERCANTILE COMPANY

"AUNT PATSY" Chicken Feed—"The Best Ever." Cow Feed
"Excellent and Economical"
"BILL THOMPSON" Horse Feed—"Cheaper than Oats"
EARNST-LATTIG CO. Distributors

FORD'S REPRESENTATIVES ARE EN ROUTE MEXICO NOW

Going to Mexico to Select Site For Assembling and Distribution Plant of the Fordson Tractor.

E. G. Liebold, secretary of the Ford Motor Co., accompanied by three representatives of the concern from Detroit, and Clark Pease, president of the City National Bank of Corpus Christi, arrived here this morning and are on their way to Mexico, for which place they leave tomorrow morning.

An attempt to get an interview with members of the party failed to avail any results, except that one member stated that they were en route to Mexico in the interest of the Fordson tractor. Some time ago it was stated that the Ford Motor Co. was contemplating the establishment of an assembling plant somewhere in Mexico for the Fordson tractors, and it is for this purpose that the Ford representatives are now en route to Mexico—to select the site for the assembling and distribution plant for Mexico of the Fordson tractors.

w. s. s.

Luis Marulanda, Jr.

At 2 o'clock this morning Luis Marulanda, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Luis Marulanda, died at the family home at 202 Farragut street. The young man, who was but 20 years of age, was stricken with influenza last week and, although he was confined to his bed ever since, hopes were entertained for his recovery. But last night there came a turn for the worse, and at 2 o'clock the end came peacefully.

The deceased is survived by his parents, as well as his brothers and sisters, and a large circle of friends who will mourn his untimely end. The funeral will take place from the family residence this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock, interment being had in the Catholic cemetery.

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LOCAL NEWS

--Valentin Lopez, aged 21 years, and a well known mechanic at the garage of Mr. Moore on the corner of Flores and Matamoros, died yesterday at 2 p. m. following an attack of influenza.

--The party of Ford representatives who arrived here yesterday on their way to Mexico to locate the assembling and distribution plant of the Fordson tractor in the republic of Mexico, left here this morning for Nuevo Laredo, where they took the train to the southward.

--Tomorrow is Columbus Day and also "Liberty Day," but the occasion will not be celebrated on as elaborate a scale as it would have been had the epidemic of influenza not appeared. It is dangerous for gatherings to be held and people get the contagion that is epidemic here now. The wise ones are keeping away from closed rooms and large assemblies.

--There is quite an epidemic of influenza at the coal mines and a number of the miners are down with the disease, but the mines are still in operation with shifts sufficient to do the work. The one physician who is out there, however, has his hands full night and day looking after the influenza patients dependant upon his care.

--With the closing down of the customs house in Nuevo Laredo yesterday afternoon the importations of Mexican products have ceased indefinitely, at all goods coming to this side from Mexico must pass through the Nuevo Laredo customhouse.

--Constance Talmadge in "The Lesson" at the Royal last night was a fine picture play with a good moral, but unfortunately, on account of many people taking precautionary measures and keeping from gatherings, there was a very small audience present at any time to enjoy this masterpiece.

--On account of the fact that every member of the force of clerks and assistants is sick abed with the influenza, the custom house in Nuevo Laredo closed its doors yesterday. Deputy Collector Arzamendi was the only one of the custom house force on the job over there yesterday when he decided to close the doors until the influenza epidemic abated.

W. S. S. Notice.

Regular meeting of Encampment Number 29, I. O. O. F., every second and fourth Friday of each month at the Odd Fellows' Hall at 8:30 o'clock. **JOS. NETZER, Chief Patriarch. GEO. W. PEW, Scribe.**

W. S. S. ONION GROWERS!

Some one has lately discovered that onion seed are good for more than the first year. In view of this and the fact that Chris Reuter's this and other years Bermuda onion seed have proved to be the best of all in germination, quality and yield, I offer you 1,350 lbs. this year's yellow seed at \$1.25 per pound F. O. B. here. Mr. Joe Leyendecker will deliver them upon application but only in original boxes of 67½ lbs. This offer is good for ten days only; if not sold then they will be sold to some junk seed house.

CHRIS REUTER.

10-10-6t.

W. S. S. WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End them.

When the back aches and throbs, When housework is torture, When night brings no rest nor sleep.

When urinary disorders set in, Women's lot is a weary one. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Have proved their worth in Laredo. This one Laredo woman's testimony.

Mrs. T. Guernsey, 2016 Farragut St., says: "My kidneys didn't act right and I suffered from backaches. I also had nervous and dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the City Drug Co. gave me relief. I recommend Doan's to all sufferers from kidney troubles for they bring quick results."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy--get Doan's Kidney Pills--the same that Mrs. Guernsey had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

W. S. S. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

THE SCHOOLS HAVE CLOSED BY ORDER OF SCHOOL BOARD

ALL GATHERINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS ARE CALLED OFF.

People Must Get Together and Help Combat Spread of Influenza by Taking Due Precautions.

At the meeting of the board of trustees of the Laredo Independent School District held yesterday afternoon, acting upon the recommendation of the medical fraternity of the city of Laredo, an order was issued suspending the sessions of the Laredo public schools indefinitely, or during the prevalence of the epidemic of Spanish influenza in this city.

This action was taken merely as a precautionary measure, as the board did not care to "wait until the horse has escaped and then lock the stable" when it is too late. There were no cases of influenza among children in attendance at school that is known of, but several of the teachers have been stricken by the disease and some recovered and resumed their work, but it was deemed wise to take precautionary measures against a possible spread of the influenza caused by inclement weather and suspend the schools. The order of the school board was put in effect this morning, and when the children showed up at their respective schools this morning they were informed that "school was closed" and they hastened back to their homes in a light norther and rain that was prevailing at the time.

The entertainment which was scheduled for tomorrow night by the Laredo High School at the Market Hall has been called off by the school board and those in charge and will not take place. Other meetings should likewise be called off and everybody co-operate to stamp out the epidemic of influenza.

W. S. S. Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29-tf.

W. S. S. TURN IN MORE INDICTMENTS TOTAL NOW TWENTY-THREE

Grand Jury is Still at Work, However, Investigating Matters Called to Their Attention.

The grand jury in district court returned three more indictments, all misdemeanors, into district court this morning, making a grand total of twenty-three bills of indictment returned so far--and the grand jury is still grinding away on matters directed to their attention by the district attorney.

The bills of indictment returned this morning were against the following parties: Juan Cadillo, unlawfully carrying arms; Luis Zarate, theft under \$50; Sebastian Altamirano, theft under \$50.

W. S. S. HEAVY RAIN THIS MORNING IS GODSEND TO THE COUNTRY

RAIN WAS GENERAL THROUGHOUT THIS ENTIRE SECTION.

Reports From All Directions From Laredo State That Good Rains Fell Everywhere This Morning.

Shortly before nine o'clock this morning a bank of heavy, threatening clouds appeared to the northward of Laredo and an impending rainstorm was in evidence. About nine o'clock the rain came, accompanied by a strong north wind, but the wind was of short duration, and soon a heavy rain set in and it came down in earnest for a while, flooding the streets and converting the gutters and many of the thoroughfares into veritable running streams. The total precipitation here aggregated .80--nearly an inch.

Reports received here indicate that the rain was general throughout this section, extending as far east as Bruni, where a half inch rain is reported, while towards Dolores on the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Rio and toward San Antonio on the I. & G. N. the rain was heavy and general. Coming as it does at this time the rain will prove of inestimable value to farms and ranches in this section, while it has also settled the dust for a few days and this will relieve that menace in the present influenza epidemic.

W. S. S. ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

German Emperor arrived in Bulgarian capital on his first visit. Count von Luxburg, former German Minister to Argentina, arrested. German Reichstag passed a bill providing for rebuilding of German merchant fleet.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

General Mention.
Mrs. Oscar Thompson and Mrs. J. H. Hennant of Hebronville are visitors in the city and have apartments at the Hamilton.

Announcement.
There will be no meeting of the Troop No. 1 Mascots at 4:30 p. m. today, as previously announced.

W. S. S. Call for Workers.

An urgent call is made for workers at the Red Cross Surgical Room to make influenza masks. They are all cut out and by having a good number of workers, they could be folded and shipped in two days.

MRS. T. A. AUSTIN, Chairman.

W. S. S. Eastern Star Grand Lodge.

Mrs. E. J. Randolph returned yesterday from Houston, where she went to attend the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star of Texas, which convened there Tuesday for a four days' session, but which closed with only two days' work on account of the epidemic of influenza. Before closing the members voted to buy with their Home funds Liberty Bonds to the amount of \$100,000 which was \$75,000 more than last year. The following wire was sent President Wilson.

"The Grand Chapter, Order Eastern Star, of Texas, now in session at Houston, purchased Liberty Bonds with all we had, which will be \$100,000 more or less."

Mrs. J. A. Burnett, who accompanied Mrs. Randolph, went to College Station to visit her son Howell.

W. S. S. HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton:--A. W. Ferguson, Pearl; M. G. Dellinger, Dolores; Henry Edds, Mrs. Oscar Thompson, Mrs. J. H. Hennant, Hebronville; Mrs. W. F. Brann, C. C. Harris, J. G. Elliott, Corpus Christi; Littleton Richardson, Asherton; Thos. W. Callahan, Pachucha, Mex.; E. J. Perkins, F. Perez, Geo. W. Kerse, Geo. S. Embury and family, Mexico City; H. C. Lane and family, Millet; J. G. Verner, Gonzalez; E. A. Florian, Houston; B. P. Moore, Denver, Colo.; C. H. Seiden-glanz, A. B. Preston and wife, Dallas; T. Criswell, H. G. Silveston, Brownsville; Lieut. Booth W. Leman, U. S. Army; C. W. Ryan, San Antonio; W. T. Seymour, Louis Sinsheimer, Houston; Ted Waring, Kansas City, Mo.; E. T. Petty, San Antonio; J. C. McMurray, Hamilton, Ohio.

W. S. S. OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

During the Hussite wars, women fought alongside the men. Nearly one-third of all the street railway conductors in New York City are women.

Miss Martha Jones, of Nashville, has been appointed an assistant physiological chemist at Yale University.

In order to relieve labor shortage in Middle Tennessee, girl students at Columbia College are devoting their weekly holidays to picking cotton.

Many women are employed about the airship factories in France. They are hoisted in boatswain's chairs and work on big fabric envelopes for the aircraft.

Miss Sarah Stephenson, widely known as a lawyer and an active suffrage worker, has been appointed secretary of the Borough of Brooklyn at a salary of \$3,500 a year.

The next State Superintendent of Public Instruction in Wyoming is certain to be a woman, as both the Republican and Democratic parties have nominated women candidates for this important position.

The Woman's Party, which has just been organized in Toronto for the purpose of uniting the women of Canada for their political responsibilities, has adopted a platform which calls for war until victory, restitution and restoration, food rationing, reduction of non-essential industries, the maintenance of the present alliance after the war, Canadian representation in the British Parliament, absolute recognition of women by the Government, equal pay for equal work, equal marriage laws, equal parental rights, immigration reforms, opportunities of education, and a housing scheme involving co-operative housekeeping.

W. S. S. IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

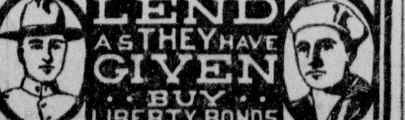
OCTOBER 11.
A most remarkable personality in the public eye at the present time is Mr. Branting the famous Swedish Socialist and statesman. His untiring work on behalf of the Entente has been the means of exposing the fickleness of Germany's friendship toward the Scandinavian people, and has incidentally brought about a more friendly understanding between the Governments of the Entente Allies and Sweden. Mr. Branting has led a most strenuous life. The only son of a distinguished Swedish university professor, he received his early education in France. While a student his tastes lay in the direction of mathematics and astronomy, but after completing his studies he threw up the promise of a scientific career for journalism.

W. S. S. WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Saturday generally cloudy and unsettled.

W. S. S. Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 94 degs.
Min. temp. 76 degs.
General direction of wind: South-east.
Cloudy.
Precipitation, .80-inch.



NEVER EXPECTED TO SEE WELL DAY AGAIN

WELL-KNOWN REAL ESTATE MAN SAYS TANLAC FILLED HIM WITH NEW LIFE AND ENERGY.

"A year ago I didn't think I would ever be a well man again, but Tanlac has put new life in me and I feel so good I'd like to run a foot race with some of the boys," was the characteristic statement of G. F. Hamilton, a well-known real estate man of Austin, Texas, recently.

"I suffered for eight or nine years," he went on, "from rheumatic pains and sciatica that ran up and down my sides like a fire breaking out and burning. I also had catarrh that bothered me constantly, a hard lump would form in my side that made me uneasy, for I couldn't tell what it was. My nerves were in a pretty bad state and worried me all the time. Last year when I was so run-down I was out working in my garden one day and my head grew light and dizzy and I had an awful fall, and I was so shaken up and weak and nervous afterwards I was afraid almost to stir about any."

"I began to take Tanlac a little while ago and it has done me a wonderful amount of good. My nerves are now perfectly steady like when I was a younger man, and I am feeling more like my old self again. I feel lively and more energetic and want to be stirring about and doing things. Tanlac has done me more good than anything I ever saw or ever took in my life before, and I gladly recommend it every chance I get."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

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W. S. S. PERSONALS

Judge John G. Griner of San Antonio is in the city.
Judge T. D. Cobb of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.
Henry Edds of Hebronville is a guest at the Hamilton.
Teofilo Criswell of Brownsville is in the city on business.
Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Lane and children of Millet are guests at the Hamilton.

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

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W. S. S. TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

KAISER CALLS SOVEREIGNS OF GERMAN STATES TO CONFER OVER REPLY TO WILSON

Speculation In Washington Ranges From Appeal To Their Loyalty And Suppression Of Disaffection In Various States To Abdication Of The Kaiser And Unconditional Surrender of the Germans.

DELMONICO'S HIT BY THE WAR.

New York, Oct. 13.--Many have seen the changes brought about in the metropolises by conditions arising from the war, but probably no single item in the long list has attracted more attention, especially among the older generation of New Yorkers, than the announcement that Delmonico's was in financial difficulties, as a result of war time economies practiced by the wealthy class. At the very outset of the war the older and more famous of the two restaurants bearing the name of Delmonico, that located at Beaver and William streets, on the site of the first Delmonico restaurant, was forced to close because its building was needed for other purposes connected with the war. And now the only remaining restaurant bearing the name, that at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, has been forced into the hands of a receiver.

To have lived in New York, or to have visited this city, without dining at one of the Delmonico restaurants, a few years ago, would have been to have missed an opportunity of shining before people who had never been in New York. It was in 1827 that the first two of the name, Peter and John Del Monico, as the name was then spelled, opened a confectionery shop at 23 William Street. Peter, or Pietro, was an artist in the making of pastries and the like, and his brother was almost his equal. They had come from Switzerland. Five years after they arrive in New York their nephew, Lorenzo, followed them. He was without fortune, and they took him into partnership.

The third member of the firm was nineteen years old then, and his advent marked a new phase in the business. An adjoining lot, at 25 William Street, was added to the old one, and the restaurant thrived more and more. In 1835, however, a great fire wiped out that part of the city, but within a year the Delmonicos had two places, one at Beaver and William streets and the other at 76 Broad street. The latter was destroyed by fire in 1845. Ten years later this house was supplanted by a more elaborate establishment at Chambers Street and Broadway, started by Lorenzo Delmonico. The Prince of Wales was banqueted here on his visit to the United States. It was the favorite resort of many well known men, among them the elder James Gordon Bennett, Horace Greeley, Henry J. Raymond, William M. Everts, Henry Ward Beecher, and John Jacob Astor.

Meanwhile the elder Delmonicos died. Lorenzo associated with him his brother Siro, and later his nephew Charles and his cousin, John Longhi. The upturn movement of business life caused the Chambers Street place to be supplanted by one at Fourteenth Street and Fifth Avenue, and about the same time a downtown restaurant was opened at 22 Board Street. The latter was short-lived. The Fourteenth Street place, established in 1863, lasted until 1876, when the one at Twenty-sixth Street, Fifth Avenue and Broadway was opened. This last was in turn followed more than 20 years ago by the present building at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Previous to 1887 a Delmonico restaurant had flourished for a short time in lower Broadway. It was followed by another establishment at 361 Broadway, but this latter lasted but a few years.

Charles Dickens was dined by 200 newspaper men at the Twenty-sixth Street place, and made his famous speech that was afterward published by his order in editions of "American Notes."

There were many Delmonicos, contemporary and in succession, and the family was represented in the active management of the restaurants until a comparatively recent period. But gradually the family interest declined and new owners gained control. The character of the business, however, has always been maintained at the same high standard established by the original brothers, Peter and John.

W. S. S. Notice to the Public.

Due to the influenza, our entire messenger force is down and our clerical force is much depleted. For the next few days our messenger service will be practically disrupted for that reason, and we trust that the public will kindly make allowances for conditions, hoping to re-establish our service within a few days.

S. E. LEONARD,
Manager Western Union.

By Associated Press.

Amsterdam, Oct. 11.--Emperor William has summoned the sovereigns of all the German federal states to Berlin for consultation before answering President Wilson's note. Such a conference is unique in the history of Germany.

Speculating Over Meaning.

Washington, Oct. 11.--Speculation here over the meaning of the conference of the sovereigns of the German states called by the kaiser ranges from an appeal to the petty sovereigns for renewed fealty to the supreme war lord and suppression of disaffection in their territories to the abdication of the kaiser and unconditional surrender.

In Opposition to Kaiser.

London, Oct. 11.--Unofficial advice received here say that Prince Maximilian's peace proposal to President Wilson was made in direct opposition to Emperor William. It is suggested that this may be the reason for summoning the German sovereigns for a conference.

Awaited With Anxiety.

London, Oct. 11.--Germany's answer to President Wilson's questions is awaited with great anxiety in Germany. Mr. Wilson's reply to the German peace proposal was published in the Berlin papers last evening. The North German Gazette says: "We have reason to believe that the peace step which has been commenced will be continued."

In Headlong Retreat.

With the Anglo-Americans at Cambrai, Oct. 11.--North of the Le Cateau-St. Hilaire line the Germans are in headlong retreat, say airplane observers. The Douai salient has been made still deeper and the news that the Germans are evacuating that city may be expected at any time. The only resistance worth mentioning is coming from enemy machine gunners. The bulk of the enemy artillery seems to have fled far east of the battle grounds and out of range.

Pass the Kriemhild Line.

With the Americans at Verdun, Oct. 11.--American forces struck the German lines east of the Argonne forest.

AMERICANS DOING ALL THAT EXPECTED

HOOPES CALLS ON PEOPLE TO DUPLICATE EFFORT BY PUTTING OVER LOAN.

Special to The Times.
Dallas, Texas, Oct. 11.--America is participating and they plunged even more deeply into the enemy positions than first had been intended. It was the Americans who stormed and captured Brancourt and Premont after hard fighting. They reached their objectives well ahead of time. This is from an Associated Press despatch dated October 8 at 4 p. m. This is the kind of news that brings tears of pride to the eyes of those who have their boys fighting over there, and makes us all feel that it is good to be Americans. Yes, this is the way they are fighting over there, and what are we doing? Are we with our money plunging more deeply into the enemy defenses than even our government asked us to? Are we going to reach our objective well ahead of time in the matter of the Liberty Loan. To fail these boys would be a disgrace so deep, so lasting, that history would never clear our name. Such a thing is unthinkable. We must during the next week send a return cable to France, saying that we have duplicated here in America to the best of our ability the actions of our boys over there. And once more, at the risk of repetition, I remind every man and woman in the Eleventh Federal district of the words of General Haig to his men before the great offensive of last March: "I call upon every man to conduct himself as though the result of this battle depended upon his personal efforts alone." This is the only way to put over the Liberty Loan. It is the way our boys fight, and it is the way we must fight.--J. W. Hoopes.

today, capturing Commerance, Chevoires and the Marco ridge. Dame Marie was stormed after hard fighting, over 1,000 prisoners being taken during the day. Fighting opened this morning with infantry sweeping through the northern portion of the Argonne forest for a maximum distance of nearly five miles. Little opposition was encountered from the enemy, who probably retired during the night. Pushing forward, the Americans discovered the Germans had destroyed all the roads as they went. By this attack the Americans have taken a firmer hold on the territory north of the broken Kriemhild line.

Americans Started Action.

With the Americans at Verdun, Oct. 11.--Heavy artillery firing in the region west of the Meuse began early today. The Americans started the action before daylight, and the bombardment was responded to by the Germans. Fires are reported in the region of many towns behind the lines, and it is believed that these were started by American shells.

Americans Captured Towns.

London, Oct. 11.--American troops operating with the British on the front southeast of Cambrai last night completed the capture of Vaux-Audigney and St. Souplet.

Ninetieth Division is Busy.

Washington, Oct. 11.--General March reported today that the Ninetieth Division, composed of Texas and Oklahoma troops, is now on the St. Mihiel front.

Near Two Million Mark.

Washington, Oct. 11.--Over 1,900,000 American troops have been sent overseas, said General March today, coupling his report with an urgent request for support of the Fourth Liberty Loan.

British Gain Everywhere.

With the Anglo-Americans at Cambrai, Oct. 11.--A great battle is now being fought in this region on a front of nearly 30 miles, it having been extended to the north. The British are gaining everywhere. There are virtually no enemy infantry operations.

Germans Must Evacuate.

London, Oct. 11.--Today's advices from the battle front indicate that it is virtually certain the Germans will have to evacuate St. Gobain forest almost immediately.

British Are Progressing.

London, Oct. 11.--In the region immediately east of Cambrai the British have reached the outskirts of St. Vaas and St. Aubert.

French Still Advancing.

Paris, Oct. 11.--French troops last night advance in the region north of the Aisne and captured Chey and Moulins and then pushed on beyond.

Germans Begin Retreat.

Paris, Oct. 11.--In the Champagne sector the Germans have begun a retreat toward the Aisne. French forces have crossed the Aisne at Termes.

Mail Steamer Torpedoed.

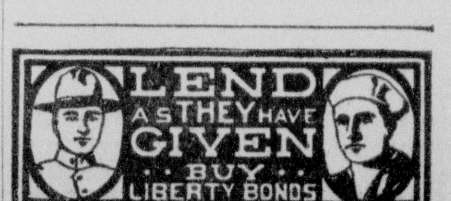
Belfast, Oct. 11.--A hundred lives were lost as the result of torpedoing the mail steamer Leinster in the Irish Sea yesterday. So far no American is reported lost. The vessel carried 687 passengers, including women and children, and a crew of 70. Two torpedoes were fired without warning at a distance of 150 yards.

W. S. S. Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

W. will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. 75c.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.



From Saturday's Daily.

THE KAISER'S COUNCIL.

The news that Kaiser Wilhelm has called all the sovereigns of the states forming the empire for a consultation before answering President Wilson's latest note is indicative of one of two things; either he wants their approval of the course he intends to follow, or else he wants to "pass the buck" to them in case of friction with the people hereafter.

Since his grandfather, with the help of Bismarck, formed the present German empire in the palace at Versailles at the conclusion of the Franco-Prussian war, there has been no such conference held. Not even at critical moment during the war has the Kaiser condescended to ask his vassal princes—for such he deems them—as to any course to pursue. He has freely given his orders and they have been obeyed.

But it must be remembered that the constitution of the German empire recognizes these rulers as sovereigns in their respective states, and not merely as puppets of the emperor. It is his own act and that of his advisers which has gradually brought the sovereigns of states older than Prussia to become mere vassals of a German emperor.

There are at present many thousands of Germans who are dissatisfied with the empire and its workings. They have been summoned to war, not for the defense of their homes and their national interests, but for the aggrandizement of Prussia. For the empire is really Prussia just now, no matter what other states go to form it. And the real ruler of Germany is the royal family of Prussia.

An enormous amount of the money raised by taxation throughout the German empire has gone to supporting the military establishment of Prussia, for it is recognized that only Prussia had to fear the enemies against whom the Prussian ruler was preparing.

Official opinion in Washington is divided over the meaning of the conference, some believing that the Kaiser intends to appeal to the loyalty of the sovereigns to suppress disaffection, while others go so far as to suggest that he may abdicate and the German forces may surrender unconditionally.

For some time it has been known that Prince Maximilian, the new chancellor, was a peace advocate. And he is not alone in his desire to end the war, no matter how, so long as it will stop the effusion of blood and the waste of lives and treasure.

If there be any truth in the report that the peace proposal from the chancellor was in direct opposition to the will of the Kaiser, there may be some ground for the rumored abdication, but it is difficult to imagine so determined an autocrat ever resigning the reins of power while he is still able to stand on his feet.

If the petty sovereigns demand his abdication as emperor, it will mean the disruption of that somewhat loosely woven fabric. With the territories gained by aggression, Prussia is the larger part of the present Germany, but when it is calculated that Prussian Poland will be cut off by the peace treaties, and that other parts of Prussia are ripe for revolt, particularly Schleswig-Holstein, it will be seen that the rest of Germany may be able to overbalance the will of the Prussian junkers, should they still remain loyal to the Kaiser.

With the Prussian royal house removed from the negotiations, there would be little difficulty in the way of securing a hearing of terms. It is true that the other Germans have not been behind the Prussians when it came to abusing the rest of the world, but aside from the Saxons and the Bavarians, the other Germans are more tractable and are more apt to ask for terms in the hope of stopping further bloodshed.

The dismemberment of the German empire is one of the probable results of the war. The dismemberment of Austria-Hungary seems doomed, and the new German empire that may some day rise upon the ashes of the old will have a better prospect of enduring than the Bismarcks and Hohenzollerns believed when they triumphed over France in 1870.

The outcome of the conference will be breathlessly awaited. If the sovereigns decide to stand by the Kaiser it means the overwhelming defeat of Germany; if they demand his abdication it means surrender, for they can secure peace in no other way.

AN URGENT NEED.

It is evident that the women of Texas—particularly of Laredo—have an opportunity which has never before been presented them. Heretofore their work has been limited to making bandages and hospital supplies and the like. But now they have the opportunity to do direct work for the soldiers, to come in personal contact with the sick of the army and to give their services for the alleviation of suffering without leaving their home towns.

There are over two hundred sick soldiers at Fort McIntosh at present. There is not a single trained nurse in the post, and not even a woman in the hospital. This is the first time since the war began that there has

been need for woman's work and no one to respond.

A great many people have wished for the opportunity to do something besides roll bandages and sew on pajamas. They have declared repeatedly that they would like to go to the front and help nurse the soldiers. Well, they have their chance at nursing right now, without the physical discomforts of travel or the dangers of an overseas trip.

Many of these soldiers are in need of a woman's care. They are far from home, many of them for the first time in their lives, and they are certain to suffer from homesickness, as well as from the physical sickness. There is hardly a person in Laredo who is not familiar with the awful discomforts of influenza, and who does not realize how terrible it must be for these patriotic young men far from home and without a woman to perform for them the little services which all sick men need.

The men at Fort McIntosh are worse off in one respect than those at the battle front. The latter have nurses and plenty of them. They are cared for in a way that only a trained nurse has, and everything that can be done to alleviate their sufferings is theirs without the asking.

There must be some women in Laredo who can spare a few days—or weeks, if necessary—from home cares to help nurse these soldiers back to health. From a mere economical standpoint their lives are valuable, for they are a part of the force which is to whip the Kaiser. And from a sentimental point of view, they are all mothers' sons and in need of comfort.

The doctors at the post have their hands full. They have some trained Hospital Corps men, but the duties of these men are multitudinous. And the force is not adequate to a great epidemic, such as is now sweeping our city. And the trained nurses formerly stationed here have been sent to the front overseas, leaving the doctors without help of any sort save that which is volunteered.

A call has been issued for volunteer nurses. They are not asked to give their services. Those who are without training will be given from \$30 to \$50 a month with board, room and laundry. If there are any trained nurses with diplomas who apply, they will be paid \$75 a month, with the same allowances.

Uncle Sam is not niggardly when it comes to caring for his soldiers or paying those who care for them. No expense will be spared in nursing these soldiers back to health and efficiency. They are the most valuable thing the country has at present, and the proper care will be taken of them—provided there are enough devoted, patriotic women who volunteer to help nurse them.

It is true that there are many other people sick at present. But most of them are at home, or have some one to look after them. And there is hardly a man in town today who is in the deplorable condition of the sick soldiers, who have nothing to do but take their medicine and get well—or succumb to the disease—without the comforting presence of a woman in their hour of need.

The women of Laredo have always measured up to their duty. They have been complimented on the character of the work they have done. And now, when their government needs them, it is unlikely that they will fail.

HAD REGULAR CLOUDBURST AROUND MINERA COUNTRY

V. L. PUIG HAD TO WALK SEVEN MILES TO CATCH TRAIN.

Is Busy Building Bridges Along Eagle Pass Road on River Front and Has Completed Twenty-one of Them.

County Commissioner Valentin L. Puig, who has had a force of county road workers busy the past several months constructing bridges over a section of the county along the river front that is nothing but one arroyo after another, or along the Eagle Pass road up-river from Minera to Palafox, where he has already constructed twenty-one bridges of various lengths and has five more to construct, returned to Laredo yesterday and reports that he had to walk seven miles to catch the train, the veritable deluge of rain that fell north of Minera yesterday morning leaving the country in a state of inundation and the team with which he was traveling being unable to get through the water and mud. Mr. Puig states that at least two inches of rain fell in the country from Minera northward and the ground got the best soaking in some time.

Speaking about the bridges that the county has had constructed over the various arroyos in the section in which he has been at work, Mr. Puig says that the twenty-one wooden bridges already built are substantial ones, and that of the five remaining to be built one will be 124 feet long and the other 54 feet long, while the other three are small bridges, and all of them will be completed as soon as possible. Work on the bridges was necessarily suspended yesterday on account of the arroyos being full of water and it will be several days before the work can proceed. Two members of the road workers were taken seriously ill with influenza several days ago and died shortly afterwards, while others who were taken ill since the war began that there has

LIBERTY BOND GOING SLOW; PEOPLE NOT RESPONDING

SOME ON THE LIST MAY BE ASKED TO DOUBLE AMOUNT.

At This Time Grand Total of Subscriptions, With Promises, Amount to Approximately \$370,000.

Seven more days are left in which Webb county, if it is intended to raise the full amount of the quota given her, must do some "tall hustling" to go "over the top" with her subscription of \$523,900.

With the various amounts subscribed and those already promised and considered as good as subscribed, the grand total of subscriptions aggregate the sum of approximately \$370,000, and in order to obtain the full quota before the close of the campaign the committee will find it necessary to ask some of the more liberal subscribers to increase their subscriptions or "double up" in order to reach the quota. Laredo has fallen down in three Liberty Bond issues, and certainly the people of this city and county are not going to allow that to occur for the fourth time when the success of American arms in France and Belgium have attained such a glorious record. A vigorous campaign is to be waged next week to attain the goal—let everyone who is able to do so come across with all they can in order that this county go "over the top" by next Saturday night.

"Five Thousand or More" Club. The following is the list of subscribers to the Liberty Bond issue of the "Five Thousand or More Club" with latest additions up to noon today:

M. Little	\$11,000.00
Samuel Moore & Co.	10,000.00
Laredo Bridge Co.	10,000.00
Albert Urbahn	6,000.00
I. Alexander	5,000.00
J. H. Murphy	5,000.00
Julian M. Treviño	5,000.00
R. Gonzales & Bro.	5,000.00
M. A. Hirsch	5,000.00
Ignacio Benavides	5,000.00
Aug. C. Richter	5,000.00
Longoria & Volpe	5,000.00
Fidel Gonzales	5,000.00
A. Bertani	5,000.00
A. Deutz & Bro.	5,000.00
E. Salinas & Bro.	5,000.00
L. Villegas & Co.	5,000.00
Cla. Ferretero del Rio Bravo	5,000.00
John Armengol & Co.	5,000.00
Luis R. Ortiz	5,000.00
M. A. Bruni	5,000.00
Everett Love	5,000.00
Dr. Horace C. Hall	5,000.00
Eduardo Cruz	5,000.00
W. R. Pace	5,000.00
Stanley Copeland	5,000.00
Shelby Theriot	5,000.00
O. L. Longoria	5,000.00
M. Vizcaya Sierra	5,000.00
Total	\$162,100.00

"Woman's Thousand Dollar Club."

Mrs. H. D. Shelby, as captain of a few faithful workers in behalf of the Fourth Liberty Loan and the "Boys Over There," has won the unstinted praise of all the people of Laredo and especially of the Fourth Liberty Loan organization for the great success she has had in securing subscriptions to the "Woman's Thousand Dollar Club."

Several of these subscriptions have been paid in full and it is safe to say that not a single subscription in this club will ever fail. The ladies were determined not to report while the list stood at thirteen, so they worked valiantly to get the fourteenth member, and no one knows who was the thirteenth. This list at noon Friday was as follows:

Mrs. Mary S. Shelby, captain.	\$1,000.00
Mrs. E. H. Buenz	1,000.00
Mrs. M. T. Cogley	1,000.00
Mrs. Chas. Deutz	1,000.00
Mrs. Frederick Gilbreath	1,000.00
Mrs. M. Little	1,000.00
Mrs. C. S. McKinney	1,000.00
Mrs. R. A. Millar	1,000.00
Mrs. J. R. Moore	1,000.00
Mrs. L. R. Ortiz	1,000.00
Mrs. Julia L. Richter	1,000.00
Mrs. W. J. Sames	1,000.00
Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker	1,000.00
Mrs. M. E. Buenz	(500.00)
Mrs. Inez G. de Villegas	(500.00)

"Thousand Dollar or More Club."

The following is the membership list of the Thousand Dollar or More Club for the Fourth Liberty Loan:	
B. M. Alexander	\$2,000.00
T. A. Austin	2,000.00
H. M. Austin	1,000.00
Servando Benavides	1,000.00
Geo. Brannan	2,000.00
J. O. Buenz	2,000.00
Raul Casso	2,500.00
Jose M. Cavazos	2,500.00
L. J. Christen	1,000.00
City Drug Co.	1,500.00
T. A. Coleman	2,500.00

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE

WEST END, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men. Preparatory, Business, High School, Collegiate Courses. Chartered by the State of Texas to Confer Degrees.

Excellent location, experienced teachers, thorough courses, small classes, complete laboratory equipment, spacious campuses and tennis courts, splendid outdoor natatorium.

The only boarding school in Southwest Texas having a special department for small boys. Visitors are always welcome. For illustrated catalogue apply to

REV. JAMES P. CANNING, S. M., President. College reopens September 4, 1918.

PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY OF INDIVIDUAL WORKERS

MRS. M'ADOO CALLS UPON LOCAL WORKERS FOR QUOTA.

Asks For Oversubscription as Imperative Measure Toward Certain and Complete Victory.

The following telegram, which is self-explanatory, has been received by Mrs. C. S. McKinney, Chairman for Webb County, Woman's Liberty Loan Committee:

The president has called on the nation to oversubscribe the loan as an imperative measure toward certain and complete victory. The National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, appreciating all you have already done, calls upon you to take that message home to your community. Overseas subscription of the quota in your district must be the personal responsibility of every Liberty Loan worker. (signed) Mrs. William G. McAdoo, Chairman National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.

W. S. S. GRAND JURY HAS RECESSED UNTIL MONDAY MORNING AT 9

During Five Days They Were in Sessions They Returned a Total of Twenty-one Bills of Indictment.

The grand jury in district court, which was empaneled on last Monday morning, yesterday afternoon took a recess until next Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

During the five days that the grand jury were at work they returned a total of twenty-three bills of indictment, most of them for violation of the liquor laws.

W. S. S. RAIN GENERAL YESTERDAY WILL DO INESTIMABLE GOOD

From All Places in This Section Come Reports of Good Rains, in Some Places Heavier Than Others.

Reports received here from all places around Laredo indicate that this entire section of country was blessed with a heavy downpour of rain yesterday morning, the precipitation ranging from four-fifths of an inch in Laredo proper to as much as two inches in other portions of the county. The rain was general and heavy on the big ranches and the numerous farms and will prove of inestimable value in putting a good season in the ground, starting grasses on the cattle ranges and helping vegetation now planted in the fields.

Another light rain fell during the early hours of this morning, but it was very light compared to that of yesterday. The rain has improved the atmospheric conditions and laid the dust for a few days, and the indications are that the present conditions are favorable for helping to abate the influenza epidemic which is prevailing here at this time and has many victims.

W. S. S. Will Be Open Sunday.

The Red Cross Surgical Dressing Rooms will be open all day Sunday and all the women of Laredo who can assist in the making of influenza masks are requested to go to the rooms. There is an urgent demand for these masks and the women of the city can do an appreciable work at this time in helping make them.

E. Denike	1,000.00
Eagle Pass Lumber Co.	1,000.00
S. V. Edwards	1,000.00
Wm. Eustein	3,000.00
A. E. Graham (Bernal Orchard Co.)	2,000.00
Amador E. Garcia	1,000.00
Leonard Haynes	3,000.00
Hilfred & Purwin	2,500.00
Mike Joseph	2,500.00
S. H. Kress & Co.	1,500.00
Laredo Elec. & Ry. Co.	2,500.00
Laredo Auto Sales Co.	1,000.00
Sam Mackin	1,000.00
R. V. Martin	1,000.00
J. M. Martin	1,000.00
Mrs. J. C. Martin	1,000.00
Marcelino I. Martin	2,000.00
Luisa Martin	1,000.00
Mexican Product Co.	1,000.00
R. A. Millar	1,000.00
Mother Clare (Mercy Hospital)	1,000.00
Robt. McComb	2,000.00
C. S. McKinney	1,000.00
J. A. Ortiz	1,000.00
J. M. Ramsey	1,000.00
Sonora News Co.	1,000.00
C. A. Stowers Furn. Co.	1,000.00
Pedro Treviño & Co.	1,500.00
Jno. A. Valls	1,000.00
Fred. Werner	1,000.00
A. W. Wilcox	2,500.00
Wormser Bros.	2,000.00
Total	\$68,000.00

WELL KNOWN STOCKMAN DIES FROM ATTACK INFLUENZA

Prominent Stockman Recently Operated on at Hospital Here Succumbs to Attack of Spanish Influenza.

S. E. Trammell, a well known stockman of this section, and who has a ranch near Aguilares, died at his room at a local hotel last night at 11 o'clock following a five days illness from influenza. His mother and brother were at his bedside when Mr. Trammell passed away.

Deceased was well and favorably known in this section as a prominent stockman of Aguilares and Big Wells. Recently he was operated on at the Mercy Hospital in this city and had apparently recovered from the effects of the operation when stricken with influenza. The remains, accompanied by the mother of, deceased, were taken to Big Wells this morning for interment.

W. S. S. DEATH OF MRS. G. B. WATSON FORMERLY MISS M. BIGDEN

Deceased Was Eldest Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Bigden of Laredo; Married Three Years Ago.

A telegram was received here yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Bigden from Corsicana advising them that their daughter, Mrs. G. B. Watson, was critically ill and a few hours later came the sad news announcing that Mrs. Watson had died. This news came as a great shock to the family and the numerous friends of the deceased in this city, where she was well and favorably known.

Deceased was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Bigden, aged 24 years, and made her home in this city up to three years ago, when she was married to Dr. G. B. Watson and removed to Loveland, Colorado, later going to Corsicana. As Miss Maude Bigden she enjoyed the distinction of being the first fire queen of the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department, which she held for two years, being elected to the place by popular vote.

Later—A telegram received this afternoon from Dr. Watson advised that he would leave Corsicana at 10:30 tonight with his wife's remains for Laredo. The body is expected to reach here tomorrow afternoon or Monday morning. The funeral will be held on Monday, but the hour has not yet been stated.

W. S. S. + + + + + TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS. + + + + +

OCTOBER 12. Maj. Gen. William L. Sibert, who commanded the first division of American troops sent to France, born at Gadsden, Ala., 58 years ago today.

Brig. Gen. Robert C. Davis, who was acting Adjutant-General of the American Expeditionary Force sent to France, born in Philadelphia, 42 years ago today.

Edward F. Dunne, former governor of Illinois, born at Waterville, Conn., 65 years ago today.

Gen. Julian S. Carr, retired manufacturer and noted Confederate veteran, born at Chapel Hill, N. C., 73 years ago today.

Chester I. Long, former United States senator from Kansas, born in Perry County, Pa., 58 years ago today.

W. S. S. + + + + + TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES. + + + + +

OCTOBER 12.

1812—Battle of Queenstown, Upper Canada, in which the Americans, at first successful, were finally defeated by the British.

1813—Lyman Trumbull, who was elected to the senate through the withdrawal of Abraham Lincoln, born at Colchester, Conn. Died in Chicago, June 25, 1896.

1846—Rebellion in Portugal, and establishment of provisional government at Oporto.

1851—Capt. Lewis Warrington, who commanded the sloop-of-war Peacock in the War of 1812, died in Washington, D. C. Born at Williamsburg, Va., Nov. 3, 1782.

1870—General Robert E. Lee, the famous military leader of the Confederacy died at Lexington, Va. Born in Westmoreland County, Va., Jan. 19, 1807.

1893—The Brazilian rebels surprised and defeated the Government troops at Rio Grande del Sur.

1914—Germans occupied the important Belgian city of Ghent.

1915—Austro-Germans took heights south of Belgrade by storm.

1916—British war credits reached total of \$15,660,000,000.

W. S. S. + + + + + ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR. + + + + +

OCTOBER 12. British under Marshal Haig resumed offensive along Flanders front.

Nine new members of the Dominion War Cabinet sworn into office at Ottawa.

Resignation of Vice Admiral von Chapelle, the German Minister of Marine.

Russians reported sinking of German dreadnaught near Gulf of Riga.

SECOND DAY'S SESSION CITY TEACHERS INSTITUTE

Number of Interesting Subjects Covered in Papers and Addresses Made at Session This Morning.

The second Saturday of the institute for city teachers opened this morning with some remarks by Supt. Christen on the closing of the schools on account of the prevalence of influenza.

Miss McKnight read a splendid paper on "Proper Source and the Library in History Teaching." Miss Polkinnhorn's subject, "How Should the Grammar School Prepare for High School History," was very ably handled.

Mrs. G. W. Derby made an interesting talk on "The Work of the Child's Welfare League in the Schools and the Community."

Mrs. Fish had a very good paper on "Principles Underlying the Teaching of History in the Grammar School."

Co. Supt. of Schools Richardson made a few remarks on a combined institute and spoke on "Foundations." He brought out some very valuable points to the teachers.

Prof. Mally's talk on the "Germination of Seed and Insects and Their Destruction" was very interesting.

Miss Irene Brown of the Department of Labor, Washington, D. C., addressed the institute on "Americanization Work." She asked for volunteers among the teachers who would be willing to teach a night school for a few weeks for foreigners who wish to become American citizens. A committee composed of Mrs. G. W. Derby, Mrs. C. M. Fish, Mrs. W. Threadgill and Mrs. Maria Diaz was appointed to meet with Miss Brown and formulate plans for the work.

Dr. Ward appeared before the institute and asked for volunteers among the teachers to help at the Post hospital to help in caring for soldiers afflicted with the prevailing disease.

An interesting paper on "The Nation and the Public Schools in the Present Crisis" was read by Miss Josephine Roberts.

A reading, "Prussianism in School History Teaching," was given by Miss Elizabeth Bunn.

Miss Jennie Devine read a paper on "Lessons on Patriotism in the United States History Class."

W. S. S. RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican. Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern. Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 6:10 p. m.

Night Train. Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass. Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

W. S. S. MISREPRESENTING A BEE.

English officers and men still experience difficulties in the language at the front. Recently an officer, seeing a swarm of bees settled near his billet, rushed to adjacent cottages to inform the residents. But explain verbally he could not. So, taking paper and pencil, he drew a rough sketch of a hive, then wagged his fingers in what he thought the correct wing-like way. It was a failure, so he sketched a number of bees, and buzzed a beesome buzz. Thereupon the cottagers, together with one consent, bolted to their dugouts, believing that he meant hostile aircraft overhead.—London Daily Chronicle.

W. S. S. Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

W. S. S. Jesus Herrera, Jr.

At the moment of going to press it was learned that Jesus Herrera, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesus Herrera, 807 Turbide street, had died at his home. He had been employed at the bridge and was taken suddenly ill with heart trouble. He died soon after being taken home.

W. S. S. Downed Enemy Plane.

In a very interesting letter to his parents, Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer, Lieut. Hal Irby Greer of the U. S. Aero Squadron in France relates a thrilling experience with three Boscche airplanes, one of which he succeeded in downing. Lieut. Greer is the first of the 11th Aero Squadron composed entirely of Americans, to bring down an enemy plane.



St. Augustine Pro-Cathedral:—First mass at 6 a. m. Second mass at 8 a. m. Third mass at 10 a. m. Vespers and benediction at 7:30 p. m.

St. Peter's:—Low mass at 7 a. m. High mass and sermon at 9 o'clock, followed by Sunday School.

Evening service and lecture beginning at 7:30 o'clock.

REV. JOHN McLOY, Pastor.

Guadalupe Church:—Mass and sermon at 8 a. m. Rosary and Benediction at 4:30 p. m.

Church of Divine Redeemer:—Mass and sermon at 7 a. m. Rosary and Benediction at 7:30 p. m.

Christ Episcopal Church:—Rev. Chas. W. Cook, rector.

On account of illness of the rector, there will be no services tomorrow.

Creath Memorial Baptist Church:—Cor. Houston St. and Main Ave. J. N. Campbell, Th. D. Pastor.

Established
June 14, 1881.

Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future
Great Railroad Centre and Grand
Gateway of International Com-
merce.

VOL. XXXVIII.

LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1918—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 18.

SILKS?

Yes Indeed Richter's
Is Headquarters For
Good Silks---Madam

—and do you know that silks have been increased
in price LESS than any other dress material
you can buy?

Our stock is especially complete just now
and we urge you to come in for an inspection
before making your purchases.

Black Taffetas . . . \$1.39, \$1.50, \$1.69 and \$1.89 a yd.
Colored Taffetas . . . \$1.69 and \$1.89 a yd.
Plaid and Striped Messalines . . . \$1.89 a yd.
40 In. Crepe de Chine (all colors) . . . \$2. a yd.
42 In. Brocaded Poplins . . . \$2.50 a yd.
Georgette Crepe (all shades) . . . \$2 a yd.
40 In. Crepe Meteor—afternoon and street
shades, \$2.50 a yd; black \$2.95 a yd.
Satin Sublime (black and all street shades) . . . \$2.50 yd.

RICHTERS

Laredo's One-Price Department Store

THE PRICE YOU PAY

THE INCREASED PRICE OF GOOD CLOTHES IS
PROPORTIONATELY LESS THAN FOR THOSE
OF QUESTIONABLE QUALITY. BY GOOD
CLOTHES WE MEAN PURE WOOL CLOTHES
TAILORED TO OUR ORDER — THE KIND THAT

Real economy consists in paying
the price of quality.

Yet our hundreds of weaves in
pure wool and worsted for tail-
ored suits and overcoats are price-
surprises.

EXAMINE THE SUITS THAT WE HAVE ON
DISPLAY. YOU'LL FIND THE QUALITY TO
WHICH YOU ARE ACCUSTOMED, OR HAVE
ALWAYS PREFERRED, AT A PRICE THAT
YOU WILL WILINGLY PAY.

I. ALEXANDER

CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

When Your Eyes Twitch,
burn and blur it is a sign
you're straining the delicate
nerves and muscles.



Don't let these conditions
continue. Remember, your
sight is priceless. Consult
us about Your EYES.

Expert eye examination by modern methods. We fit
and grind Kryptok Glasses. The Invisible Bi-Focal
for far and near vision.

LAREDO OPTICAL CO.

516 Flores Ave. opposite City Hall.

PUBLIC WARNED TO PUT NO CREDENCE IN REPORTS THAT GERMANY IS TO SURRENDER

Reports from German Sources Declaring That German Reply
Was "In a Sense" Acceptance of Wilson's Terms,
Washington Warns Public Against Believing
that Germany is About to End the War

UNITE TO DEFEAT SOCIALISTS.

New York, Oct. 12.—When the
3,000,000 or more voters of New York
State go to the polls next month, they
will have the choice of voting for can-
didates of at least four political par-
ties, Republican, Democratic, Prohibi-
tion and Socialist. Nevertheless, the
political line-up this year is remark-
able because of the agreement in
many of the districts of the State be-
tween Republicans and Democrats to
combine against the Socialists, and
it is also unusual on account of the
many Democrats and Republicans
whom the Prohibitionists have in-
dorsed for local office.

In seven of the 43 congressional
districts in the State, Republicans
and Democrats have nominated the
same candidate with the evident pur-
pose of defeating Socialists or other
anti-war candidates. In three of the
State senatorial districts, two in New
York City and one up State, they
have combined for the same reason.
In 12 of the 150 assembly districts,
both of the old parties have nomi-
nated the same candidates.

Twelve Republican candidates and
three Democratic candidates for Con-
gress have been indorsed by Prohibi-
tionists. Apparently this has been
done to elect nominees who are in
favor of national prohibition. Seven-
teen Republican candidates and one
Democrat for the State senate have
been similarly indorsed. Nominations
for the assembly also indicate the
same desire on the part of the Pro-
hibitionists, who have indorsed 21
Republicans and five Democrats.

The candidates upon whom the two
old parties have combined in the
congressional districts are all in New
York City, where most of the Social-
istic or pro-German vote exists. The
usual number of indorsements by
one political party of the candidates
of another is taken to show unmis-
takeably that the political organiza-
tions intend to eliminate pro-German
or anti-war candidates on election
day.

THE MISSOURI MULE ABROAD.

A long and patient but vain effort
on the part of a khaki-clad driver to
induce a mule, drawing what appear-
ed to be a load of infantry, through
the gateway of a local hospital, af-
forded considerable amusement to
the boys in blue who were watching
the proceedings. The mule would do
anything but pass through the gate-
way.

"Want any 'elp, chum?" shouted
one of the boys in blue to the driver,
as he rested a moment.

"No," replied the driver, "but I'd
like to know how Noah got two of
these blighters into the ark!"—Tit-
Bits.

FIT MAN FOR THE JOB.

A professional strong man, a per-
former in vaudeville, was a passenger
on a train from Chicago to New
York, and had occasion to go into the
day coach. There he was accosted
by an eccentric-looking person, who
said: "Pardon me, sir but are you
not the strong man?" "Some say I
am," was the good-natured response.
"You can lift three tons in harness?"
"That's my record." "You can hold
two hundredweight at arms' length?"
"Yes." "And put up 300 pounds with
one hand?" "Yes." "And 600 with
two?" "I can." "In that case," con-
tinued the eccentric-looking person,
"will you be so good as to undertake
to raise this car window for me?"—
San Francisco Argonaut.

HOW EDITORS GET RICH.

A man tells of a country editor who
started poor 20 years ago and has re-
tired with the comfortable fortune of
\$50,000. This money was acquired
through industry, economy, conscien-
tious efforts to give full value, indom-
itable perseverance and the death of
an uncle who left the editor \$49,
999.50.—Kansas City Times.

By Associated Press.

Berlin, Oct. 12.—The semi-official
Wolff news agency today circulates
Berlin despatches to the effect that
the German reply to President Wil-
son's note was sent last night and is
"in a sense" an acceptance of Mr.
Wilson's demands.

Warns the Public.

Washington, Oct. 12.—German reports
that the reply to President Wilson is
"in a sense" an acceptance of his de-
mands caused an authoritative state-
ment today warning the public against
believing that Germany is about to
end the war by unconditional surren-
der.

First Condition Unacceptable.

Amsterdam, Oct. 12.—Berlin bank-
ers today notified their correspond-
ents here that President Wilson's
first condition—evacuation of occu-
pied territories—is unacceptable.

Report Unconfirmed.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The state de-
partment is still without official ad-
vices confirming reports that Turkey
has appealed to the allies for peace
on the allies' terms. There is also
nothing regarding the report that
Austria has sent another communica-
tion.

To Demand Evacuation.

Paris, Oct. 12.—A semi-official state-
ment today says German press com-
ment indicates that Germany is about
to demand evacuation of German
colonies and occupied Turkish terri-
tory.

Austrian Premier Resigned.

Zurich, Oct. 12.—Baron von Hus-
sarek, the Austrian premier, has re-
signed, according to the Vienna cor-
respondent of the Vossische Zeitung,
which adds that Professor Lam-
mausch, a pacifist and anti-German,
will be his successor.

Food Speculators Worried.

Amsterdam, Oct. 12.—The Bremen
Weser Zeitung reports feverish ex-
citement among clandestine food spec-
ulators, who face the dilemma of
whether to hold on to their stocks or
sell. The newspaper says it has re-
ceived advertisements offering var-
ious delicacies which had long disap-
peared from the market.

Fallen at a Blow.

Paris, Oct. 12.—The official state-

360 AMERICANS ARE LOST IN COLLISION

TROOPS MAINLY WITHOUT SEA
EXPERIENCE AND WOULD
NOT JUMP TO
DESTROYER.

By Associated Press.

London, Oct. 12.—After a check at
American headquarters, it was an-
nounced that 360 American soldiers
were lost when the transport Otranto
was sunk in a collision off the Scot-
tish coast.

The bodies of 290 of the Otranto
victims were recovered. The ship is a
total wreck. The Kashmir, with
which the Otranto collided, landed its
passengers safely. The troop ships
collided while a heavy storm was
raging. The lost troops, largely from
the interior of the United States and
without sea experience, preferred to
remain on the bigger ship rather than
risk jumping to the small destroyer
Mounzy which attempted to rescue
them.

WANT WOMEN IN PARLIAMENT.

London, Oct. 12.—The national con-
ference of women which is to be held
in London early next week under the
auspices of the Labor Party is ex-
pected to mark a new epoch in the pro-
gress of the movement for equal
rights in England. The first resolu-
tion to be submitted to the confer-
ence will demand that the Govern-
ment should immediately pass a bill
enabling women to be elected to the
House of Commons. The new Fran-
chise bill has been tested on this
point and the law officers of the
Crown have decided—for what it is
worth—that women are not eligible
under its provisions.

The women will demand that this
matter be made clear in their favor,
and the attitude of the political lead-
ers to their claim may have a sub-
stantial bearing on the results of the
next general election. One thing
now appears to be beyond dispute,
all the political leaders are against
having women in the House of Com-
mons. But the desire to outma-
neuver each other in pursuit of the
woman's vote is likely to result in
many of the leaders being forced to
support the bill.

The women, if they can be induced
to vote, will be the deciding factor in
the next election. There are more
than 6,000,000 women voters out of a
total of 20,000,000.

The subject of the eligibility of wo-
men to sit in the House of Commons,
while occupying the foremost place
on the agenda, will not be the only
important matter to receive the at-
tention of the women at their coming
conference. They will demand the
enactment of further legislation ad-
mitting women to the professions,
from which they are at present ex-
cluded, and the amendment of the
Representation of People Act so as to
give votes on short residential qual-
ification to all men and women of 21
years or over.

ment today says that the river Sulpice
has been crossed at several places
and the Retourne river reached. Be-
tween Hodilecourt and Sault St.
Remy the French are rapidly advanc-
ing. In Champagne, Sugny and Ma-
chault have been reached and a whole
series of powerful enemy barriers
have fallen at a blow. The French
penetrated the important railway
town of Vouziers this morning. They
hold the general line of the Retourne
and the road from Pauvres to Vou-
ziers.

Try to Slow Advance.

With the British Army in France,
Oct. 12.—The enemy today began an
attempt to slow up the Anglo-Ameri-
can advance on the main battlefield.
All the bridges across the Selle from
Le Cateau southward were dynamited
and the Germans are digging in
furiously a mile east of the river.

All Villages Burning.

With the French Army, Oct. 12.—
All the villages in the whole region
south of the Laon are burning.

Americans Fought in Adriatic.

Italian Sea Base, Lower Adriatic,
Oct. 12.—For the first time in the
history of the world, American ships
fought in the Adriatic, participating
in the destruction of one of the great-
est of the Austrian naval bases—
Durazzo. The whole Italian fleet took
part, aided by American submarine
chasers which went ahead with
French and British destroyers to pre-
vent interference. The Americans
steered into the Austrian mine fields,
marking a safe passage for the larger
craft.

BE LOYAL

to the men who are giving their lives to their
country—and yours. This struggle is YOUR
struggle and OUR struggle as much as it is
THEIR struggle.

Show them that you are with them.

Buy A Liberty Bond Today.

LAREDO NATIONAL BANK
LAREDO, TEXAS



MRS. GOOD COOK:

DON'T YOU WANT

A GOOD NEW RANGE?

ASK HIM TO BUY IT FOR YOU.

HE WILL

YOU WILL LIKE OURS.

COME SEE THEM.

WE SELL WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

ELGIN

WALTHAM

MILITARY WATCHES

are now extensively used by our boys over there. A watch
that comes from Daiches will give satisfactory and enduring
service. These watches have proven by actual tests that
they are qualified to render time-keeping qualities such as
required by the military.

L. Daiches

The Jeweler

GRUEN

OMEGA

GOOD MATERIAL, honest work-
manship, and careful attention to
sanitary conditions make your plumbing a
source of pleasure.

In "Standard"
fixtures you get
guaranteed ma-
terials—you run no
risk. And in our
service you receive
the results of ex-
perience, skill, and
an honest desire to
furnish plumbing of
unequalled quality.



JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE CO.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords
to its patrons security and comfort
BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM, SERVICE
TODAY.

Today the Last Day. Lewis S. Stone in "INSIDE THE LINES."
There are no battle scenes in this picture—the plot being concerned
with the foiling of German spies—but nevertheless this is one of the
most thrilling pictures filmed in a long time. It is pictured from the
tremendous New York stage success of the same name.

Also Pathe News No. 73 and Allies Official War Review No. 13.
Admission 10c and 20c.
Tomorrow: Claire Anderson.
Monday: Henry B. Walthall.

From Friday's Daily.

DIED OF NEGLECT.

Pitiful stories come from our neighboring city of Nuevo Laredo, where there have been a number of deaths from influenza, or at least, from the complications resulting from neglected cases. Persons who have been across the river report seeing whole families prostrated, without medical attention or other aid.

The most dangerous feature of the influenza is the weakened condition in which it leaves the patient, as during its course there is absolute lack of appetite, even were it advisable to eat. As a result, the complications which set in find a ready victim.

Another distressing feature is the unwillingness of many—even those who can afford it—to call in a doctor, trusting to "Nature" to effect a cure. Many proceed to the drugstores and call for some remedy suggested or recommended by others, and sometimes it is necessary for the druggists to tell their customers that the "remedies" called for are absolutely without value.

Only a physician should be called upon to prescribe for this disease, which frequently establishes a foothold for dangerous complications, and in most cases it is dangerous, according to the bulletin of the Public Service, to take the so-called "safe, sure and harmless" remedies advertised by patent medicine manufacturers.

The bulletin says: "One should keep out of crowds and stuffy places as much as possible, keep homes, offices and workshops well aired, spend some time, out of doors each day, walk to work if at all practicable—in short, make every possible effort to breathe as much pure air as possible." This advice can be followed by all who are not actually in bed with influenza, and even then they can be kept clean and well aired.

Those who are familiar with the horror the average Mexican of the lower classes has for fresh air when at all sick will readily understand how difficult it is to prevent the spread of infection when the disease has once obtained a foothold.

Influenza is probably one of the most contagious diseases known. The germs are carried by the air, and can be readily communicated from one person to another, even on the street and much more so within the confines of a house.

Like all diseases which are classed as "colds," cleanliness is important in this particular ailment. The patient should have plenty of water to drink, and the medicine the doctor prescribes should be faithfully administered. The rest of the treatment consists of quiet and as little exertion as possible.

The people who are the easiest affected are the ones who do not observe the primary laws of sanitation and hygiene. The pores should be kept open, while the patient should be kept of a draft, and yet the circulation of air should be such that fresh air is always entering.

So far no doctor has discovered a means of preventing the disease, and no one is certain as to the identity of the particular germ which causes it. One particular form of bacillus is always—or almost always—found in this disease, but as it is always accompanied by one or more other forms, it is difficult to declare which causes the ailment.

The health authorities have always found the greatest number of cases, as well as the most virulent cases, where there is overcrowding, and the tenement districts in the larger cities are hence centers of infection which are hard to get rid of. Here in Laredo there are some districts in which many persons live in a few houses, in the midst of such filth and equal as is hardly describable. It is natural that this class of people, with out the most rudimentary ideas of what constitutes sanitation, should be the first to succumb.

So far there have been but few deaths in Laredo, and in all cases the death has resulted from a complication, such as pneumonia. With care, both during the disease and after partial recovery, there should be few mortal cases, as our climate is in favor of a cure.

THE GERMAN FALLACY.

It seems to be believed by the Germans that they can do as they wish for as long as they wish, and that whenever they desire they can throw up their hands and quit without any disastrous results. This is plainly manifest in their present acts of destruction while they are begging for peace.

Preliminary to forgiveness there must be repentance. One could not grant forgiveness to a man who was still defiant and wilfully antagonistic. He must be sorry before he can be forgiven, and he must show his sorrow by his acts.

The German feels that he is so superior to all others that he can do as he pleases and still be considered immune from punishment and undeserving of condemnation. What he does the German considers right because he did it and he is naively surprised at the criticisms of his conduct from others.

A great deal of this is naturally "camouflage," as is evident from the cowardly whine of "kamerad" from each captured prisoner, and a great

deal more of it proceeds from ignorance. When an entire nation is taught from infancy that it is right to do things for the nation which would not be permitted for the individual, it is not surprising that there is a double standard of morals in Germany.

For years the lower classes in Germany have been taught that there is a double standard of morals as regards the sex question; one for the noble and wealthy, and the other for the poor and insignificant. So when a German soldier of the class nearest to the brutes finds himself in an enemy country, he applies this same standard to the women captives of his bow and spear.

It is not surprising, when one studies the German character. But it is none the less disgusting, and it must be wiped out, for the spread of such doctrines would go far toward destroying the world. The morals of the Anglo-Saxon races have established them as the most dominant force in the civilization of the modern world. In the descending scale are the races whose morals are lax, and who have a different standard for each grade in society. And nearly the lowest of these are the Germans.

What other nation in the world would dare flaunt its "Christianity" in the face of others while committing the foulest crimes? What other nation would dare to speak of civilization while its soldiers, from the highest to the lowest, are stained with the crimes of barbarism?

What other people in the world would commit a crime "in the name of our good old German God," and proudly boast of it, as have the Germans? What other people would destroy the sacred places of the religion they profess to follow, and join hands with the enemies of that religion in abusing their fellow believers?

What other nation professing to believe in the Cross of Christ would profane that cross and rob the altars of the sacred vessels? And the present Prussian soldiers are supposed to be the descendants of the Teutonic Knights who established the religion of Christ among the heathen Wends and Lituanians!

In all this orgy of blood there has not been a single Christian priest or minister of Germany who has raised his voice against the abuses, and the Archbishop of Cologne one of the Kaiser's most subservient tools, even excommunicated a French priest who became a successful aviator!

We are doing well in waiting to see if the present bid for peace is but another Teuton trick to permit a reorganization of the German forces for a final effort against the allies. We should not trust too far the people who ask for peace and who still destroy wantonly what they cannot take away and do not wish to leave for others.

No armistice with this sort of enemies; no peace save that of unconditional surrender; no terms save those of absolute annihilation of their military and naval power and reparation for all the wrongs they have committed. Let them be anathema!

WILL DECORATE THE GRAVES OF DEPARTED LOVED ONES

AND LISP PRAYERS FOR REPOSE OF THEIR SOULS.

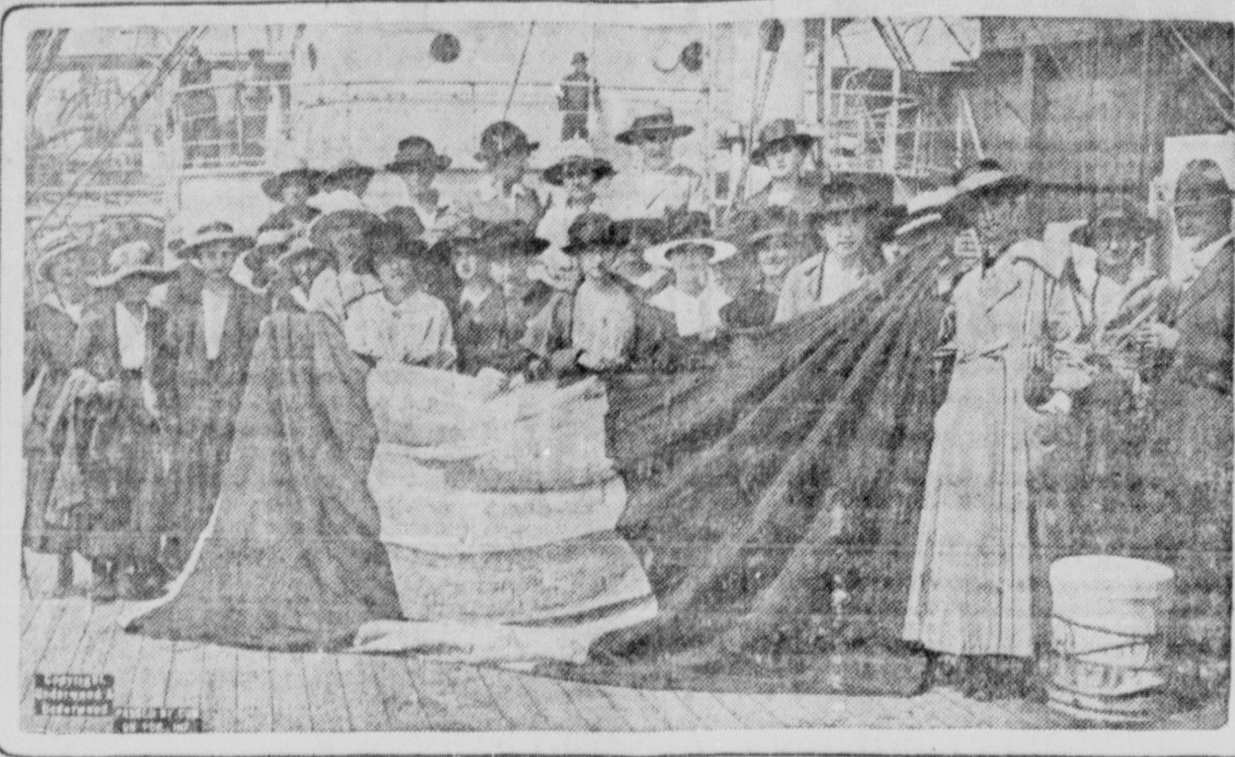
On All Saints and All Souls Let Us Remember Those Who Have Died For Us "Over There."

Thursday, October 31, is Halloween, and immediately following that comes All Saints Day on November 1 and All Souls Day on November 2. Halloween is the occasion for pranks of many kinds and is observed through out the world by young and old alike.

All Saints and All Souls Days are occasions when those members of the family circle of other loved ones who sleep the eternal sleep are remembered, and their graves are decorated with flowers, while prayers for the repose of their souls are lisped above the mound that mark their last resting place. Since the last observance of these days a year ago many a Laredo family has been bereft of some loved one who now sleeps in the silent city of the dead, and on All Saints and All Souls Days they will make the pilgrimage to the cemetery and there linger by the side of those graves and as they gently place mute remembrances on the mound above the grave lisps a prayer that the soul of the departed one may rest in peace.

And let it be the duty of those who on All Saints and All Souls Day this year lisps a prayer for their dead here in Laredo, also raise their heads to the Omnipotent Father above and beseech him to have mercy on the souls of those brave boys who have made the supreme sacrifice on the battlefields "over there" that we may live here in peace and safety from the foe of humanity—let us pray for the brave men who died for us on foreign battlefields that the world be safe for democracy, humanity and justice. There are many who have died a heroic death "over there" who have nobody to pray for them, so let the prayer of those who go on their knees at the graveside of a departed loved one include in that little prayer a word for the boys who gave all for their country, their flag, for you,

FRENCH GIRLS COME TO ENTER AMERICAN COLLEGES



Sixty-two young French girls have arrived in America, the first of a group of 230 chosen for scholarships at American universities. They are to study in American colleges, so that after the war they may return to France with American educational ideals and teach them there among their own people.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

OCTOBER 11.

1745—Marshal Saxe defeated the allies of Austria at Rocoux, and completed the conquest of the Austrian Netherlands.

1777—Casimir Perier, the Minister of France who died from cholera contracted in hospital visits, born at Grenoble. Died in Paris, May 16, 1832.

1796—Spain in alliance with France declared war against England.

1797—British defeated the Dutch in great naval battle off Camperdown.

1808—Frederick von Beust, the Austro-Hungarian premier, called for a standing army of 800,000 men.

1870—The French city of Orleans was taken by the Germans after severe fighting.

1914—German Taubes dropped bombs on Paris, killing three persons and injuring fourteen.

1915—Russians broke the Austro-German line on the Strya.

1916—Italians launched general attack on Austrian positions on coastal district front.

W. S. S.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1533d day of the Great War. Sixty-five years ago today the first clearinghouse in the United States was established in New York City.

The President and Mrs. Wilson are to start for New York today to attend the great Liberty Day celebration in that city.

London has prepared a rousing welcome for Marshal and Madame Joffre, who are to arrive there today on a visit to the British nation.

War-time problems affecting the electrolyzing industry are to be considered at the annual convention of the Master Electrolyzers' Association of America, meeting today at Cincinnati.

Delegates from many of the Southern States are to gather today at Birmingham for a sectional conference on the problem of tuberculosis, to be conducted under the auspices of the National Tuberculosis Association.

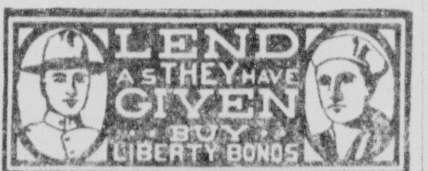
Baltimore is to be the meeting place today of a provincial conference of Catholics to consider plans for their participation in the November campaign to raise a joint fund of \$170,000,000 for war camp community service.

Members of the National Council of Cotton Manufacturers have called an important meeting of cotton goods to be held in New York today to discuss the application of Government prices to foreign trade.

W. S. S.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.



THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Tiburcio Lozano, who is herein after styled defendant, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 49th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 49th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Webb County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Laredo, on the 12th Monday after the 1st Monday in September, A. D. 1918, the same being the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 4829, wherein John Finnigan Co. (a corporation) is plaintiff, and Tiburcio Lozano is defendant, said petition alleging: That the defendant is indebted to plaintiff upon an open account for moneys advanced to the defendant, in the sum of (\$3,263.25) three thousand two hundred and sixty-three dollars and twenty-five cents. That said moneys were advanced by the plaintiff to the defendant in purchasing hides for plaintiff, and which moneys the defendant has appropriated to his own use and benefit against the wish and knowledge of plaintiff. To plaintiff's damage in the sum of \$3,263.25, which amount of money is now owing and due plaintiff from the defendant and that plaintiff claims a lien on any and all property of the defendant within the jurisdiction of the court, to satisfy the payment of said debt, and prays for a judgment for said debt against the defendant, and for a foreclosure against any property of the defendant to satisfy said debt.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Eliseo E. Ochoa, Clerk of the District Court of Webb County.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Laredo, Texas, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1918.

ELISEO E. OCHOA, Clerk, District Court, Webb County

W. S. S.

Sour Stomach. Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days, and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

W. S. S.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

W. S. S.

Simple Remedy Making Good IN STOPPING SEVERE COLDS. Has Been Tried by Many People in Laredo and They Pronounce it a Wonder in Doing Its Work.

The simple remedy suggested by a San Antonio party and published in the Express several days ago as a sure cure for a cold in one night, and thus a preventive of influenza, has made good everywhere it has been tried and a number of Laredo people, who are O. K. on the inhalation, which is put up by local druggists at 25c. per bottle. The simple prescription is:

Menthol GrX
Gum camphor GrX
Carbolic acid GtssV
Alcohol qs 1 oz.

To use the remedy and get quick results pour a little in the palm of your hand and then rub with the other hand until the alcohol has evaporated. Then place both hands over mouth and nose and inhale deeply. The best time to use the remedy is just before retiring and it will stop a cold the first night. If colds are prevented it will check the spread of influenza.

W. S. S.

W. S. S.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH, Offices, Brannan Building, Laredo, Texas, October 7, 1918. 10-8-3t

W. S. S.

W. S. S.

W. S. S.

W. S. S.

\$336,000 IS SUBSCRIBED SO FAR TO THE BOND ISSUE

WITH UNITED EFFORT OF ALL COUNTY WILL GET QUOTA.

Approximately \$187,000 is Lacking and Many Can Increase Subscriptions and Help Attain the Goal.

When the Liberty Bond soliciting committees of Webb county made their tabulation at one o'clock yesterday afternoon the result showed that a total of \$300,300 had been subscribed in Webb county, and Chairman James stated last night that additional subscriptions of approximately \$26,000 were in sight to be reported today—and probably more. This calculation would bring the grand total of subscriptions up to approximately \$336,000, leaving a balance of \$187,000 to be raised within the next eight days if Webb county would attain her full quota and put the bond subscription "over the top."

Considering the handicap under which the committees have worked the past few days with the epidemic of influenza harassing their work and putting several members out of commission, Webb county is going along nobly with the work assigned to her. Will the committees be able to reach the goal by securing the lacking \$187,000? To do this about \$25,000 daily must be secured in subscriptions until the end of the campaign on October 19. Perhaps the quota will be obtained and perhaps it will not be, but let's all pull together to attain the objective. With the American forces now having the Huns in full retreat and the dawn of peace being near at hand, every red-blooded American who is able to subscribe a dollar should get on the subscription list, for Liberty Bonds will be worth more than their face value with success to the cause of the allies—and that success is now practically at hand, but much money is now needed by Uncle Sam to finish the work he started.

If you have already subscribed liberally to the Fourth Liberty Bond and now realize that you can stand a little more for the sake of the success of the army of justice, humanity and democracy, put yourself down for whatever additional amount you care to—every little bit helps in putting Webb county in that honorable and glorious position where she can proclaim to the world that she did her duty and subscribed the full amount of the bond issue asked of her by Uncle Sam. And then when peace comes you can look proudly on and say, "I did my part in accomplishing this."

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LAREDO ICE FACTORY

P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.

Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water

Delivered to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE 252

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive element that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's disease, diabetes, acid dyspepsias, etc. Ask for booklet.

L. VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS LAREDO, TEXAS

FIRE INSURANCE F. M. RAMSAY

1301 Iturbide St. PHONE 82

Madam: What are you going to do when the draft calls your husband to the colors? The Government needs thousands of Stenographers and Typists. Why not take a Business Course and serve your Country too?

The LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE

is prepared to train you thoroughly, at 208-210-212 Alexander Bldg.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Marcos M. Treviño and Francisco Sanchez Garza of Laredo, Webb county, Texas, under the firm name of Marcos M. Treviño & Co. and known as the "Central Hardware Store" was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of October, 1918, Mr. Garza retiring from the business. All accounts due the said partnership will be collected by Marcos M. Treviño and all debts due by said firm will be paid by him. The business will be continued by Marcos M. Treviño at the same place and under the same firm name.

M. M. TREVIÑO, F. SANCHEZ GARZA.

I have sold my interest in the hardware business of Marcos M. Treviño & Co. known as the "Central Hardware Store" to Mr. M. M. Treviño of the same firm, who will pay and collect all accounts concerning the business.

In retiring from the business I wish to thank the public for the nice patronage given us during the time I was a member of the firm and solicit a continuance of same for my successor.

F. SANCHEZ GARZA 10-2-10t.

THE CALL TO ACTION. KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT. 2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES. LIQUIDS AND PASTES. FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES. PRESERVE THE LEATHER. The F. F. DALLEY CORPORATION, LIMITED, BUFFALO, N. Y.

LEND AS THEY HAVE GIVEN. BUY LIBERTY BONDS.

LOCAL NEWS

The following importations from Mexico passed through this port this morning: Five carloads of calamine, one carload of lime, one carload of jarca, one carload of hides, one carload of skin, one carload of hair, one carload of bones and one carload of arsenic.

The Laredo Business College will be closed until next Monday on account of the epidemic of influenza. This step was taken merely as a precautionary measure.

Never before in the history of the business life of Laredo has the condition been so bad that practically all lines of industry were "shot to pieces" by the visitation of an epidemic as at this time, when the influenza has a grip on hundreds of persons and all lines are suffering, for when a man has a genuine siege of the influenza he feels "rotten" to the full extent of the meaning of that word.

The influenza situation in Nuevo Laredo is reported as very grave and the disease is on the increase there with a heavy daily mortality. The Mexican city is reported without sufficient medical aid, while many of the poor people stricken by the influenza over there have no home comforts and the disease rapidly develops pneumonia and fatal results.

Mrs. Maria H. de Juarez, daughter of Don Eligio Herrera, and a member of one of Laredo's pioneer families, died at her home corner San Francisco and Zaragoza, on Tuesday night as a result of influenza and the funeral was held yesterday afternoon from San Agustin cathedral. Two children of deceased, also her mother and sister are critically ill at their home.

Saturday is Columbus Day and will also be observed as "Liberty Day" throughout the country. In this city the day will be observed with appropriate exercises by the Mexican citizens who will celebrate the victories of the allies in the war and laud their efforts for saving the world from the brutal Huns.

THE MAN WHO WAS OVER-CONFIDENT.

(A Fable in Slang With Apologies to George Ade).

By Joseph W. Kenney.

If the Yanks ever needed anyone to sing their praises Uncle Jim at the Corner Grocery could be relied upon to chant the Anthem, for he knew from the day War was declared that when the Americans got "over there" they would roll up the Hindenburg Line in a jiffy and put Kaiser Bill on his knees in three or four months. Uncle Jim meant well and everyone liked to see him display that spirit, but some of the Wise Heads cautioned him that we couldn't take any chances on rolling up the line and that we didn't know what the "All Highest" might have up his sleeve.

After the allies started Heimle running back from the Marne, took his Coal Bin away from him at Lens, chasing him out of his comfortable Club Rooms at St. Quentin, bottled up some of his water wagons at Ostende, smashed through his front yard at St. Mihiel, with their big guns pointing over toward his Iron Mines and the Chorus of Whimpers arose from the German press everyone was jubilant and Uncle Jim predicted that the boys would be back home with us for Christmas dinner.

Then came the Fourth Liberty Loan, the demoralization of the Turkish army and Austria trying to get under cover. Uncle Jim was reading the Peace Note of Baron Buriand when a solicitor from W. J. Sam's Liberty Loan Committee came into his store and asked him to subscribe. "Look here," said Uncle Jim, "have you read this Peace Note? I tell you the war'll soon be over." "No, I haven't had time to read it yet," said the solicitor. "I have to see everybody on this street and I'm only half through. Besides, Uncle Sam hasn't called off the Liberty Loan, has he? No, and he's not likely to, because the money is all spent." Uncle Jim was a good citizen and he subscribed liberally for the bonds.

But he had been talking to the boys along the street and had put the idea into their heads that the war was about over and the subscriptions began to fall down.

"Look here, Uncle Jim," said the solicitor, "have you ever heard of the peace pincers? Has it occurred to you that if the Kaiser can make the Liberty Loan a failure in the United States by this peace talk that he may be able to reorganize the Germans to stiffen up on the Western front?"

"No, I never thought of that," said Uncle Jim. "Let me go with you for a while. I think I can get those boys to come across. The only thing that is wrong with them is they are over-confident and they don't realize how much Uncle Sam needs the money."

MORAL.—To slacken our effort is to help the Kaiser. Buy bonds to the limit.

New Castle, Pa., Oct. 7, 1918.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

There will be a business meeting of the Aid Society of the Christian Church at the home of Mrs. Frank Hamilton. All members are requested to be present.

Owing to the illness of the Society Editor, it is practically impossible to give her column today.

General Mention.

Because of the prevailing sickness, there will be no meeting of the Paris Guild of Christ Church of the Junior Auxiliary.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will not have a meeting this week because of the epidemic.

There will be no story-telling hour this week on the Heights, due to so much sickness.

The various societies of the Baptist church will meet Thursday at 4 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. DeWolf have arrived from Dawson, Georgia, to spend the winter with his brother, Mr. S. W. DeWolf.

On account of the spread of the influenza, the W. C. T. U. meeting for Friday will be postponed.

Announcement.
The Honor Guard Girls will meet with Mrs. Hugh Clark Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Celebrate Liberty Day.

The following fine program has been arranged for the Mexican celebration of "Liberty Day" Saturday evening at the Salon-Teatro Lincoln:

Overture, Quintette
Address: "The World Conflict," (1st part)
Sr. Manuel Muzquiz Blanco.

"Redentora," Poem by Sr. Lie. Rafael Trujillo, written expressly for this celebration,
Srita. Teodora Sanders.

"Siciliana" from Cavalleria Rusticana, cello by Sr. Eduardo L. Martinez, piano accompaniment, Sr. Jose Ramirez.

Violin Solo, Sr. Francisco Rivaduya piano accompaniment, Sr. Jose Ramirez.

Poem Sr. Lie. Rafael Trujillo Selection, Royal Orchestra

Melopea, Srita. Zenaida Salinas; piano, Prof. Julian M. de Villar; violoncello, Prof. Juan Macias.

Address—2d Part,
Sr. M. Muzquiz Blanco.

"Lamento," G. Marie; violoncello, Prof. Juan Macias; piano, Prof. J. M. de Villar.

Cavatina, J. Raff; violin, Prof. J. Arevalo; piano, Prof. J. M. de Villar.

"Poem of the Indian,"
Guillermo Aguirre y Fierro.

"Marsellaise," Royal Orchestra.

The apotheosis presented in this last number was arranged by the Mexican artist, Sr. Luis V. Davila.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1532nd day of the Great War.
Today is Father Mathew Day, the anniversary of the birth of Father Theobald Mathew, the "Apostle of Temperance."

The semi-centennial anniversary of the beginning of the ten years' war (1868-78) will be observed today in Cuba.

In China today will be celebrated as Wuchang Day, the seventh anniversary of the great revolution against Manchu monarchical rule which had endured nearly three centuries.

Many persons will recall today as the thirtieth anniversary of one of the worst railroad disasters in American history—an excursion train collision near Penn Haven, Pa., which resulted in the loss of more than 60 lives.

Stockholders of the Central Vermont Railway, at their annual meeting today at St. Albans, are expected to take action relative to the agreement with the Federal government for the taking over the company's property.

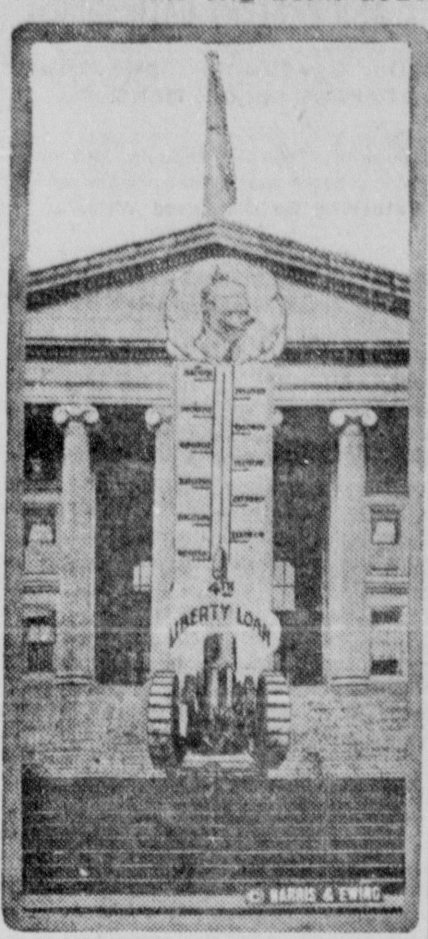
Prominent insurance men from numerous States are to gather today at Briar Cliff Lodge, N. Y., to participate in the semi-annual meeting of the Western Insurance Bureau.

Initial steps toward the establishment of a League of Nations are expected to be taken at the conference to assemble in London today under the auspices of the Council of the League of Free Nations Association.

A series of parades, historical pageants and public meetings, beginnings today and continuing through the remainder of the week, has been planned in Chicago as the contribution of that city toward the celebration of the Illinois Statehood centennial.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

SHOWS HOW THE LOAN GOES



The progress, step by step, of a shell aimed at the Kaiser's head keeps people in the nation's capital informed of the effectiveness of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign. A sign, almost as tall as the building, has been erected on the south front of the treasury.

Farming in Australia.

Conditions governing agriculture in Australia are described by Commercial Agent Juan Hofas in his report on "Agricultural Implements and Machinery in Australia and New Zealand—Special Agents' Series No. 106." American farm tools and machinery are well liked in Australia, but they are not, in some instances, adapted to the needs of the native farmer. There would be a greater demand for American tractors if they could be used on ground that has not been cleared of stumps. Many other details regarding the farms and their requirements are discussed in the report.

Sinister.

The latest German defense of hospital bombing led Representative Tague to remark: "That defense is as sinister, and it shows conditions as rotten, as the speech of the rich business man, who chucked: 'I ought to get myself a new typewriter. The point is all coming off this one. Just look here on my coat.'"

PERSONALS

Capt. J. J. Sanders of the Rangers is registered at the Bender.

Clark Pease of Corpus Christi is a guest at the Bender.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food; strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 6c. Sold by all druggists.

With an aim toward stimulating the wartime production of iron and steel and coal and coke a special meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers is to open in Milwaukee today in conjunction with the national congress of the metal trades.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

Sour Stomach.
Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

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CLASSIFIED ADS

1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks. J. Maxey Pace, 819 Convent Ave. Phone 576. 4-4-tf.

For Rent:—Nicely furnished room with southeast exposure, all conveniences and centrally located. Inquire at Times office. 5-22-tf.

For Sale:—Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block 350, W. D. and Lot 8 in block 250, W. D. Terms to right party. B. J. Leyendecker. 9-17-tf.

For Sale:—Jersey cows; one or all you want. Have 130 head. Phone 728. 9-23-tf.

For Sale:—My Ford car; in good condition. E. J. Foster. 9-25-tf.

For Sale Cheap:—Automatic heater, suitable for large house. Apply 606 Flores avenue. 10-1-10t.

Wanted to Exchange:—Family residing on Heights wishes to move to city will exchange residence with some one wishing to reside on the Heights. House is situated near school house and has all modern conveniences. Apply: M. Botello, Imperial Cafe. 10-1-10t.

For Rent:—Brick cottage. All modern conveniences. Apply 702 Iturbide street. 10-5-5t.

For Rent:—Furnished rooms, centrally located. Everything new and first-class. All modern conveniences. Pappas Hotel, corner Flores and Hidalgo, upstairs over Laredo Candy Co. 10-5-10t.

For Sale:—Chrysanthemums for All Souls' Day, large or small quantities. 1619 San Bernardo avenue. 10-7-5t.

For Sale:—One Studebaker auto. New tires, Bosch magneto, fair condition. Apply 615 Zaragoza street. 10-5-5t.

For Rent:—Garage building on Matamoros street, formerly occupied by Citizens Auto Company. Apply A. M. Gutierrez at Milmo National Bank. 10-10-3t.

Help Wanted:—Good competent man or woman; prefer one can understand English. Apply Major A. B. Kaempfer, No. 8, Fort McIntosh. 10-10-2t.

Wanted:—Nurses at Fort McIntosh, Laredo, Texas. Practical nurses will be accepted, but trained nurses preferred. Pay \$75.00 fr trained and from \$30.00 to \$50.00 for practical nurses. Rations, quarters and laundry furnished in both cases. Anyone who has some experience in nursing can help at this time if they are willing to work. Apply at hospital office any time through the day. 10-10-1t.

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QUARTER MILLION GERMANS IN RETREAT AND BELIEVED IT SOON WILL BE GENERAL

Germans Are Demoralized and It Is Believed Their Retreat Is Only the First Step in a General Retirement of Forces Under Ludendorff—Towns and Farms Completely Burned by Fleeing Huns.

MEASURES TAKEN AGAINST CHOLERA.

New York, Oct. 10.—The reports that cholera has made its appearance in Berlin and Vienna, a fact that is not at all surprising in view of existing conditions that result from the war, call to mind the century long fight which New York City has made against the entry of this most dreaded of all scourges. Medical scientists and local health authorities agree that with the present excellent system of quarantine and the precautionary methods in vogue there is little possibility of the cholera gaining a foothold on this side of the Atlantic.

Science has supplied much knowledge as to the origin of this plague of the tropics but is has brought little that is new beyond that which was intuitively known—that isolation, cleanliness and watchfulness are effective weapons.

The greatest cholera epidemic in New York was in 1832, when it was reported that four thousand persons died from the disease. Cholera had come to the United States by way of Quebec and had run down toward the east and had followed the Mississippi Valley to New Orleans.

The first case reported here was on June 25, 1832. The cases multiplied rapidly. Quarantine was then little more than a name. The scourge disappeared in the fall of the year with the coming of cold weather. A few cases came two years later, but the visitation was of short duration.

The second great epidemic came in 1849 and there were numerous deaths. The first case in the second epidemic broke out in the Five Points on May 14, 1849. The public schools were used for hospitals, 1901 patients were treated in these improvised quarters and more than 1,000 died. It was estimated that the total death list was 3,000. In 1855 and again in 1856-7 the disease made its appearance in the United States, but the visitations were of short duration and there was little spread.

A conference held in 1850 in Paris, attended by representatives of the countries of southern Europe, resulted in the establishment of modern international quarantine regulations. Staten Island was chosen in 1853 as the most desirable place for the New York quarantine station, and in the fifties and sixties the task of warding off infection from foreign countries was conducted with more system.

Dr. Vanderpool, the Health Officer in 1873, was the first to demonstrate here the merits of quarantine against cholera invasion by delaying vessels believed to be infected and adopting the highest standards of cleanliness. Only one case was reported in the city and no deaths were recorded. The first of the vessels to arrive with the disease on board was the Westphalia from Hamburg, on which there had been two deaths at sea. Nine passengers were cholera stricken in her hospital. One died.

Cholera next became a peril here in 1887, while Dr. William M. Smith was Health Officer of the Port. Several cases were brought on board the Alesia and the Britannia. Since the previous visitation a new era had dawned in medical science through the discoveries of Pasteur and Koch. These discoveries had brought modern bacteriology into being. The scare of 1887 resulted in a legislative appropriation to improve the facilities at the Quarantine Station.

In 1892 the cholera was again prevented from entering the United States by prompt and energetic measures of quarantine. The German steamship Moravia reached New York harbor Aug. 31, having had 20 deaths from cholera during her voyage. The President ordered 20 days' quarantine for all immigrant vessels from cholera-infected districts. Two days later the Normania and Rugia from Hamburg were put in quarantine. A week later the Scandia arrived with more cholera cases. Of the seventy cholera cases transferred from these vessels to Swinburn Island twenty-eight per cent died. But the quarantine measures adopted by the Federal and State governments were so stringent and effective that the scourge did not gain any foothold in New York or elsewhere in the United States.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

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By Associated Press.

Paris, Oct. 10.—A quarter million Germans are now in full retreat between Cambrai and St. Quentin, according to reports from the battle front. This movement is regarded by the allies as the first step in a general retreat by Gen. Ludendorff.

Demoralized Germans Fleeing.

With the Anglo-Americans at Cambrai Oct. 10.—The British and American forces continue to advance rapidly, driving the demoralized Germans before them, while the battle is on a field that was aflame throughout the night. Many fires have completely destroyed towns and farm houses.

Americans Drove Germans Back.

With the Americans at Verdun, Oct. 10.—The American forces operating west of Verdun returned to the attack against the formidable Kriemhild line today. The assault was made just south of Romagne and the brilliant speed of the advance forced the Germans back through the positions prepared by them. Further to the right the Americans forced their way through Cunel wood, which was bristling with machine guns. This success made it easier to storm Mamelle.

After all night heavy firing from the British guns the British attacked this morning from Cambrai south of the front held by the French. Canadian troops, after a "crash" barrage launched a powerful attack north of Cambrai. Canadian and British troops met in the center of Cambrai and advanced from the north and south. Many Germans had escaped, but thousands who had been left to launch a counter attack were soon killed or captured.

Penetrated German Line.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Penetration of the German main line of defense west of the Meuse by Americans against fresh enemy divisions was reported today by General Pershing.

British Made Progress.

London, Oct. 10.—Further progress was made last night by the British toward the northern part of the present battle front to the east of Cambrai. Fighting is going on in Cambrai on both sides of Caudy. The attack of the Anglo-American forces in the breach between St. Quentin and

TROOP MOVEMENTS ARE NOW SUSPENDED

OWING TO THE INFLUENZA NO TROOPS WILL BE SENT TO TEXAS CAMPS AT PRESENT.

Special to The Times.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 10.—At the request of Major Towne, General Crowder has suspended all movements of drafted men to Texas camps on account of the influenza situation. Ten thousand men were to have been moved this month.

Two Officers Killed.
Railway, N. J., Oct. 10.—Two officers are reported killed and several others injured in a fire which destroyed the officers' quarters at the base hospital at Colonia.

Revolt at Bruges.
Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—Many Belgians have been killed and wounded as the result of a revolt at Bruges. It is said the attempt of the Germans to deport civilians caused the populace to revolt. The German troops used their guns on the crowds.

May Ask Counter Guarantees.
Basel, Oct. 10.—Only military reasons could compel us to accept Wilson's conditions, says the Cologne Gazette, commenting on the American reply to the German peace offer. It is possible that Germany may require a counter guarantee, for example, the evacuation of the colonies occupied by the allies.

Kaiser's Abdication Rumored.
Stockholm, Oct. 10.—There is a persistent rumor here that Emperor William has abdicated.

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PORTO RICO GIVES.

By Associated Press.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 10.—Thousands of pounds of Porto Rico's favorite "duice," guava paste and jelly, and thousands of Porto Rico cigarettes will be sent from the island by the Red Cross to the soldiers on the fighting line in France. A campaign for contributions has already begun. Last year, the Porto Rico Chapter sent 25,000 pounds of paste and jelly to France. A committee on tobacco has been organized to get together material to manufacture smokes for the soldiers.

PERSONATES THE CZAR.

By Associated Press.

Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—Bearing a remarkable likeness to the late Emperor Nicholas, of Russia, a pretender who claims to have escaped from Bolshevik bondage and to be the former Emperor, is reported trying to bribe peasants in the Vladimir district of Russia to revolt against the Soviet government according to the Vetschernaya Ognl, a Petrograd newspaper. The impostor is said to have abundance of money and to have claimed he was seeking a refuge among his "faithful peasants."

SHOES HIGH IN ITALY.

By Associated Press.

Rome, Oct. 10.—Fifteen dollars a pair is being demanded here for an ordinary pair of shoes which only a few months ago could be bought for half that price. One of the measures adopted by the government to regulate the price of cloth is a decree compelling manufacturers to stamp the cost price on the material every three yards and prohibiting the retail price from being more than 35 per cent above cost.

From Wednesday's Daily.

UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT.

It is not difficult to foretell what President's Wilson reply to the German peace offer will be. Not only is he aware of what the American people expect of him at this juncture, but the allied press is a unit in rejecting the offer. "Unconditional surrender" is the keynote of the French and British press comment, just as it is here at home.

Says Figaro: "Let us suppose the proposition is accepted. Immediately in Germany there will be a delirium of joy. The people are electrified and the Kaiser has already retaken them into his hands. The humiliation of having demanded peace would disappear rapidly. He becomes the hero of heroes. He has resisted a world coalition."

L'Homme Libre says: "We are on the road to victory. We will not let them stop us. An armistice is not possible at the point at which we now are. Maximilian of Baden's propositions for peace are insufficient. We would not be satisfied with autonomy for Alsace-Lorraine. We want reparation for the past and guarantees for the future. Maximilian is silent on these two important points. The war continues. Germany is in despair. She begins to feel the anguish of her defeat. She sees that the catastrophe she has brought on will result in disaster for the Central powers."

But the most important statement, and one which we feel certain will suggest itself to Mr. Wilson without any help from others, is that of Le Journal: "The enemy offers to negotiate on the basis of President Wilson's peace program. There is no discussion between conqueror and conquered."

And that is precisely what Germany fears, and explains why she is so frantically suggesting an armistice and eventual peace. She wants to discuss terms of peace, instead of accepting those laid down. She knows that when she is finally conquered—and that cannot be long delayed—she will have no right to consider, much less offer, the peace terms. She will have to take what is offered. And even then she will fare a thousand times better than would her enemies had she conquered.

The old war motto of "Vae victis" (woe to the conquered) is not uppermost in the minds of any of the allies. But while beaten, disgraced Germany is pleading on bended knees for peace—the sort she proposes—her military officers are cruelly abusing the people in the occupied portions of France and Belgium, and are laying the grounds for a further demand for reparation.

All that France wants is the restoration of the lost provinces, indemnities for the damage done by the Germans and a guarantee that Germany will never again attempt to invade France. That is not much.

All that Italy demands is that Austria shall recede from the provinces of "Italia Irredenta" and pay for the damage she has caused in the present war. That is not much.

All that any of the allies want is reparation for the wrongs committed, payment for the damage done, and a promise—secured by sufficient guarantees—that Germany will be good in the future. That is not too much to ask.

As to our own country, we demand that Germany make good our financial losses caused by her blackguard diplomats and their willing tools, and guarantee that we shall never again be molested by Germany. Is that too much to ask?

What Germany wants is to be left in peaceful possession of the territories she has invaded, the return of her colonies overseas, the freedom from punishment for her crimes, and the "place in the sun" which she fondly imagined was to be hers by the simple expedient of trampling on humanity and betraying all the other nations. That's a good deal, isn't it? But it comes with an ill grace from Germany that now, when she is in danger of disastrous defeat—a defeat which would cause the loss of what ever prestige there is still left to the Hozenzollerns and their outlaw crew—she should presume to offer terms. There are no terms possible for Germany. One could just as well make terms with the burglar who had killed a faithful servant and robbed the house.

And we feel certain that Mr. Wilson's reply will be so plain and so emphatic in its nature that Germany will not hope for anything except what she deserves.

FIENDISH INGENUITY.

Not since the days of the Borgias has there been such a revival of the gentle art of poisoning as is directly due to the Germans in this war. Poison gas, poisoned wells, poisoned fruit left in the trail of the retreating Huns, poisoned candy left where children may find and eat it. And the work is on such a gigantic scale, that Satan may well tremble for his honors when the German emperor reaches the infernal domains.

Among civilized people poisoning has never been held in much favor, especially as an arm of war. It is true that some of the most noted poisoners have been persons of education and even refinement. But they were moral degenerates, and had they not

taken up poisoning, their passions would have turned to other means.

At present there is a great demand for fruit seeds with which to make defensive masks for the American soldiers exposed to poison gas. We have lost but a small percentage of our men by this insidious weapon, mainly because our allies had gone through the first stages of the gas attacks and had developed excellent protective masks.

But those who were first exposed to the German poison gas suffered severely, and even the Germans themselves, when the wind shifted and drove the gas waves over their positions, were unprepared to resist it.

It is but another proof that the German must be crushed. Were we to be confronted with a savage tribe of Africans or Filipinos who used poison against us, the Germans would be among the first to cry out at the savagery of the weapon. But when they use it, we must accept it as another evidence of German civilization, than which there is nothing viler on earth.

The German chemists have enjoyed a false prestige as the greatest chemists on earth. It is true that some original research has been made by Germans, but most of the alleged "German discoveries" were made by the chemists of other nations and then stolen by the treacherous Germans who succeeded in obtaining the formulas.

There is a wide range of poisons from which the German chemist may make his selection. There are animal poisons, mineral poisons and vegetable poisons. There are poisons which are developed by contact of a liquid with a substance otherwise innocuous. There are gases, solids, impalpable powders and even essences which are deadly poisons.

But German ingenuity has so far not kept in advance of other nations. When it became necessary to use poison gas to retaliate against the German weapon, it was ridiculously easy for the British, French and Americans to devise poison gas methods which rendered them superior to the enemy, and gave the Germans a taste of their own medicine.

Once this war is over it must be the last in which such inhuman weapons are used. The nations should unite to overpower and severely punish the author of any such attempt in the future. In modern warfare a man caught poisoning wells or using poison in any other way to destroy human or animal life is shot without mercy. And it would seem the deserts of a nation to be annihilated if it persists in using such methods.

Thousands of English and Canadian soldiers are sleeping their last sleep because of the German poison gas. Theirs was the fortune of war, but there would not have been such indignation over their death had it occurred in the expected and accepted way.

Our soldiers will come home to us filled with a righteous hatred of everything that is German. They will see in every German face a reminder of the tortures to which little children and innocent women were subjected, a reminder of the sufferings of allied soldiers in German prison camps; a reminder of treacherous "kumersads" stabbing their captives in the back; but above all, a reminder that Germany has poisoned the world.

The passions are in themselves poisonous. Rage frequently causes a severe syncope, and in some cases death. But the righteous rage that will fill the Americans is not the flaming, blood-red sort, but the white-hot passion which never cools down until its object is attained. And the defeat of the Germans is foredoomed by their own vile, devilish methods.

DISTRICT CHAIRMEN FOR WAR WORK CAMPAIGN NAMED

B. M. Alexander and Rev. C. W. Cook Chosen For Important Position in Work.

The following important appointments have been made in this district in connection with the United War Work Campaign to be conducted November 11-18: B. B. Alexander, Laredo, District Chairman; Mrs. J. L. Brown, Alice, District Chairman, Women's Division; Rev. C. W. Cook, Laredo, District Executive Boys' Division.

All these workers are directly under the district chairman. The district chairmen are now organizing their county committees. County workers, to be announced soon, will be under the direction of the county chairman.

This district contains the counties of Frio, Atascosa, Live Oak, McMullen, La Salle, Jim Wells, Duval and Webb.

These workers have been appointed because of their peculiar fitness for their several tasks, but will have the close co-operation of the regular Community Councils of Defense of the various school districts.

The United War Work Campaign will raise a minimum of \$170,500,000 to be apportioned according to their size and scope of work among the following officially recognized War Activities: Young Men's Christian Association, Young Women's Christian Association, Catholic War Council, Jewish Welfare Board, War Camp Community Service, American Library Association and Salvation Army.

IT COSTS TO SAFEGUARD LIBERTY

But no real man minds paying the price. It also costs to safeguard Health, but who wants to take chances with that great blessing? It costs more to make ice cream under sanitary conditions and with properly sterilized material than if we were indifferent to the health of our patrons, but who wants to feel uncertain about the character of the food they eat? We don't make cheaper ice cream.

We have sufficient faith in the good judgement of the people of Laredo to believe they want the best, and are willing to pay to have it so.

Come to our factory anytime during working hours and see how Borderette is made. IT'S PURE THAT'S SURE.

CONSUMERS' ICE CO.

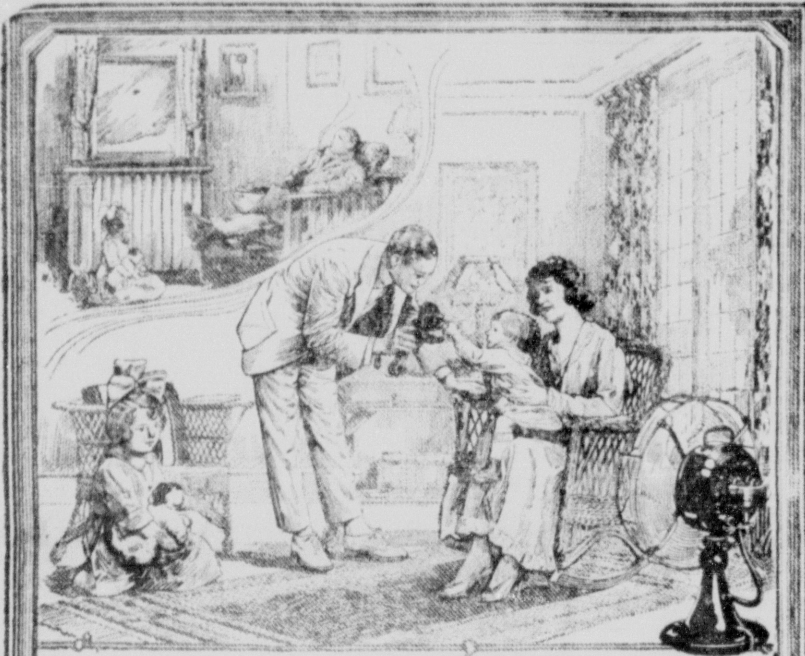
ANEMIA TABLETS

If you wish to increase your strength, vigor and nervous force take at once

"Dr. Riveroll's Anemia Tablets" the ONE TONIC which should be in every home.

They build up the nervous system wonderfully, and enrich the blood, imparting a healthy rose color to the cheeks. "ANEMIA TABLETS" keep the system always thoroughly healthy and in vigorous condition.

Procurable in sealed boxes at all good druggists



AS NECESSARY AS HEAT IN WINTER

You would as soon dispense with your heating apparatus as to endure a sweltering summer without Emerson Fans, once they have made your nights comfortable and your days fit to work in.

The added efficiency that results from being comfortable 24 hours a day pays big dividends on the small amount invested, and you will hardly notice the increase in your bills. Buy from

THE LAREDO ELECTRIC & RY. CO.

EMERSON FANS

With 5 Year Factory-to-User Guarantee

***** ONE YEAR AGO TODAY ***** TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS. *****

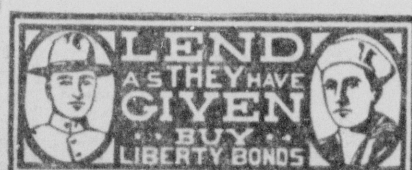
***** OCTOBER 9 *****

French and British delivered another attack in Belgium, penetrating German lines on wide front in Ypres region.

French official statement sent to Washington stated that Germany had passed the climax of her military strength.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.
International & Great Northern.
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 5:10 p. m.
Night Train.
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.
Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.



***** Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable. *****

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ills., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

COMBATING INFLUENZA AND PREVENT GATHERINGS

ACTING GOVERNOR JOHNSTON OFFERS SUGGESTIONS.

Recommends That All Schools, Motion Picture Shows and Other Places of Gathering Be Dispensed With.

The spread of influenza over certain states of the union appears to be quite pronounced and from many sections of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee and even to Washington, D. C., and the Eastern states, epidemics are reported, with hundreds of cases in many communities and the number of those with the disease being on the increase, although the death rate in most places is comparatively light.

Many cities and small communities of Texas which are in the grip of the disease have already adopted precautionary measures to stop the spread of influenza and to get the malady under control. Most places going to that extent where all public gathering places including schools, churches, moving picture shows, etc., have been closed and a veritable quarantine established to prevent large assemblages of persons. These precautionary measures are advisable for all sections, as the disease should be gotten under control before cold weather sets in, as the medical authorities fear considerable complications of the malady then and the development of pneumonia, which is very serious.

R. M. Johnston, acting governor of Texas during the absence of Governor W. P. Hobby in Washington, has issued the following suggestion from Austin and attention is directed to its provisions, to-wit:

"Irresistibly the fact is brought to the attention of the State authorities that every practicable precaution must be taken to prevent the spread of Spanish influenza which is now infesting certain portions of Texas. The Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service has today made the suggestion to the State health authorities of the advisability of discontinuing all public meetings and the closing of schools and places of amusement in the various localities of the State where the prevalence and severity of the disease renders such necessary in the opinion of the local authorities. After careful investigation the State health authorities have concluded that this is a disease propagated most effectively in crowds of people. This is recognized by the action of the army officials in providing additional space per man to prevent its spread.

"Therefore, I, R. M. Johnston, Acting Governor of the State of Texas, without assuming to this office the authority of dictating to or prescribing a specific course of action for the municipal authorities of the State, make the suggestion that the local authorities give their careful consideration the recommendation of the Federal and State Health authorities with a view to discontinuing public assemblages, closing public schools and places of public amusement in localities where the prevalence and severity of this disease renders such a course of action necessary and advisable."

W A S ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH, Offices, Brannan Building, Laredo, Texas, October 7, 1918. 10-8-2t

***** WOMEN'S THOUSAND DOLLAR LIBERTY BOND CLUB HERE *****

Patriotic Women of the City Have Organized and Will Help Webb County Attain Its Bond Quota.

"The Woman's \$1,000 Liberty Bond Club" has been organized in Laredo and the promoters of this most laudable patriotic organization are now at work to increase the club membership to as large a number as possible. All the women of Laredo are invited to become members, and those wanting information on the subject are requested to call Mrs. H. D. Shelby, phone No. 132, and she will gladly explain the purpose of the organization.

Ten business men of Laredo have what is known as the "Five Thousand and More Club," and the women are going to keep pace with them and have organized the "One Thousand Dollar Club" and have a good membership already. It is for the purpose of helping Webb county attain her quota in the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign that the club has been organized, so it is up to the women of the city to enroll and make a fine showing of their efforts.

***** Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TWO THOUSAND DELEGATES WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE

PRESIDENT WILSON AND CARRANZA ARE COMING HERE.

Official of American Federation of Labor Addressed Large Number Workingmen Here Last Night.

***** At least two thousand prominent officials, including President Wilson, President Carranza of Mexico, governors of the various states of this country, officials of the American and the Mexican Federations of Labor, the Pan-American Congress and prominent labor leaders and delegates from all parts will be in Laredo for the great International Labor Conference to be held from November 13 to 16 inclusive. *****

These are the facts brought out in the address made on the roof garden of the Soldiers' Club last evening, when Herman Ross, an official of the American Federation of Labor, who arrived here yesterday from New York, made an address to about three hundred workingmen of this section in behalf of the great International Labor Conference to be held in this city next month. This practically means that the city of Laredo must at once get busy and prepare for the entertainment of at least two thousand prominent officials and labor representatives while they are in this city, for Laredo is going down in history as the meeting place of one of the greatest labor conferences held in the history of the world, as Mr. Ross stated during his address last night. So it is up to Laredo to begin right now for the entertainment of numerous distinguished visitors during at least three days of next month.

Mr. Ross told the workingmen in attendance at the meeting last night that the conference would go down into history as an event of world-wide importance and that Laredo would be remembered as the meeting place of Labor's most prominent evangelists. He said only something unusual and extraordinary will prevent President Wilson and perhaps members of his cabinet being in attendance at the meeting here—that it was almost certain that he would come.

Mr. Ross discussed some of the subjects that would come up for consideration at the conference, stating that one of these was the recognition by the American Federation of Labor of the Mexican Federation of Labor members and putting them on a basis with other union workmen in this country when they come here in quest of employment. He said there were various matters of international importance to be discussed that would vitally concern the workingmen of this entire continent—that the conference would be participated in by the representatives of labor from North, Central and South America.

The great conference here next month will be called to order by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Mr. Gompers will be accompanied to Laredo by many officials high up in the ranks of that great labor organization.

***** Croup. *****

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

***** Still Has Onion Seed. ***** Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516. NO WAX. 9-26-18 *****

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

SEED GARDEN SEED

Just received everything in Seed for the Truck Grower

ROY CAMPBELL LAREDO, TEXAS

RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY

Buick Automobiles Cadillac Automobiles Buick Service Repable Trucks

We are the best equipped organization in Southwest Texas for caring for their customers.

We carry a more complete stock of parts for our cars than any other automobile represented in Laredo.

We have the largest number of satisfied customers in Laredo, because we are able to give them what they want when they want it.

"Better buy a BUICK than wish you had"

RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY

820 Convent Ave. Tel. 1163

WILL WEBB ATTAIN QUOTA? THAT'S THE QUESTION NOW

VERY LITTLE PROGRESS MADE IN THE PAST TWO DAYS.

At Noon Yesterday the Total Amount Reported by Committees Was \$270,000; Much More Is Needed.

The United States government, recognized by the allies as the savior of the world from autocratic rule and the application of the principles of German Kultur to all races, is going to dictate the terms of peace on behalf of the allies to the Entente Powers. What a glorious day it will be when the news goes forth that Uncle Sam has the Kaiser just where he wants him—that the austere autocrat who started out to set the world ablaze and subjugate it to his rule is now on his knees begging the allies to make peace terms.

But with all this coming to pass, it will be more glorious to Americans who have done their part in the Liberty Loan issue to learn that it was with their aid that this happy culmination was brought about. The Fourth Liberty Loan will do more than any of the other issues, for now we have the Germans and their allies running and with plenty of ammunition and the other essentials for a successful prosecution of the war the Fourth Liberty Loan will help to put the finishing touches on the Huns. And yet there are so many people who are withholding their subscriptions—or rather subscribing their minimum amounts instead of the maximum amounts to put their communities over the top in this bond issue.

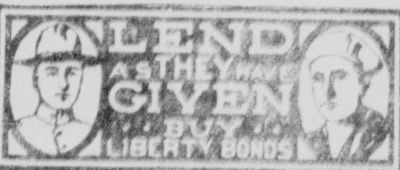
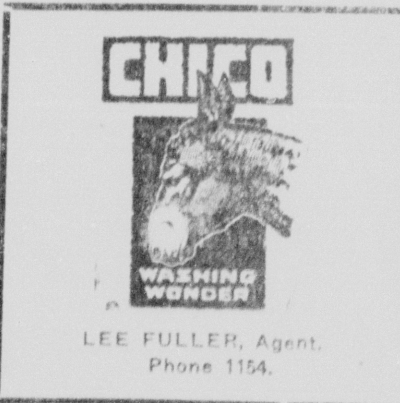
Here in Laredo and Webb county the subscriptions are coming in very slowly and unless there is a great improvement in the next few days Webb county will maintain the reputation she secured in the last three bond issues and fall down on getting her quota. The last report issued at noon yesterday showed a total of \$270,000 subscribed, leaving about \$253,000 yet to be subscribed. Is Webb county going to attain her quota? Not unless there is a decided change of heart on the part of her people who are able to subscribe—not unless they increase their subscriptions and help to get that Fourth Liberty Bond flag for their community. The present epidemic of influenza has harassed the committees in their work and many of the solicitors are down abed, but don't even let that prevent Webb county from going "over the top" by October 19, the last day of the present bond campaign.

Hem Stitching

I have bought Mrs. Sauls' hem-stitching machine, and have moved same from Mr. Richter's store to our residence, 910 Juarez avenue (two doors north Slaughter Hotel). For the present leave your work with my husband, Mr. J. J. Hudson of the Laredo Woolen Co., or phone 219.

I can do your work right.

Mrs. J. J. Hudson.





Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.
Alpha Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Dario Sanchez at 9:30 o'clock in the morning to do Red Cross work.
The Junior Auxiliary of the Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.
The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church will hold a business meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. All members are urged to be present.
Wednesday.
There will be no meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Church this week.

Little Sonny's Prayer.
Dear Lord, I am so little,
Pre-haps you will not hear,
But I feel sort of worried
About my daddy dear.

He went away all dressed up,
With sword 'n' buttons bright—
He's gone to—beat their stuff'n' out—
Course daddy'll win the fight.

But sometimes—just at bedtime—
I miss him dreadful—Oh,
We used to romp—there's no one
Can play like dad—I know!

My froat feels kind of choky,
My eyes are stingin'—Gee,
Mens never cry—but please, dear
Lord,
Bring daddy back to me! Amen.
—Margaret G. Hays.

General Mention.
Mrs. L. Boniger returned yesterday morning from San Antonio.

Mrs. E. F. Salisbury and children of Monterey are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Johnston and children will leave on Wednesday for Washington, D. C., to visit relatives.

Announcement.
There will be an important called meeting of Boy Scouts Torop No. 2 and Junior Scouts at headquarters Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock.
LEONARD CRAIG,
Scoutmaster.

Red Cross Notes.
St. Louis, Mo., October 5, 1918.
American Red Cross,
Laredo, Texas.

Attention Chapter Chairman and Director of Woman's Work: In order to meet the great emergency caused by the epidemic of influenza, we are enclosing herewith order for Contagious Ward Masks, which should be made with all speed. Materials are expressed to you today, but utilize all available material you have on hand. Shipping instructions will follow.

Sample and directions for making these masks are enclosed herewith. Discontinue all other surgical work until this order is finished. Trusting you will lose no time in completing these masks, and thanking you in advance for your ready co-operation, we remain,

Sincerely yours,
SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION,
Red Cross Committee on Influenza.
The surgical dressing room is open from 9 to 12 in the mornings and from 2:30 to 6 in the afternoons. All workers are urged to come.

MRS. T. A. AUSTIN,
Director of Woman's Work.

A Soldier's Heart.
Another fortunate little child gained a very distinguished godfather. He was given the Croix de Guerre for heroic work in an American ambulance unit at Verdun, and he won the D. S. C. a few weeks ago when, although wounded when a shell wrecked his ambulance and later gassed, he refused to stop his work of succoring the wounded. He was in the hospital and received the decorations a few days ago, and, just to observe the occasion contributed 500 francs for the support of a French orphan. "Credit it to my mother," he instructed, "and list it as Pawhuska, Okla. That's where she lives, and don't use my name."

—Stars and Stripes.

W. S. S.
Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.



PERSONALS

Hon. Marshall Hicks of San Antonio arrived here this morning and is in attendance at district court, where his firm has a number of cases on the docket this term.
Hon. Zack Lamar Cobb, former collector of customs of the El Paso district, delegate to the Baltimore Democratic convention in 1912, well known newspaper correspondent and campaign orator and personal friend of President Wilson, arrived in the city this morning and is registered at the Bender Hotel.

W. S. S.
Sour Stomach.
Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

W. S. S.
ANNIVERSARY OF FIRST SIGNER.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 8.—In these days when the major portion of the world is engaged in a great conflict for independence and freedom, it is interesting to recall that today is the 125th anniversary of the death of the first signer of the American Declaration of Independence—John Hancock, than whom no individual played a more active and influential part in the preliminaries of the Revolution, and in the war itself. Hancock's prominent, bold signature was affixed to the Declaration of Independence, July 4, 1776. As before stated, he was the first signer of the document, which as first published, went abroad to the world with only his official signature attached to it.
John Hancock was born at Quincy, Mass., Jan. 12, 1737. His father died when he was young and he became a member of his uncle's household. At 17 he was graduated from Harvard. His uncle gave him a clerkship in his counting-room and in 1760 sent him to England. After a short stay Mr. Hancock returned to Boston, and on the death of his uncle found himself, at the age of 27, the possessor of one of the largest estates in the province of Massachusetts.

Mr. Hancock's first public office was that of selectman for the town of Boston. In 1766 he was chosen a representative of Boston in the general assembly of the province. He had for his colleagues James Otis, Thomas Cushing and Samuel Adams. He was a member of the citizens' committee which secured the withdrawal of British troops after the Boston Massacre. Once committed to the cause of the colonists, Hancock immediately became a leader. Undoubtedly Samuel Adams saw the immense advantage of winning the support and influence of a citizen of Hancock's standing, for the two are inseparably linked in the history of the action of the time. Hardly an event of magnitude occurred without some share taken in it by the two.

It was, in part, to arrest Hancock and Adams that the military expedition proceeded from Boston to Lexington in April, 1775. On April 18, the night before the battle of Lexington, Mr. Hancock and Mr. Adams lodged in a farmhouse. As soldiers entered the front door the two withdrew by a rear one and made their escape. General Gage, commander of the troops in Boston, excluded Mr. Hancock and Mr. Adams from the general pardon that he offered the rebels.

Although the largest property owner in Boston, Mr. Hancock, as president of the Continental Congress of 1776, gave General Washington instructions to burn the town if such a move became necessary in the plan to dislodge the British.

Mr. Hancock was commissioned major-general of the Massachusetts militia in 1776 and two years later he commanded the State troops in the futile Rhode Island expedition.

He was president of the Massachusetts constitutional convention of 1780 and became the first Governor when the State government went into operation. He served in this office from 1780 to 1785. After a lapse of two years he was again chosen, and by annual reappointment was Governor until his death.

After the Federal government had gone into operation, Mr. Hancock refused to respond to a summons in a suit against the State of Massachusetts before a United States court. He contended that under the Federal constitution an independent State could not be brought to trial before a civil tribunal. He won his point, but the recurrence of such an event was prevented by an amendment to the United States Constitution.

Princeton and Yale colleges gave Mr. Hancock the degree of A. M. in 1769, Brown University the LL. D. in 1788 and Harvard LL. D. in 1792.

W. S. S.
Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

FOOD RULES ARE BEING ENFORCED WITH PENALTIES

Men Who Sell Flour and Sugar Pay Red Cross Benefits; Gin Company Fined \$400; Licenses Restored.

W. L. Mills of the Department of Field Inspection of the Federal Food Administration for Texas posted on the door of D. Area's retail grocery at 224 East Sixth Street, Houston Heights, a placard setting forth the fact that the establishment had been closed for two days—September 18 and 19—because of violation of the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration in selling wheat flour at an excessive profit. Aron was also required to pay \$50 to the Houston Recreational Canteen, which sum was delivered to the canteen at the Houston Light Guard Armory. The placard placed upon the door was 22 by 18 inches and was in bold black lettering upon a yellow background.

Seventeen cases charging violations of the food regulations by Houston merchants who are alleged to have exceeded the quantity of sugar and flour to be sold customers are now being investigated by the Inspection Department.

The New Gin Company of Greenville, Texas, a corporation operating at several points in Texas, recently had its license suspended for 30 days for violation of the rule forbidding the payment of different prices by licensees for cotton seed in the same zone on the same day. The suspension was revoked when it appeared that closing would injuriously affect the cotton industry and the firm was ordered to pay \$400 to the County Council of Defense at Greenville, this amount representing the difference between the firm's prices paid at that point and elsewhere on the day in question.

The Food Administration has restored licenses to the Walker-Craig Company and George McConigle & Co. of Brownsville. These firms have been closed since April 20, this year, for violation of sugar rules.

J. E. Adair, a retailer at Cooper, Texas, has been found guilty of selling flour and sugar in violation of regulations. He has been ordered to pay \$100 to the Red Cross and suspend his business for four days.

The Clay County Cotton Oil Company of Henrietta will pay four hundred dollars to the Red Cross organization of that county as the result of a hearing before the Enforcement Division of the Federal Food Administration at Houston on September 14. The reports of the company showed that it had bought cotton seed at Henrietta at lower prices than it was paying elsewhere at the same time in Texas. As this occurred before the price was stabilized and accepting the company's assurances of good faith, the contribution of four hundred dollars was mutually agreed upon as proper compensation to the public for its loss through the transactions in question.

The District Food Administrator at Dallas reported August 17 that on the last four weekly reports of the Kleber Baking Company of that city the bakery was short on substitutes. A hearing was called, but on August 21 the administrator advised the Enforcement Division he had reached conclusion the proprietor was innocent of any intentional violation, laying the blame on the foreman, who had been discharged. On August 28 the administrator again reported that he was convinced that the proper amount of substitutes were not used in his operations. The result is that the Kleber Baking Company has voluntarily agreed in lieu of revocation or suspension of license to pay \$250 to the Red Cross and to close its place of business on September 18 and 19, posting on the premises a notice to the effect that such closing was made for violation of the regulations.

POUND BUTTER SALES AFTER THE NEW YEAR.

In order to prevent the waste of labor and parchment of paper and carton made for units smaller than the pound size, the rule prohibiting the manufacture or sale of butter in less than pound prints has been amended so as to go into effect on January 1, 1919, instead of September 15, 1918. This is to prevent the waste of supplies of printed paper and cartons already on hand.

After the first of the year no quarter or half-pound prints or any prints less than a pound can be made or sold; provided, however, that a retailer may cut a unit of a pound or more and sell a portion of any size demanded by his customers.

The rule, it is expected, will result in the saving of considerable quantities of paper, as much more is required to wrap a pound in quarters or halves than in one piece. There will also be a large saving in cartons and in the labor necessary in putting up the butter.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

OCTOBER 8.
Announcement that Kerensky had formed a new coalition government in Russia.
Great artillery activity heralded a new Franco-British drive in the Ypres region.
In a public address in Washington, the President again declared that the war should end only when Germany is beaten.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

OCTOBER 8.
Le Roy S. Upton, one of the new brigadier generals of the United States Army, born in Michigan, 49 years ago today.
Rt. Rev. Samuel G. Babcock, suffragan bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Massachusetts, born at Newport, R. I., 67 years ago today.
Robert J. Bulkley, former Ohio congressman, who represented the United States in the Niagara water power negotiations with Canada, born in Cleveland, 38 years ago today.
Ashley N. Gould, a justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, born in Nova Scotia, 59 years ago today.
Finley J. Shepard, who married Miss Helen Gould of New York, born at Saybrook, Ct., 51 years ago today.

W. S. S.
When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a Little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Bender:—A. B. Duffield, St. Louis, Mo.; Otto H. Beckman, W. P. Smith, Chicago; E. H. Hirschfelder, San Antonio; Sam De Haan, Boston, Mass.; Dr. H. Leghnamon Powdall and wife, New York; Chas. Draper, L. Godard, Mexico City; A. O. Sarabia, San Antonio; W. I. Lopenstein, Atlanta, Ga.; D. Cohen, San Antonio; F. W. San Miguel, Houston; D. L. Chapman, Grapevine; E. W. Hopkins, Chas. R. Eckes, Houston; R. J. John, New Orleans, La.; A. S. Florian, R. D. Azcaraga, San Antonio; J. Fuldosa Argueso, New York; E. H. Herman, Marshall Hicks, San Antonio; N. A. Cobb, El Paso; A. J. May, San Antonio; C. H. Knight, Mexico City.
Hamilton:—L. H. Coley, El Paso; R. J. Moore, Pat Kilday, P. K. Luche, P. W. Thomas, Wm. K. Meyer, R. J. Morrison, Mrs. E. Guerra, J. H. Smythe, J. E. Harris, W. A. Mac Tavish, John Jackson, San Antonio; H. McCaffrey, Dallas; Roy Jennings, Aguilares; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Butler, W. E. Ellis, Mrs. W. B. Betley, San Luis Potosi, Mex.; W. P. M. Gallagher, Tampico; E. P. Gifford, Monterey; P. A. Cox, Encinal; S. Monastir, Theodore Davis, New Orleans; S. E. Trammell, Ranch; R. H. Trammell and wife, Ranch; W. L. Achelle, Dallas; M. H. McMahon, Cotulla; Henry Edds, Hebbonville; M. G. Dellinger, Dolores; J. C. Fathere, Big Wells; J. E. Hill, Webb; J. C. Rust, San Antonio.

W. S. S.
Social problems of the war will be the general theme of the annual meeting of the Wisconsin State Conference of Charities and Corrections, which is to assemble in Milwaukee today for a three-day session.

Stockholders of the Southern Railway, meeting in annual session today at Richmond, are expected to vote on the adoption of the contract submitted by Director-General McAdoo of the United States Railroad Administration.

The trials of nearly 60 members of the I. W. W., under Federal indictments charging violations of the Espionage Act, are docketed to begin today in the United States district court at Sacramento, Cal.

The Interstate Commerce has fixed today for beginning public hearings on the application of the American Railway Express Company for further rate increases estimated to yield an annual revenue of \$23,670,000.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Wednesday generally cloudy.

Local Weather Report.
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 98 tem.
Min. temp. 75 degs.
General direction of wind: South-east.
Cloudy.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

GERMAN EVACUATION OF BELGIAN COAST CONTINUES WITH WORK OF DESTRUCTION

Great Stores of Material Being Burned and Many Factories Undermined in Preparation for Their Quick Destruction—Male Population of 15 to 45 Forced to Labor on German Military Work.

COL. HAGADORN DEAD.

By Associated Press.
Camp Grant, Ill., Oct. 8.—Col. C. B. Hagadorn, acting commander of Camp Grant, was found dead in his quarters at the camp this morning.
Colonel Hagadorn committed suicide in his quarters last night. His body, with a bullet wound in the head, was found in his bed this morning.

Colonel Hagadorn will be remembered as being in command of Fort McIntosh soon after the Mexican revolution began. Under his orders a strict search was made of various stores, houses and other places in the city, resulting in the seizure of large quantities of arms and ammunition which were being smuggled to Mexico.

NOT GROUTCHING NOW.

We had been thinking that we had a few troubles until a correspondent of The Gravelle (Ark.) News-Herald wrote:
"Dick Barlow's mare bit one of his fingers nearly off, and the colt kicked him in the eye."—Atlanta Constitution.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Three women physicians of New York—Dr. Anna T. von Sholly, Dr. Caroline E. Finley and Dr. Mary Lee Edwards—have been commissioned Lieutenants in the army by the French Government for distinguished service under fire.

Mrs. L. E. Ellison, wife of the pastor of a Baptist church at Arcola, Ill., has been appointed to occupy her husband's pulpit for the next six months, while he is at Camp Pike, Ark., doing pastoral work among the soldiers.

That women can acquire high skill as mechanics is demonstrated in an English factory engaged on breech mechanism for howitzer guns, where every machine tool is operated by women and the tools hardened and ground by women.

Marie Botchkareva, the famous leader of the "Battalion of Death," will go down in history as the Joan of Arc of Russia. She has been wounded five times and wears on the breast of her uniform as a Lieutenant of the Polozk Regiment five medals, and on her sleeve four red wound stripes. She is entitled to wear six medals.

One of England's most successful business women is Miss Evelyn Barlow, the gifted daughter of the late Dean of Peterborough and a sister of Sir Montague Barlow, M. P. After having demonstrated her abilities as a business woman in several lines Miss Barlow has now become junior partner and auctioneer in the famous London firm of Sotheby.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1530th day of the Great War.
Died 125 years ago today John Hancock, first signer of the American Declaration of Independence.

Today is the centennial anniversary of the birth of John H. Reagan, the Texas statesman who was the last surviving members of President Davis' cabinet.

The annual congress of the American Electric Railway Association, which was to have met today, has been indefinitely postponed on account of conditions arising from the war.

War and its relation to the church will occupy a prominent place in the discussions of the New York Universalist State convention, which is scheduled to begin its sessions today at Albion, N. Y.

Provincial councils of Catholics have been summoned to meet today in Boston and in St. Paul to consider plans for the campaign next month for funds to carry on the war camp community service.

WILSON HAS REPLIED TO THE GERMAN NOTE

Says Germans Must Vacate Allied Territory Asks Maximilian Question.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Oct. 7.—President Wilson this afternoon informed the German government that before the United States could discuss any armistice that German troops must be withdrawn from all invaded territory.
He also asked Prince Maximilian the pointed question as to whether he represented the German people or the authority of the German empire which is conducting the war.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 8.—The evacuation by the Germans of the Belgian coast region is continuing, the telephone lines between the frontier and the coast being taken down yesterday, and today stores of material at Knokke near the coast have been set on fire and many factories have been undermined in preparation for their quick destruction.

Force Belgians to Labor.
Havre, Oct. 8.—A statement has been issued by the Belgian government that from the coast to beyond Bruges the male population between the ages of 15 and 45 have been brutally torn from their homes and forced to labor on general military work.

LAUNCHED NEW ATTACK.

London, Oct. 8.—English and American troops attacked this morning on a front between St. Quentin and Cambrai. Satisfactory progress is being made. The attack was launched in a break during the heavy rain which began last night. In successful local operations near Mont Brehain and Beaurvoir on this front yesterday over 250 prisoners were taken.

FRENCH CONTINUE ADVANCE.

Paris, Oct. 8.—Northeast of Rheims the French continue their successful advance. French troops have reached the outskirts of Conde-sur-Suppe and the junction of the Suppe and the Aisne northeast of Berry-au-Bac.

FRENCH CAPTURE BAZANCOURT.

Paris, Oct. 8.—Along the Suppe river the French have penetrated into

WILSON'S REPLY IS NOW ON THE CABLES

WHILE WORDING PROBABLY NOT HARSH, IT WILL BE FORCEFUL AND DIRECT.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Oct. 8.—America's reply to Germany's latest peace proposal was being formulated by President Wilson today in accordance with the views expressed by the premiers of the allied nations opposed to the Central powers. It is believed that he will speak for all the nations opposed to the Central powers. The answer may be expected within forty-eight hours. The form of the reply has not been revealed in any particular. Its nature, however, can well be foretold. The words "unconditional surrender" may not appear in the answer, but the absence of these words likely will not detract from its forcefulness.

REPLY ON THE WAY.

Washington, Oct. 8.—President Wilson's reply to the German and Austrian request for an armistice and peace negotiations probably will be despatched before night, if it is not already on the cables.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

OUR WHEAT CROP.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Oct. 8.—This year's wheat crop will be 918,920,000 bushels, is the preliminary estimate by the department of agriculture.

FESTIVAL OF FRANCE'S PATRON SAINT.

New York, Oct. 8.—French soldiers and citizens who cling to the religion of their ancestors will appeal tomorrow for the intervention of the good St. Denis. Tomorrow will be the festival of the saint and martyr who has been adopted by the French as their patron in the same manner as the English have chosen St. George and the Irish St. Patrick.

St. Denis is associated with warfare and bloody deeds, and in the Middle Ages his name was the battle cry of the French troops. His intervention was sought before every battle and this custom is still followed by many pious French peasants of today.

St. Denis or Dionysius was the first bishop of Paris, and the most influential of all missionaries who during the third century carried the gospel of Christianity into heathen Gaul. He converted thousands, but the pagan party was still powerful, and the good missionary was tortured. According to tradition, he was first thrown into a den of wild beasts, but they did not harm him. A fiery furnace was next tried, but the saint issued from the flames unhurt. He was then crucified, but he preached from the cross to the sinners gathered to witness his death agonies.

OUR WHEAT CROP.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Oct. 8.—This year's wheat crop will be 918,920,000 bushels, is the preliminary estimate by the department of agriculture.

FESTIVAL OF FRANCE'S PATRON SAINT.

New York, Oct. 8.—French soldiers and citizens who cling to the religion of their ancestors will appeal tomorrow for the intervention of the good St. Denis. Tomorrow will be the festival of the saint and martyr who has been adopted by the French as their patron in the same manner as the English have chosen St. George and the Irish St. Patrick.

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But the infuriated pagans were persistent, and they had recourse to the expedient of chopping off the saint's head. Whereupon Denis picked up his head in his hands, tradition says, and walked from Montmartre to the Parisian suburb called St. Denis, a distance of three miles, where he was buried.

ISLESUR-SUPPE AND CAPTURED BAZANCOURT.

Give Up Infantry Attack.
Canadian Headquarters, Oct. 8.—Smarting under heavy losses sustained in the heavy fighting last week north of Cambrai, the Germans have given up infantry attack for the moment, but continue to subject the Canadians to a harassing artillery fire.

REJECT WILSON'S POINTS.

Copenhagen, Oct. 8.—Two of President Wilson's points must be considered rejected—separation of Alsace-Lorraine from Germany and incorporation in independent Poland of Prussian Poland, says the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin.

MINISTRY OF DEFENSE.

Amsterdam, Oct. 8.—Two of Germany's new ministry is one of national defense as well as one of peace and is prepared for a stand to the end against a humiliating peace, says Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former German minister of colonies.

THE ITALIAN ATTITUDE.

Rome, Oct. 8.—We must have absolute victory and kind negotiations are now more than ever inadmissible. The words of President Wilson immediately after the rejection of the Austrian peace proposal are reprinted by the Epoca in large type as summarizing the attitude of the Italians toward the new peace movement.

WILL RESIST PEACE.

London, Oct. 8.—At a meeting of the Fatherland party of Germany, held immediately after the meeting of the Reichstag Saturday, resolutions were passed to resist by every means possible the peace offer of Prince Maximilian, says a Zurich despatch.

W. S. S.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food; strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 5c. Sold by all druggists.

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THE LAREDO TIMES

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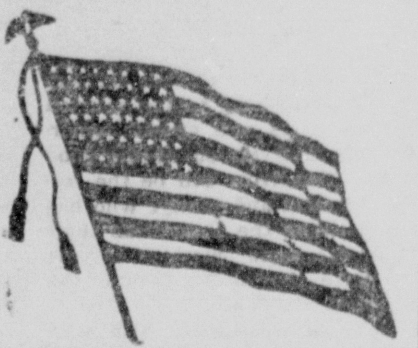
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... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

From Monday's Daily.

THE LEX TALIONIS.

The only law that the Germans understand is that of retaliation. It is useless to plead with them in the name of humanity. But they will doubtless listen to the ultimatum which is being sent with regard to further destruction in Belgium and France, to the effect that if any further towns are wantonly destroyed in the German retreat, the same number of German towns and cities will be deliberately destroyed in retaliation.

Perhaps if Germany knew that Heidelberg and other cities were to be destroyed by the allies when the final victory comes, they would not be so ready to destroy the cities they are now being forced to abandon.

Cologne has a famous cathedral which took centuries to build. If the allies were to threaten to deliberately destroy that historic pile, the Germans would have no reasonable complaint to make, for the cathedral at Rheims represented the faith of the French people, their historic past and their noble present.

Already the Germans have despoiled the people of Belgium of all the portable property they could find, and, from the crown prince down to the lowest private, all have taken part in this deliberate robbery of a whole nation, nothing being too small or insignificant for some thrifty German to send home.

There are rich treasures in Germany, and when the allies finally beat the Germans to their knees, as will soon happen, these treasures will be at the mercy of the allies. Will the Germans expect the allied soldiers to treat them better than they treated the Belgians and French?

The answer, astounding as it may be, is yes. The Germans know that the allied armies, even the plucky little Serbs, are more decent than the Germans and have more rudimentary ideas of what constitutes honesty.

Robbery, by wholesale and retail, has been a German failing for many centuries. The present rilling house is descended from a robber baron who got his start in life by robbing the merchants who passed his doors. Many a baronial castle in Germany still contains "relics" in the way of loot from the Holy Land and other places where the German "nobles" made war in the medieval fashion, the peasantry receiving the knocks and the nobles the knickknacks.

The Franco-Prussian war was the first for many years in which the German instinct which taught them to pick up "inconsidered trifles" was given full play. The houses of the French were robbed of everything that was of value, and up to the present nothing has been returned.

The various museums and art galleries of Germany are filled with paintings and sculptures stolen from their French possessors. The houses of the nobles are enriched with objects of art which no German was until the tank can be used to advantage enough to create and which no German was foolish enough to buy.

when it could be stolen from a neighbor.

Even the orchards and vineyards of France were ruined in 1870, just as they were in 1917. There are parts of France which were for years without any fruit than that which was imported because the Germans had passed that way in 1870.

Loot, indomitable, the "spoils of war"—all these are natural prerogatives of the German soldier—in his own opinion at least. And when he cannot possess or carry away anything, he destroys it so that no one else shall possess it.

Thousands of barrels of wine were caved in because the German soldiers could hold no more, nor could their canteens. Houses that were finer in taste and decoration than anything to be found across the Rhine were turned into pig sties—or what is much the same, barracks for German soldiers—and wantonly burned after they could no longer hold them.

The situation calls for retaliation, and perhaps that is the only way to reach the Germans' inner consciousness. They laugh at the idea that it is wrong to steal, and they ruin what they cannot carry away. Let their property be subjected to the same rule of warfare, and see how long they would continue to follow it.

MEXICAN OIL INDUSTRY.

In view of the shortage of tank ships, the petroleum producers of Mexico are casting about to find some way of getting their oil out to a market, and the latest move is to ask permission of the government to use the railways into the United States for the transportation of the oil.

Laredo is suggested as the most logical route, because of its nearness to the oil fields and because of the network of railways which are attainable from this city.

Here again there is a difficulty. There are very few tank cars in Mexico, and the only way to secure the transportation of petroleum by rail would be to get all the tank cars available from this country and ship them into Mexico at such times and in such quantities as could be handled with ease.

There is no doubt that the United States and its allies need the petroleum. The scarcity of tank ships has prevented the shipment of much oil that was already pumped, and some time ago it was necessary to destroy the low grade oil near Tampico in order to get more storage space for the high grade oils.

There is little doubt of the Mexican government according to the request of the oil producers as at present the production of oil gives the greatest revenue to the government, and the further use of the railways would also add to the government's income.

The transportation of oil through Laredo would also add a great deal to the revenue of the American railways, and the additional locomotives to handle the traffic would do no harm to the country as soon as the plan was completed.

It would be a good thing for the people of the United States to have this oil, which now cannot be transported for lack of tank ships. Our allies need the oil, as do we also. Some of the companies operating in the Tampico region are American, and now that the decree of February, 1917, has been modified, they stand to make some money if they can get their oil out to a market.

It is important that there be no delay in furnishing fuel oil for the allied navies. The Dutch ships will not leave their harbors. The British and French ships, as well as the American, are engaged in other work at present, and only when the oil reaches an Eastern port is it available for shipment to Europe.

It is to be hoped that the two governments will realize the necessity of doing something in this line, and that the railways of both nations will be available for the shipment of petroleum from Tampico, where there is a large stock on hand, only awaiting means of transportation. And as soon as the storage capacity is once more available, there will be an increased production.

There is nothing for Laredo in the new business, except the prestige of being the most available port of call, the increased traffic would necessitate a few more yard employees, but we cannot expect any great financial advantage from the shipment through this port.

Every additional bit of business passing through Laredo, however, is a boost for our city. The time is coming when this will be one of the great ports of entry in the United States, as it once was before revolution in Mexico destroyed the bulk of the business.

Eventually there will be a good petroleum business built up in this section, as it is believed that we have deposits of oil within easy transportation distance of Laredo.

But for the present, it would be a good idea for the Laredo Chamber of Commerce to investigate this matter and see what they can do to further the desires of the oil producers. It means business for Laredo, it means a further attraction to the natural gateway to Mexico, and it will eventually mean good to our country. If some of this traffic can be diverted to Laredo by the rail route, it will mean a continued business in the future, for it will be some time yet before the tank can be used to advantage enough to create and which no German was foolish enough to buy.

WRIGLEY'S

For Victory Buy Liberty Bonds

We will win this war—
Nothing else really matters until we do!



The Flavor Lasts

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES. IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

OCTOBER 7.

1818—David Stone, governor of North Carolina and United States senator, died at Hope, N. C. Born there, Feb. 1, 1770.

1839—Address of thanks from creditors of late Duke of Kent to Queen Victoria for having paid his debts amounting to \$250,000.

1857—Louis McLane, President Jackson's secretary of the treasury, died in Baltimore. Born at Smyrna, Del., May 28, 1786.

1868—Gen. William Gates, the U. S. army officer who captured the Indian chief Osceola, died in New York City. Born in Massachusetts in 1788.

1870—In the last great sortie from Metz the French were repulsed by the Germans after severe conflicts.

1878—The Austrians completed the occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

1914—Japanese captured Yap in the Caroline group.

1915—Russian cruisers bombarded the Bulgarian port of Varna.

191—A German submarine made an unexpected appearance at Newport, R. I.

Sour Stomach.
Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets. Immediately after supper, eat meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

GERMAN PAPERS STOP.
New York, Oct. 5.—Since the beginning of the war 3,582 German newspapers and magazines have discontinued publication either permanently or temporarily. This is officially announced by the Germans where the paper is left is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c and 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE
WEST END, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men. Preparatory. Business, High School, Collegiate Courses. Chartered by the State of Texas to Confer Degrees.
Excellent location, experienced teachers, thorough courses, small classes, complete laboratory equipment, spacious campuses and tennis courts, splendid outdoor natatorium.
The only boarding school in Southwest Texas having a special department for small boys. Visitors are always welcome. For illustrated catalogue apply to
REV. JAMES P. CANNING S. M., President
College reopens September 4, 1918.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

OCTOBER 7.

King Nicholas, the exiled sovereign of Montenegro, born in the village of Niegush, 77 years ago today.

Sir Philip Magnus, member of parliament and a noted authority on educational matters, born in London, 76 years ago today.

Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles, U. S. N., retired, noted naval architect and shipbuilder, born at Springfield, Mass., 60 years ago today.

Joseph E. Ransdell, recently nominated for United States senator, from Louisiana, born at Alexandria, La., 60 years ago today.

Frederick N. Judson of St. Louis, who is regarded as one of the foremost lawyers of America, born at St. Mary's, Ga., 73 years ago today.

Walker Cochran, celebrated professional billiard player, born at Manson, Iowa, 22 years ago today.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more on less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

LACK SOLIDARITY.

By Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 5.—Internal political weakness in Germany is contrasted by the Cologne Gazette with the solidarity of the Entente allies on the Western front. The papers bemoan the lack in Germany of "something like steel in the wall," along the German front.

"Our interior front has always showed gaps," says the Gazette. "It seemed as if we lack a certain spiritual cement which kept the others together despite the blows our victories gave them in these four years."

"The English interior front, as soon as an external enemy has to be fought is gapless and without weaknesses."

Danger of a moral collapse in Germany evidently is foreseen, for the Gazette says, "only one thing could rob us of victory: the crumbling up of the interior front."

"The most serious menace of this internal front is declared to be the doctrinaires to be found in all parties and classes of society. The paper declares that such men as Prince Lichnowsky, formerly German Ambassador to London who wrote a memorandum accusing Germany of beginning the war, and Maximilian Harden, editor of Die Zukunft whose paper was suppressed for defending Prince Lichnowsky, as well as some of the Socialist leaders in the Reichstag should be removed from political positions."

Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

"PROFITEER."

A species of animal lower than the thermometer in Saskatchewan on a wintry night. One with the desire of Midas and the stoneyheartedness of Wilhelm, covering it with a veneer of patriotism, which causes one to regret that Benedict Arnold is held up as the model of his line, says Harold Blake Schurman.

The profiteer combines the "worst" attributes of the "worst" animals. He has the cunning of the fox with the ferocity of the wolf; he can "play possum" so realistically one imagines the Virginia woods; chameleonlike, he resembles a woman's meeting—varying every turn; unlike the hyena which digs into African graves, he would save himself that trouble, for being responsible for those graves, he would first see that nothing was buried that might be "profitable." And for snakelike qualities he would make the Garden of Eden variety appear so harmless that old Father Adam would wonder how the "trouble" ever started.

But withal the profiteer has made one great contribution to science. He has conclusively proved that Darwin was wrong—"Man didn't originate from the lower animals; the lower animals came from man."

Heal Skin Diseases

It is unnecessary for you to suffer with eczema, blotches, ringworm, rashes and similar skin troubles. A little zemo, obtained at any drug store for 35c, or \$1.00 for extra large bottle, and promptly applied will usually give instant relief from itching, burning, and redness, and soothes the skin and heals quickly and effectively most skin diseases.
Zemo is a wonderful, penetrating, disappearing liquid and is soothing to the most delicate skin. It is not greasy, is easily applied and costs little. Get it today and save all further distress.
The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

HALFWAY MARK IS REACHED AND NOW HEADED FOR GOAL

COMMITTEES HARD AT WORK TO GET WEBB COUNTY OVER TOP.

If Those Who Can Afford to Take Large Amounts Will Do So Quota Will Be Secured This Week.

With two full weeks to complete the quota of \$23,500 assigned as the quota of Webb county in the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign, the committees today began work on the home stretch in an earnest manner, for the end of the first week of the campaign, or the first one-third of the working period, found fully one-half of the quota subscribed, and if the committees meet with the same success in the forthcoming days that they have in the past week the quota should be subscribed by next Saturday night, but this appears impossible at the present time, in view of the fact that the larger subscriptions have contributed to bringing the amount of the subscriptions to the figure attained.

Are there some surprise big subscriptions in sight? Let us hope, then, that such a surprise will materialize and that by next Saturday night the committees will find their work "dangerously" near the goal, for then they will have an entire week left in which to complete the amount. While there have been a number of large subscribers of amounts from \$50,000 to \$11,000, there are many others who are evading their duty and not doing likewise—not putting themselves down on the subscription list for the amount that they should. If about twenty others who could afford to take from \$5,000 to \$10,000 in Liberty Bond subscriptions would do like others have done, Webb county would be able to chronicle glad news to the rest of the country by next Saturday night that Laredo and Webb county have gone "over the top" and exceeded the quota assigned to them in the Fourth Liberty Bond.

Some believe that the quota will be secured, while there are others who confidently believe that Webb county will again fall down in her Liberty Bond subscriptions like in the other three issues. If such a thing does happen again it will be a disgrace to Webb county. With all the victories that have come to the American forces and the fact that they have the Kaiser and his allies on their knees right now begging for peace terms, everybody should feel enthusiastic and go to their limit in the bond subscriptions just to show the outside world that the "stay at home" are behind their fighting men "over there."

Come across with your subscriptions this week, folks.

Big Meeting Tonight.
We have started on the second week of the Fourth Liberty Loan. Webb county, principally Laredo has subscribed for about \$25,000 or one-half of its quota. Good work so far, and the subscribers and the several committees deserve unstinted praise. The hardest part of the work is now before us. THE QUOTA MUST BE RAISED. The money is here. The problem is how to get it.

Work so far has been done by the committees on the allotment cards only. It is now certain that the allotments made by the committee were far too small in most cases. A good deal of the work must be done over and we must start at once. Subscribers must be asked to double and in many cases to treble their subscriptions in order to complete our quota.

A meeting of the Council of Defense and of all Liberty Loan and soliciting committees and workers is called at 8 p. m. THIS EVENING AT THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. Two of our Ward Chairmen have been called out of town on business. Several workers have been reported this morning down with the influenza. Their places must be filled. New energetic workers are needed right now. Every loyal citizen who wants to see our city go OVER THE TOP is asked to volunteer his services in a house to house and store to store campaign. Those willing to do their share in this VICTORY LOAN are asked to meet with the committees tonight and work will be assigned to them.

Workers who can call on our Mexican friends are especially asked to volunteer their services. There is work for every one who is willing to help Uncle Sam.

The purchase of bonds does not exempt any one from work in selling more or from buying more himself if he can possibly do so.

The GRAND NEWS from OVER-THERE indicates that this may be the last chance to HELP WIN THE WAR, and the MAN or WOMAN who allows VICTORY to come before he or she has done his bit, is going to have a mighty sad future to look forward to, as no one with any self respect is going to get any pleasure out of a victory, if he has turned down every chance offered him to help win the victory.

A GOOD STRONG MEETING is desired tonight at 8 p. m. at THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

W. J. SAMES, Chairman.

Subscribe for THE TIMES \$6.00 per month.

REPRESENTATIVES COMING FOR BIG MEETING TOMORROW

FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICERS HEADED FOR LAREDO.

Will Meet Workmen of This Section in Preliminary Conference at Soldiers Club Tomorrow Night.

Clemente N. Ibar, who has been placed in charge of local arrangements for the big International Labor Conference to be held in this city on November 13 to 16 inclusive, today received telegrams notifying him that Herman Ross, of the American Federation of Labor, and Organizer Baker of the International Confectionery Workers' Union, would reach here tomorrow afternoon from New York for the purpose of holding a public preliminary meeting with all the organized labor and other workmen of this section, at which preliminary the matters concerning the big conference will be fully discussed and the workmen informed on the purposes of the conferences and also what arrangements Laredo must make for the coming big event.

American and Mexican workmen, union and non-union, are invited to attend the meeting tomorrow, which will be held in the Soldiers' Club, second floor of the Little Building, corner Farragut and Convent, beginning at 8 p. m. Addresses in both Spanish and English will be made.

The international conferences to be held in Laredo next month promises to be one of the most important ever held, attended by many prominent officials, including President Wilson, President Carranza of Mexico, governors of all states of this country, representatives from Central and South America, officials of the American Federation of Labor, officials of the Mexican Federation of Labor and other representative men.

FOOD ADMINISTRATION LAW HAS TEETH.

Bulletin No. 797 states that C. Salcedo and L. Giametta, retail grocers of Houston, have been penalized by closing of the establishments for two days for violation of food administration regulations in selling flour and butter at an excessive profit.

Eleven heads of Houston families among them the most prominent in the city were summoned "before the enforcement division of the Food Administration because of exceeding their family allotment of sugar on basis of two pounds per person per month. All were required to sign the following pledge:

"I admit that during the month of September I purchased for my household uses more than my allotment of two pounds of sugar per person per month. I have no intentions of violating the regulations of the Food Administration and I willingly agree to make up for this excess during the next month if necessary."

Seven orders for trial in cases of violations of the Food Administration regulations with reference to excess profits on butter have been called over the State at a number of different cities.

Frequent warnings may not be agreeable but if they are heeded they will certainly prevent a great deal of embarrassment and trouble.

LAREDO MERCHANTS ASSN.

THE INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC HAS HIT LAREDO VERY HARD

All Institutions of Business in the City Feel the Presence of the Ailment in Their Official Family.

There is hardly an institution or commercial branch in Laredo that has not felt the presence of the epidemic of Spanish influenza or grip the past few days—in fact some places are strictly up against it because of members of their official family or clerical force being in bed nursing a case of the ailment.

The postoffice force, perhaps, has suffered more than any other from the ailment, and at one time there were only two left in the office to do the work of about a dozen, and in consequence the patrons of the office necessarily suffered delay in the distribution of the mails. Even the force of carriers "have it" and mail deliveries have been out of the question. The banks of the city, business establishments of other kinds, etc., have all felt that the influenza had not overlooked some of their force.

Even The Times office has its list of victims, including the business manager, editorial writer, society editor, foreman, office boy and office cat—but all are on the road to recovery. The Times reporter hasn't had time to get it yet.

S. O. S.—At noon today one of The Times carrier boys gave way to the influenza and has taken to bed. If anybody misses their paper because of this last case it will not be the fault of The Times, for it is indeed lucky that the paper can issue at all today.

W. S. S.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITES CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

DISTRICT COURT CONVENES FOR EIGHT WEEKS SESSION

FOLLOWING THIS COMES ANOTHER SESSION OF COURT.

The Grand Jury Was Empanelled This Morning and is Now at Work; Has Material to Work on.

The October term of district court for Webb county in the Forty-ninth Judicial District was convened at the county courthouse in this city this morning by Judge J. F. Mullally, and the following officers of the court were in attendance: District Attorney John A. Valls, District Clerk Ochoa, Sheriff Salinas and Court Reporter Seb S. Wilcox, together with members of the local and outside bars. The following grand jury was empanelled for the term.

August C. Richter, foreman; R. E. Welhausen, M. A. Hirsch, P. J. McMahon, C. M. Fish, Reuben W. Davis, L. R. Ortiz, Steve Simon, Leopoldo Villegas, B. M. Alexander, C. C. Biglio and B. J. Leyendecker.

The present term of the court will endure for eight weeks. The grand jury began work immediately after being empanelled this morning and will direct its deliberations to matters which will be called to their attention by the district attorney. There are quite a few cases awaiting action by the grand jury, including a number of cases wherein the defendants are charged with violation of the liquor laws, some of the accused parties being out on bail, while others are confined in jail pending action on their cases.

The present term of district court will continue in session until Saturday, November 30, when it will adjourn. On Monday, December 2, or two days later, the second consecutive session of the court will be convened for another eight weeks, another grand jury will be empanelled and put to work and thus sixteen continuous weeks of district court will be held in Webb county.

This morning following the empanelling of the grand jury the court took up the call docket and set a number of civil cases for trial during the term.

In his charge to the grand jury this morning District Judge Mullally directed special attention to the new law on general diseases.

W. S. S. WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End them.

When the back aches and throbs, When housework is torture, When night brings no rest nor sleep.

When urinary disorders set in, Women's lot is a weary one. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Have proved their worth in Laredo. This one Laredo woman's testimony.

Mrs. T. Guernsey, 2016 Farragut St., says: "My kidneys didn't act right and I suffered from backache. I also had nervous and dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the City Drug Co. gave me relief. I recommend Doan's to all sufferers from kidney troubles for they bring quick results."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Guernsey had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

W. S. S. TODAY'S EVENTS.

1529th day of the Great War. Today begins the year 1337 of the Mohammedan era.

The Supreme Court of the United States convenes today for the Fall term.

With a program of exercises modified to meet wartime conditions, the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary today will begin a celebration of its centennial.

Elaborate war exhibits by the Federal government will feature the Virginia State Fair opening today at Richmond and the Alabama State Fair at Birmingham.

The annual State convention of the Improved Order of Red Men in Iowa will assemble at Des Moines today and continue in session until Thursday.

Policies relating to highway improvements during the war will be discussed by the American Association of the State Highway Officials, meeting in annual session today at Chicago.

Under the auspices of the American Foundrymen's Association a great congress representing all branches of the metal manufacturing industry will meet in Milwaukee today for a week's session.

Denver is to be the meeting place today of the first of a series of fourteen provincial conferences of Catholics to prepare plans for the November campaign to raise a \$170,000,000 fund for united war activities.

W. S. S. Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks.

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

LOCAL NEWS

—A fine big boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William O. Martin, 1112 Loring Avenue, on Saturday. The young man will be named Guillermo Oliver Martin.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Sal-lee. 9-17-1m.

—With many business establishments short of the necessary help on account of the influenza, Laredo is experiencing a condition similar to that which prevailed here a number of years ago when a contagious disease put numerous Laredo people in bed.

—Circle A Ginger Ale, wholesale and retail. John Gilligan, phone 311. 10-1-6t.

—Safety razor blades sharpened. Royal Cigar Stand. 10-2-1m.

—Japanese embroidered garments and linen for sale at Stowers furniture store Tuesday, October 8. 10-5-2t.

—Nuevo Laredo is keeping apace, or rather ahead of Laredo with the influenza. Quite a large number of cases are reported from that city, while a number of deaths have also occurred there. So far there has been only one fatal case of influenza in Laredo.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros. 2-11-1t.

—Circle A Ginger Ale, wholesale and retail. John Gilligan, phone 311. 10-1-6t.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—The importations through this port this morning from Mexico consisted of four carloads of ixtle.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, phone 202. 6-15-1t.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1t.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Circle A Ginger Ale, wholesale and retail. John Gilligan, phone 311. 10-1-6t.

—Some people are dodging both the Liberty Bond soliciting committees and the Spanish influenza. We don't blame them for trying to keep out of the reach of the influenza, but the Liberty Bond fever is a fine thing to get. Just try to get the fever and during your delirium dig down deep and take the limit in bond subscriptions.

—Phone 377 for fresh and clean Jersey milk. 9-28-1t.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Sallee. 9-17-1m.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-1t.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Jersey milk—aged and cooled before bottling. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents. Phone 377. 9-28-1t.

—Asher R. Smith has formed a law partnership with J. D. Dodson, a prominent attorney of San Antonio, which city Mr. Dodson has been representing by special employment in civil cases in addition to his regular law practice. The firm name will be Dodson & Smith.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1t.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-1t.

—The First State Bank & Trust Co. rents safety deposit boxes to keep your Liberty Bonds in; get one quick before they are all gone. 9-30-6t.

—Mrs. A. S. Roach has received a letter from her grandson, Serg. John A. Gray, from "somewhere in France." He says they are delighted with the country and its climate, and that they are always singing: "The Texans Are Ready."

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1t.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1t.

—Called Meeting Red Cross. There will be a called meeting of the Webb County Chapter of the American Red Cross held at the Elks Hall this evening at 8:15 o'clock to meet Miss Katherine Gallagher, one of the field workers of the Red Cross.

ANITA BRULARD, Secretary.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt, Society Editor. Phone 70. Phone 43.

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

The Hebrew Ladies Aid Society will meet Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Mrs. F. Wormser's. There will be an election of officers.

The dances which have been given on Monday evening at the Woman's Club will be discontinued until the quarantine is raised at Fort McIntosh. The Sunbeam Band will meet at the Baptist church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Tuesday.

Alpha Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Darlo Sanchez at 9:30 o'clock in the morning to do Red Cross work.

The Junior Auxiliary of the Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church will hold a business meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. All members are urged to be present.

Leaning and Lifting.

There are two kinds of people on earth today. Just two kinds of people, no more, I say;

Not the saint and the sinner, for 'tis well understood The good are half bad and the bad are half good;

Not the rich and the poor, for to count a man's wealth You must first know the state of his conscience and health;

Not the humble and proud, for in life's little span Who puts on vain airs is not counted a man;

Not the happy and sad, for the swift flying years Bring each man his laughter and each man his tears.

No! the two kinds of people on earth I mean Are the people who lift and the people who lean.

Wherever you go you will find the world's masses Are always divided in just these two classes.

And oddly enough you will find, too, I ween, There is only on lifter to twenty who lean.

In which class are you? Are you easing the load Of overtaxed lifters who toll down the road?

Or are you a leaner who lets others bear Your portion of labor and worry and care?

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

General Mention. Miss Christine and Clifton Hill returned this morning from their home in Webb.

Mrs. J. F. Lynch leaves today for Eagle Pass, Texas.

Mr. Henry Selski motored up from Eagle Pass on Saturday, and spent Sunday with his mother.

Mrs. Henry M. Curvello of Freeport, Texas, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. A. S. Roach. Mr. Curvello is at Camp Nicholls, Louisiana.

Mrs. J. A. Burnett, worthy matron of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., left yesterday for Houston, as a delegate to the Grand Chapter which convenes there tomorrow. Mrs. Burnett was accompanied by Mrs. E. J. Randolph, past grand matron of Texas.

Announcement. The meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Episcopal church, which was scheduled for Wednesday afternoon, has been postponed until further notice.

Red Cross Workers Notice. There is urgent need for hospital garments at Fort McIntosh. The doctors say fifty suits of pajamas are needed at once. Come to the work room at 607 Convent Avenue to sew or make button holes.

MARY MAUD WOODMAN, Supervisor of Hospital Garments.

Red Cross Notes. The Tuesday Knitting Club met Saturday at Mrs. P. A. Kerr's. The members passed a pleasant evening in knitting and conversation. Those present were: Mesdames Atlee, Elstetter, Hughes, Withoff, M. M. Leyendecker and the hostess.

B. R. D. A. Club. The B. R. D. A. Club gave a charming entertainment Saturday afternoon at the home of Misses Maria and Blasa Flores, the hostesses being the Misses Flores and Miss Tomasas Guerra. Several games of dominoes were played, the first prize falling to Miss Refugio Zuniga, while Mrs. E. P. Peña secured the second prize. Ice cream

and cake were served, and then the club went into business session. It was decided to have the most simple entertainments hereafter. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Amalia Garcia, secretary, Miss Maria Flores.

The Liberty Loan Explained.

When you buy a Liberty Bond you are not giving your money. You are merely lending it to the United States Government. As long as it uses your money the government will pay you interest. The loan itself will be returned in the specified number of years. If you want it back sooner you can get it by selling your Bond. Safe places for savings are being sought in this hour of financial uncertainty. No vault in the world is as safe as Uncle Sam's promise to pay his debt to you.

PUT YOUR SAVINGS INTO BONDS AND BONDS MAY SAVE YOUR SAVINGS FOR YOU.

Has Your Community A War Chest?

As far as I am able to learn, very few, if any, communities in the Southwestern Division have undertaken to raise money by means of the war chest plan. If that plan should be brought up in your community you are requested to oppose it as far as Red Cross is concerned, and if you are not thoroughly posted on the convincing arguments against it, please communicate promptly with the Division office and we will furnish them to you.

If at the present time a war chest plan is in existence in the jurisdiction of any Chapter, I request that I be notified promptly in order that I may discuss with the Chapter officials the matter of conserving the interests of the Red Cross.

GEORGE W. SIMMONS, Manager.

Linen Shower for France.

A call has come to housewives of Laredo to contribute of their supply of linen for the hospitals in France. The request is a small one, and if everyone will send one or more articles of their reserve stock of linen, the quota can be met with little expense or trouble. Articles required are: Bath towels, 38x19 inches; hand towels, 18x30 inches; handkerchiefs, 18x18 inches; napkins, 14x14 inches; sheets, 64x104 inches. They must be new or substantially new, and of strong rather than of fine texture. The laundering facilities abroad are poor and this, together with the hard and constant usage to which the articles will be subjected, make it clear that we would not be justified in using much-needed shipping space to send over anything but strong and durable articles. Everything must be laundered before sending it, whether it is new or not. Articles can be sent to the Red Cross Hospital Supply Room, or if more convenient, phone a member of the committee and they will collect them. Only a week is allowed for this work, so everyone is requested not to delay with their gift. So far the women of Laredo have established a wonderful record for supporting the boys "over there," and it is expected that they will meet this shortage in hospital supplies with their usual generosity. The committee is: Mesdames M. T. Cogley, Joe Moser, S. M. Barlow, R. L. Muller, John Martin and Albert Martin.

TAXING THE LARDER.

The New York Sun is just a little perturbed at the possibility of "killing the Liberty Bond market with unsound and unjust taxation." The people of this country are also slightly worried lest the Liberty Bond market be killed by unsound and unjust taxation—laid upon the family larder by the high cost of groceries. The only thing that will keep the people of American homes from absorbing the "Fighting Fourth" loan will be the possibility that if they absorb the loan, they will be able to absorb little of those other important issues called bread and meat.

—Houston Post.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food; strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 6c. Sold by all druggists.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Tuesday, generally cloudy.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a m today:

Max. temp. 72 degs. Min. temp. 70 degs.

General direction of wind: Southeast. Partly cloudy.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29-1t.

ALLIES WILL NOT DEVIATE ONE BIT

No Roundtable Conferring or Diplomatic Quibbling Now Wanted, But Germans and Their Allies Must Toe the Mark and Come to Our Terms.

Washington, October 7.—The official announcement of the attitude of the United States government on the peace proposals is still being withheld, but there is no abatement of the indications that if Germany seeks negotiations leading to a round-table conference and diplomatic quibbling that the offer of the kaiser's government and its allies will fall flat.

On the other hand, if Germany shows a willingness to accept without qualification of principles peace as repeatedly laid down by President Wilson and accepted by all the co-belligerents, the way is open to peace, with the withdrawal of all German troops from the invaded territory as the first requirement.

GERMAN REPLY COMING TO UNITED STATES NOW

By Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The newest peace proposal of the German government, as quoted in dispatches from Amsterdam, differs from the proposition emanating from Vienna in tone and wording, but not in substance.

Both governments accept Wilson's principal terms, not as a basis of peace, but simply as that for negotiations. The Washington-Swiss legation today received the German note to the United States and it will be transmitted immediately to this country.

HINDENBURG QUIT AFTER INTERVIEW

HIM AND THE BEAST OF BERLIN GOT MIXED UP IN A HEATED INTERVIEW, 'TIS SAID.

By Associated Press.

London, Oct. 7.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has tendered his resignation as chief of the German general staff following a heated interview with Emperor Wilhelm.

It is said that Von Hindenburg declared that a retreat on a large scale was impossible to avoid and this angered the kaiser, states a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam.

WOMAN FOR SENATE.

By Associated Press.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 7.—Supporters of Miss Jeanette Rankin, representative in Congress from Montana, already have begun an active campaign in her behalf as a nominee for the United States Senate.

Miss Rankin recently accepted the nomination of the National Party for United States Senator from Montana after her defeat for the Republican nomination in the August primaries by Dr. O. M. Lanstrum, of Helena.

MOVING PICTURE TRAINING.

By Associated Press.

With the American Forces in France, Oct. 7.—Before going into battle German soldiers in certain instances are shown pictures of the country through which they are supposed to pass during a proposed advance.

Information reached the American officers recently that moving pictures had been put on the screen for the benefit of the Germans who took part in the offensive which started July 15 in the Marne country, the pictures showing certain stretches of land so as to familiarize the invaders with the terrain. Some of the wooded districts and fields shown on the films were never reached by the Germans owing to the counter attack of the French and Americans which began on the morning of July 18, completely upsetting the German plans.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirsten, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

AMERICANS FIGHTING HARD.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Slight advances were made yesterday by the American forces between Meuse and Bois des Osons during heavy infantry fighting according to reports from General Pershing today. He also reported increased artillery activity everywhere on both sides.

Bulgarian Division Surrendered.

Paris, Oct. 7.—The commander of the Eleventh Bulgarian division has surrendered his entire force to the allied troops in Macedonia. This division is composed of two brigades and with its surrender a large quantity of war material fell into the hands of the allies.

Still Has Onion Seed.

Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516. NO WAX.

9-26-1t.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

DELUDE THE GERMANS BY TELLING THEM LIES

By Associated Press.

Berlin, Oct. 7.—Emperor Wilhelm, in a proclamation issued to the German army and navy, dated October 6, states the following:

"The Macedonian front has crumbled, but our front has not been broken and will not be. I have decided, in accord with my allies, to again offer peace, but it will be only honorable peace for which we extend our hand."

Strong Resolution.

A resolution providing that before the United States agrees to an armistice that Germany must disband her army and surrender the navy, arms and ammunition, pay for damages to cities and country devastated, restore Alsace Lorraine to France with the penalty exacted in 1870, was introduced in the senate by Senator McCumber of North Dakota today.

Are Against Armistice.

London, Oct. 7.—No armistice will be granted to the Central Powers until there is complete evacuation by them of all allied territory, with a cessation of the destruction and burning of allied cities, is the opinion of foreign diplomats of high rank who have been questioned for opinions regarding the speeches of Maximilian.

The Deliverance of Rheims.

With the French Army, Oct. 7.—French troops have crossed the Sappe river to the eastward of Orianville and have reached the outskirts of Basen Court and Boul-sur-Sappe after severe fighting. At Clement-Arnes heavy losses have been inflicted upon the enemy, who are now retreating in disorder. Today's fighting completed the deliverance of Rheims from the Germans.

Germans Still Retreating.

Paris, Oct. 7.—In their advance after retreating Germans, the British occupied many towns today. The Germans are still in full retreat along the sector of the front from Cambrai to Lens. The Germans are still continuing their work of destruction and many additional fires are being observed about Raubourlin, in the neighborhood of Lille.

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Money Makers

BIG CONSTRUCTION CAMP THREATENED

FIRE OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN NEAR ROCK ISLAND ARSENAL THREATENS DESTRUCTION BIG PLANT.

By Associated Press.

Rock Island, Ill., Oct. 7.—Fire of an unknown origin broke out this morning at the Walsh Construction Camp, which is located near the Rock Island arsenal.

The largest T. N. T. plant owned and operated by the government was endangered by the flames and help was immediately called for from the fire departments of Rock Island, Davenport and Moline.

At last accounts received the fire was reported as making rapid headway and efforts to get it under control was unavailing.

MOCK ICE CREAM THE RAGE.

Ice cream, made without milk, cream or sugar, to comply with Government regulations, has been all the rage this summer at the soda fountains of London. The recipe was conceived by an American, Charles H. Boeglin of New York City, soon after the British Government prohibited, early this year, the use of milk products or sugar in the manufacture of ice cream.

Here's the way mock ice cream is made: For a gallon of the ice, two pounds of glucose or four pounds of honey. If the honey is used, it should be boiled down in a quart of water, and before being poured into the freezer should be allowed to cool for three or four minutes. Then add the white of one egg and any flavor desired and freeze. Fresh fruit adds considerably to the flavor of the mixture, which really tastes like ice cream.

IN LONDON, where even in the summer eggs have been worth 10 cents each, the ice manufacturers use the powdered egg albumen instead of eggs.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

From Tuesday's Daily.

NO ARMISTICE.

It was a foregone conclusion that the allied governments would refuse the offer of an armistice made by Germany. The allies are now in a position to dictate terms, and they do not propose to lose the advantages they have gained for a problematical peace on discussed terms. In fact the only peace terms which will now be accepted will be unconditional surrender.

There are several reasons for our refusal to treat of an armistice. One is that Germany needs the time for further military preparations, and she would not hesitate to so use the time granted, despite her solemn promises. German treachery is amusing to Germans, while to other people it is disgusting. And the Germans would be naively amused at our childish faith in believing that they would be bound by any agreement not to continue military measures.

Another reason for refusing the armistice is that the allied troops are now animated by their constant gains in every sector, and to halt them at present, except for very grave reasons, would be to destroy the advantages which they have gained.

The offer by Germany of an armistice is so palpably a trick that no one in his sober senses could dream of accepting it. Even the armistice with Bulgaria did not prevent that treacherous country from destroying everything in its retreat, while the Serbians were forced to look on and do nothing.

It appears that whenever any nation once forms an alliance with Germany it learns new treachery and deceit, and those who have fought in Europe are convinced that there is no savage tribe, no degraded cannibals, who are to be dreaded for treachery as much as is Germany.

If Germany really wants to discuss peace terms, the way is open to her by first withdrawing her troops from the occupied territory and then asking for an armistice. If Germany were victorious—which she has never been at any time during the war—she might be able to dictate the terms of peace. But she is now in possession of invaded territory, she is so thoroughly convinced that she is whipped that she wants to secure all the advantages she can before surrendering, and she is still endeavoring to cover the nakedness of her position with the cloak of deceit.

As to Germany's demands for the return of her colonies, that is only the cheap John checkered which she is in the habit of using in all her diplomatic relations. Whatever else Germany is, she never forgets that she is the real petty trader of the world.

Germany does not expect the return of her colonies. In fact, she will be very much satisfied if she is permitted to retain her present continental territory, without Poland or any other of the provinces she has seized or secured through treaties.

But Germany is always in the position of asking more than she expects. It is for this reason that she cannot understand the attitude of the United States. She believes that we are asking more of her than we shall insist upon when the time comes to make the peace treaties. But she will find that the United States does not conduct business in that way. The one price system is marked up over all our doors of diplomacy. Either that or nothing.

It is probable that when Germany realizes there is only one way to deal with us, she will proceed to lay her approaches after a different fashion. But she will always attempt to be "diplomatic"—that is, to chaffer over advantages to be offered and accepted.

To grant an armistice at the present moment with Germany would be to betray our allies and to make of no account the sacrifice of our own people. We are engaged in a campaign to raise another war loan. What would the people think if, when they are asked to make the greatest sacrifices, our government should listen to the Lorelei of the Rhine, and accede to the terms demanded by Germany?

But we need not be afraid. Our government, in concert with our allies, is not going to give any advantage to Germany, and we shall hold all we have until the day of the final surrender of the Huns.

LIBERTY LOAN IS GOING SLOW.

According to telegraphic advices from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo in Washington, the first seven days of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign throughout the country has netted only twenty-two per cent of the total bond issue and the remaining seventy-eight per cent must be secured within the remaining eleven days if the people of this country are to meet the amount specified as the Fourth Liberty Loan—a total of six billion dollars.

Everywhere throughout the country reports come that the committees are hard at work, but that they have not met with the encouragement that they expected at this time as a result of the great turn for the best that activities in Europe had taken and brought brilliant success to the American and other allied forces. Even in the East, where patriotism is most pronounced at all times, the

progress of the Fourth Liberty Loan is not what was expected, as the campaign works anticipated an over-subscribing of the loan very quickly.

From all quarters come complaints that the wealthier people of the country are not responding with subscriptions that were expected from them, but on the other hand have placed the minimum amounts instead of the maximum sums opposite their names on the subscription lists. Here in Texas, according to the various reports published in the newspapers of the communities, the men who are considered the wealthiest in those communities have not done their part, and the greatest showing in bond subscriptions in all quarters is being made by the men of moderate means and the salaried men and women. Every community is praising the liberality of its citizens who are living by the "sweat of their brow," for these people are the ones who, realizing that they can not go "over there" to do their bit, know that by subscribing to the bonds and investing their money with Uncle Sam, they are not only doing a patriotic duty, but are putting away money that will come back to them with good interest on the investment. Even the wealthier class should realize this fact—that what they take in Liberty Bond subscriptions at this time is merely a loan and that that loan is backed by the most substantial security on earth, the U. S. treasury. It is hoped that during the remaining days of the bond campaign patriotic Americans will awaken to the fact that the Fourth Liberty Loan must be forthcoming even if we have the Central Powers on their knees begging for peace terms.

FIRE SAFETY DAY LATER.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 8.—For the first time since the custom was inaugurated more than ten years ago, the anniversary of the Chicago fire will pass tomorrow without the usual nationwide observance of Fire Prevention Day. It is the desire of the national and State authorities to have the day observed more generally this year than ever before, owing to the necessity for preventing fire waste during a time when the country is in greater need than ever before of all its resources. To aid in this general observance it was therefore decided that the plan could be carried out more efficiently after the Liberty Loan campaign was concluded. It has therefore been agreed that Fire Prevention Day shall be observed this year on Nov. 2, instead of on October 9 as heretofore.

CANNED GOODS NEEDED TO SUSTAIN THE ARMY

Canners of tomatoes, corn, peas, salmon, and string beans have been notified by the U. S. Food Administration that the requirements of the U. S. army, navy and marine corps will take the following percentage of the 1918 pack:

Tomatoes: The navy and marine corps will take 33 1/3 per cent of the packs of Delaware and New Jersey, the army will take 33 1/3 per cent of the packs of all other States.

Corn: The navy and marine corps will take 25 per cent of the canned corn packs of Maryland, Nebraska, and Pennsylvania; the army will take 25 per cent of the packs of the other States.

Peas: Allotments for 25 per cent of the total pack of 1918 have been made.

Salmon: The salmon canning industry has been instructed to reserve for the government 65 per cent of their total packs of red, medium red and pink salmon; 55 per cent of the total pack of Chum salmon, and 20 per cent of the total pack of Stockeye salmon.

Beans: The string bean packers have been instructed to reserve for the government 25 per cent of their total packs of green and wax beans.

It will be understood that such reservations are made from the stocks of commercial canners and home packs are not referred to whatever. One of the principal elements entering into the federal campaign to have housewives put up canned vegetables was to lighten the home drain on stocks of canned goods originating at the canners. Every can or jar of tomatoes, peas, corn and beans put up in the home gives from a fourth to a third of a can to the army, navy, and marine corps.

Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

IS LAREDO'S OPPORTUNITY AND CITY SHOULD GET BUSY

MANY HIGH OFFICIALS COMING HERE DURING NOVEMBER.

Presidents of United States and Mexico Among Them, and All Should Be Entertained While Here.

On November 13, and continuing to the 16th inclusive, there will be held in Laredo one of the most important international conferences that has occurred in the history of this country. This will be International Labor Conference, attended by representatives of the American Federation of Labor, the Mexican Federation of Labor, labor representatives from Central and South America, while it is intimated that both President Wilson of this country and President Carranza of Mexico will honor the assemblage with their presence and be here for a day or two to participate in the deliberations. The governors of the various states of the country have been invited to attend and many of them have signified their intention of being present.

This great labor conference will discuss and take action on numerous matters of international importance that at this time concerns the laboring classes of the American continent—matters that will be discussed in their fullness and a comprehensive agreement reached between the representatives of labor from the United States, Mexico, Central and South America—representatives of the Pan-American Labor Congress as it were.

The meeting in Laredo will bring many prominent officials to this city and it behooves the people of Laredo to get busy and plan for their entertainment, for it will mean one of the most valuable advertisements that this community could get. Messrs. Ross and Baker, two officials of the American Federation of Labor are now in Laredo and will hold a meeting in this city at the Soldiers' Club this evening beginning at 8 o'clock at which they will discuss matters of a preliminary character dealing with the forthcoming international conference. All workmen of this section—union and non-union, Mexican and American, are urged to be present and at which explanation will be made of subjects that will come up for final action at the conference here next month.

While Messrs. Ross and Baker are here it would be well for a committee of Laredo citizens to call on them and ascertain what arrangements Laredo should make for the accommodation and entertainment of the several hundred prominent officials and labor delegates who will come to this city next month. This is Laredo's opportunity to make good as a convention city. Get busy!

HER TRIP TO IDAHO

SPRING A FAILURE

MRS. RICHARDS COULDN'T WALK FOR TWO YEARS—GOES ANYWHERE SHE WANTS TO SINCE TANLAC RELIEVED TROUBLES.

"I have actually spent three hundred dollars for medicines of different kinds—my druggist said I was the best customer he had—but nothing seemed to reach my case until I began using Tanlac," said Mrs. A. M. Richards, 803 13th Street, Denver, Colorado.

"Three years ago," she continued, "I began suffering with rheumatism and stomach trouble. The rheumatism was inflammatory and, while it affected me all over, I suffered mostly in my hands and feet. Medicines failed to help me and I went to Idaho Springs for treatment but came back no better. For two years I couldn't walk—some days I couldn't use my arms at all—and when I went to the Springs I had to take a lady with me to help me along. My stomach was in a dreadful condition and I was weak, nervous and dizzy.

"The results Tanlac has brought me have been nothing less than wonderful. Last winter I weighed just one hundred pounds and I am sure I weigh all of one hundred and twenty pounds now, and, oh, I do feel so much better. I can walk all over town, go anywhere I want to, look after my house without any trouble and just feel fine. I am already practically relieved of pain—the dizziness is all gone and I am in better shape than I have been in three years."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circular free. All Druggists. 75c. J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, O.

JUDGMENT WAS RENDERED IN FAVOR OF ARCHER PARR

COURT AT EDINBURG ORDERED HIS NAME PUT ON BALLOTS.

Copy of Judgment Served on County Clerks and Election Boards; Case Goes to Court Civil Appeals.

The contested election case brought by State Senator Archer Parr against D. W. Glascock to determine who was the Democratic nominee for state senator in this, the Twenty-third senatorial district, was tried before District Judge F. G. Chambliss at Edinburg on Saturday last and the court decided in favor of Senator Parr, and rendered judgment canceling the certificate of nomination issued by the convention of Mr. Glascock's supporters in Corpus Christi on August 24th last.

The court further enjoined all the election officers in the sixteen counties comprising this senatorial district from placing or printing the name of D. W. Glascock as Democratic nominee on the official ballots to be used in the election to be held on November 5, and commanding such officers to place the name of Archer Parr thereon as such nominee. The judgment further directed the election officers to disregard and hold for naught the certificate issued in favor of Mr. Glascock by the secretary of state to the various county clerks in the district.

This judgment is being sent by mail to each member of the election boards in each county in the 23rd Senatorial District for their observance. Senator Parr's attorneys claim that the decision of the district court is final, but the attorneys for Mr. Glascock gave notice of appeal and will attempt to get it into the court of civil appeals at San Antonio.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

INDICTMENTS TURNED IN AGAINST BOOTLEGGERS.

Seven Bills Turned in By Grand Jury Are Against Parties Charged With Violation of Liquor Laws.

The grand jury in district court which was empaneled at the beginning of the regular session of court yesterday morning and immediately began the work of ferreting out crime in this county, this morning returned its first batch of seven indictments, all being for violation of the liquor laws and one case against each of the following persons:

Akapito Barrera, Andres Ortiz, Cornelio Arechica, Quirino Cantu, Willam Jones, Lorenzo Gonzales Cardenas and W. H. Stephen.

The grand jury is still at work and it is probable that a number of indictments against other parties for a similar offense will be returned before the session is terminated.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

FIGHTING THE INFLUENZA IN AMERICA



To successfully combat the influenza, which has stricken a number of our army and navy boys, a special camp has been fitted up on the grounds of the Currier Hill hospital in Brookline, Mass. This picture shows one of the nurses using a mask as a protection against the disease, which is contagious.

HAS PASSED HALFWAY MARK BUT MUCH IS STILL LACKING

NEW COMMITTEE WORKERS TAKE PLACE OF SICK ONES.

The Sum of About \$248,000 is Still to Be Subscribed and That Amount Must Be Forthcoming.

With ten more working days left in which to complete the quota of Webb county in the Liberty Loan drive, the committees who are at work on the task, though handicapped by many of their co-workers being incapacitated by illness, are prosecuting the campaign with unrelenting vigor. With the total subscriptions up to noon today aggregating \$275,000, the committees are now hustling to raise the remaining \$218,000. Can we do it, is the question confronting the Liberty Loan campaign committee of this county.

Last night a meeting of the committees were held and it was ascertained that the epidemic of grip and influenza has played havoc here by incapacitating many members of committees, who have had to temporarily abandon the soliciting work and take to their beds. Substitutes were put in for the members who are ill, and these are working with the old committees to put Webb county "over the top."

There are a number of wealthy residents of Laredo and Webb county whose names should appear in the \$5,000 class who have not as yet come across with their subscriptions to that extent, but the committee have these under "surveillance" and at the proper time they will necessarily subscribe—either voluntarily or involuntarily. BUT THEY MUST COME ACROSS. Men who own hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of city or country property must do their part in this bond issue or it will be a failure so far as Webb county is concerned. There is some agitation to have the names of the delinquents in this respect published—played up, as it were, in order that the people know who they are, but this will not be done unless it is absolutely necessary to resort to this radical means of exposure.

There are ten days left in which to meet Laredo and Webb county's quota in the Liberty Bond issue. Can the quota be raised? It most certainly can, although some unusual means may necessarily be resorted to to accomplish this end. So you fellows who are deficient in your duty to your country get busy and subscribe to the bond issue RIGHT NOW.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH, Offices, Brauman Building, Laredo, Texas, October 7, 1918. 10-5-18.

Mrs. Smith, Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewster, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

ANOTHER MEMBER OF FIRM SUCCUMBS TO INFLUENZA

Death of Gregorio Lopez of G. Lopez & Co. is Followed by the Death of Partner, Colonel Moreno.

Colonel Genaro Moreno, a prominent business man of Nuevo Laredo, County Chapter of the Red Cross ex-military official and member of the firm of Gregorio Lopez & Co., held last evening at Elks Hall was the firm of Gregorio Lopez, the first member of the firm of G. Lopez & Co., has caused a vacancy in both the senior and junior memberships of the firm.

Colonel Moreno was well and favorably known in this city, where on several occasions, as an intimate friend of General Reynaldo Garza, commander of the Nuevo Laredo garrison, he accompanied the general to this side and acted as personal interpreter for General Garza. During the various visitations of the Mexican military officials to this city Colonel Moreno was a member of the party and made many friends here who deeply deplore the news of his death.

FIRST VICTIM OF ILLNESS DIED IN LAREDO ON SUNDAY

Gregorio Lopez, Prominent Young Commission Broker, Succumbed to an Attack of Influenza.

The first fatality from the influenza epidemic prevailing here occurred Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock, when Gregorio Lopez, member of the firm of G. Lopez & Co., prominent commission brokers of this city, succumbed to an attack of influenza following an illness of about seven days.

Mr. Lopez was prominent in the business life of Laredo and had been engaged in business here the past four years. He was aged 35 years. Deceased is survived by his wife and two children, besides his mother, brothers and sisters and other relatives, all of whom have the sympathies of their numerous friends in their bereavement. The funeral took place from the home, 804 Hidalgo street, last evening at 6 o'clock under the auspices of Olive Cam, Woodmen of the World.

FRED LIGARDE APPOINTED AS CHIEF DEPUTY SHERIFF

Miguel G. Benavides Resigns Office He Has Held Several Years as a Result of Failing Health.

On account of his impaired health, Miguel G. Benavides, who for several years past has held the position of chief deputy sheriff under Sheriff Antonio Salinas, has resigned from the position with the hopes that outdoor life will prove beneficial to his impaired health.

Fred H. Ligarde, former postmaster of Laredo, has been appointed by Sheriff Salinas to fill the vacancy and will assume charge of his duties as chief deputy sheriff within the next day or two.

KEPT HER AWAKE

The Terrible Pains in Back and Sides. Cardui Gave Relief.

Marksville, La.—Mrs. Alice Johnson, of this place, writes: "For one year I suffered with an awful misery in my back and sides. My left side was hurting me all the time. The misery was something awful."

I could not do anything, not even sleep at night. It kept me awake most of the night. I took different medicines, but nothing did me any good or relieved me until I took Cardui.

I was not able to do any of my work for one year and I got worse all the time, was confined to my bed off and on. I got so bad with my back that when I stooped down I was not able to straighten up again. I decided I would try Cardui. By time I had taken the entire bottle I was feeling pretty good and could straighten up and my pains were nearly all gone.

I shall always praise Cardui. I continued taking it until I was strong and well. If you suffer from pains due to female complaints, Cardui may be just what you need. Thousands of women who once suffered in this way now praise Cardui for their present good health. Give it a trial. NC-134

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

OCTOBER 8.

Today is the 50th birthday of Coleman L. Blease, who recent unsuccessful campaign for the Democratic senatorial nomination in South Carolina attracted much public attention. For a decade or more, Mr. Blease has been a conspicuous figure in politics in South Carolina. He was governor of the State for two terms, from 1911 to 1915, when he resigned and resumed the practice of law. Previously he had been mayor of Newberry, his native city, and had served in both houses of the State legislature. Mr. Blease has gifts as an orator, and, during his administration as governor, kept himself and his politics before the bar of national public opinion by the dogmatic and unequivocal character of his deliverances.

LOCAL NEWS

—The called meeting of the Webb County Chapter of the Red Cross which was scheduled to have been held last evening at Elks Hall was postponed until further notice on account of the non-arrival of Miss Katherine Gallagher, the Red Cross field worker, who was called elsewhere.

—With all the sickness prevalent in Laredo at this time there need be no alarm, for out of the many "cases" reported three-fourths of them are merely "pure de grip," which makes one feel tough as the kaiser for a day or two and then it begins to wane, while some few people have the genuine influenza, but these are not many. The variation struck the Times force.

—This is the regular meeting night of the Elks, but on account of the epidemic of influenza there will be no meeting.

—The disease which has broken out in Nuevo Laredo appears to be something real serious—perhaps the worst stage of influenza or still worse. The death rate over there is quite heavy. One report states that a total of septetene funerals were held in Nuevo Laredo Sunday and several more yesterday. Health officials on the American side of the Rio Grande are on the alert.

—All workmen in the city—union and non-union; American and Mexican—are invited to attend the meeting at the Soldiers' Club tonight, when representatives of the American Federation will be present and address them. Representatives of the Chamber of Commerce should also attend and learn what this city can do for the entertainment of delegates and officials to the big international conference to be held here November 13 to 16.

I. W. W. TRIALS IN CALIFORNIA.

Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 8.—Today has been fixed for beginning the trials of several score of members of the Industrial Workers of the World who are now confined in Sacramento, Los Angeles and Fresno jails under charges of having violated the Espionage Act. The defendants are accused, generally, with setting disastrous fires in numerous towns and communities of California within the period extending from July 29, 1917, to August 13, 1918, resulting in millions of dollars damage to crops, resources, industries and property. The indictments also specify conspiracy with Haywood and other leaders of the I. W. W. who were recently convicted in Chicago and are now serving prison sentences.

It has been intimated that the trials about to begin will disclose evidence connecting some of the defendants with the San Francisco Preparedness Day bomb plot, although the authorities have declined to state whether or not the trials will have any bearing on the Mooney case.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

OCTOBER 8.

1793—John Hancock, first signer of the Declaration of Independence, died at Quincy, Mass. Born there, Jan. 12, 1737.

1818—Nathaniel Bowman consecrated Protestant Episcopal bishop of South Carolina.

1866—Saxe-Meiningen joined the North German Confederation.

1868—Prince and Princess of Wales (King Edward and Queen Alexandra) laid the foundation stone for the University buildings in Glasgow.

1870—Gambetta escaped from Paris in a balloon to Rouen.

1889—The German Emperor inspected the British Channel Squadron at Kiel.

1914—The Germans captured Douai.

1915—Austro-German invaders hurled back on all parts of Serbian front in first fighting.

1916—Six merchant steamships (four British, one Norwegian and one Dutch) sunk off Nantucket by German submarine U-53.

ECKMAN'S Calcerbs

FOR THROAT AND LUNGS. A Calcerb compound that will bring relief in many acute and chronic cases. It is in handkerchief form, a basic remedy highly recommended by scientists. Contains no harmful drugs. Try them today. 50 cents a box, including war tax. For sale by all druggists. Eckman Laboratories, Philadelphia.

Notice. We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO., 1210 Southwestern Life Bldg. Dallas Texas.

From Wednesday's Daily.

WOMEN WORKERS TO SHAME MEN WHO DODGE DUTIES

Service Will Announce Work Where Women Can Replace Men; Public Opinion To Do the Rest.

A new plan calculated to bring into war industries large numbers of men now engaged in non-essential employment, has been undertaken by the United States Employment Service.

The motive force relied on is the pressure of public opinion. Attention will be focused on men who are working at jobs which women might be doing. During the war few men will want to continue at a women's job. Those who do will be confessed industrial slackers.

As the result of instructions from administrative headquarters, all community labor boards will shortly prepare and publish in every city of the country lists of occupations in which men should be replaced by women.

At this moment the war program is seriously retarded for lack of man power in war industry.

If we can have shells enough in France next year we can blast a path to Berlin. To the extent that we fall behind in the supply of material we shall have to make up the deficit from the living bodies of our young men. This is not rhetoric. It is cold, precise, military calculation.

As soon as the facts are realized, Americans are going to cease carrying on "business as usual" and swarm into war work, making possible that which now seems impossible.

One of the fundamental processes which is going to save our war program will be the introduction of women into some phases of war work and the use of women in non-war work so as to enable men to go into war work.

U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
JAMES I. WALKER,
Examiner in Charge.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

OCTOBER 9.

Believing that "the war comes first while others business comes second," Myron T. Herrick, 63 years old today, is devoting himself wholly to his work as chairman of the National Finance Committee of the War Camp Community Service. Mr. Herrick is an Ohioan who gave up the practice of law to become a successful banker in Cleveland, and later achieved prominence in politics and diplomacy. In 1903, following some years of active work in behalf of the Republican party, he was elected to the governorship of Ohio. From 1912 to 1915 he was United States ambassador to France, and, though previously not versed in diplomatic customs and habits, he made an admirable record of efficiency, especially during the opening months of the great war. Mr. Herrick is a former president of the American Banker's Association and still retains large financial interests in Cleveland and New York.

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

OCTOBER 9.

- 1757—Charles X., the last French king of the family of Bourbon, born at Versailles.
- 1769—The Russians and Austrians surprised and captured Berlin and destroyed much of the city by fire.
- 1805—William M. Gwin, one of the first senators from California, born in Sumner County, Tenn. Died in New York City, Sept. 3, 1885.
- 1868—The United States was the first country to recognize the Spain.
- 1869—Sir Francis Hincks became Canadian minister of finance.
- 1899—President Kruger issued an ultimatum, rendering war between the British and Boers inevitable.
- 1914—Germans took Antwerp after a gallant resistance by the Belgians.
- 1915—Belgrade, the Serbian capital, by the Austro-Germans.
- 1916—Great Britain protested against German submarines being permitted to enter United States ports.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Subscribe for
THE TIMES
95 cts. per month.

LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Twelve carloads of ixite, one carload of nuts, six carloads of calamine, twenty-one carloads of lead and three carloads of iron.

—In order to relieve the congestion that has existed at the federal building as a result of so many appearing for their passports, Immigration Inspector in Charge Trout has established temporary quarters in the old Moose lodge room in the Christen building on the east side of Jarvis Plaza and now a large crowd of Mexicans are to be seen congregated in front of that building.

—Nuevo Laredo still has its bad epidemic of influenza, although it is reported that the mortality is decreasing. Many of the poor people of the Mexican city lack proper care and comfortable quarters, and to these are attributable the numerous deaths that have occurred over there from influenza and pneumonia.

—A meeting of the commissioners' court of Webb county was held yesterday afternoon, presided over by Commissioner D. D. Davis, at which some road work was ordered done along the highway from the city to San Antonio. Some other business also received consideration at the meeting.

—Laredo should right now take up the matter of arranging for the entertainment of the two thousand or more delegates and prominent officials who will be here next month to attend the great international labor conference. Remember, Laredo will go down in history as the meeting place of this conference and the name of this city will be on the lips of thousands of people.

—On account of an accident at the light and power plant putting the big generator out of commission last evening, there were no street car service last night and part of today, although workmen did everything possible to repair the damage as soon as possible.

—The Gang's All Here" is one song that will not be heard in an apropos manner in Laredo for some time yet, for the influenza has hit nearly every business establishment in Laredo and most of "the gang" is sick abed. Most of the victims feel like singing "We Won't Go Home Until Morning" for their heads feel in a similar condition to that of the morning after the night before.

—Two more victims of influenza died in the past 24 hours. They were G. Lorenay, a well known commission merchant, who was located on Convent Avenue, and whose funeral takes place this evening at 6 o'clock under the auspices of the Woodmen of the World. The other death was that of Jose C. Martinez, bookkeeper for Ricardo Gonzales, who died at his home about midnight.

SLASHED HIS THROAT AND DIED LATER IN HOSPITAL.

Salome Treviño, Aged Mexican Resident of Laredo, Committed Suicide Early Today.

Shortly before 7 o'clock this morning, Salome Treviño, an aged Mexican who for several years past had kept a small store at the corner of Farragut street and San Dario avenue, slashed his throat with a pocket knife and fell to the ground outside of his door. He was taken to Mercy Hospital, where he died shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon. He leaves a wife and a three-year old baby girl.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

- 1531st day of the Great War.
- Festival of St. Denis, the patron saint of France.
- Fifteenth anniversary of the beginning of the great floods at Paterson, N. J., which resulted in a property damage of \$3,000,000.
- Centennial anniversary of the signing of the convention of Aix-la-Chapelle, which led to the withdrawal of the army of occupation from France.
- Rt. Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, former missionary bishop of Wyoming and Idaho, now Episcopal bishop of Bethlehem, Pa., celebrates his 70th birthday today.
- The national convention of the Disciples of Christ, one of the largest religious gatherings of the year, will begin its sessions today at St. Louis.
- The annual convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Women's Clubs will be entertained in the city of Eau Claire during the three days beginning today.
- Rockland is to be the meeting place today of the annual State convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Maine.
- Several speakers of national prominence are scheduled to address the Vermont State Teachers' Association annual convention, opening today at Montpelier.

A series of parades, historical pageants and public meetings, beginnings today and continuing through the remainder of the week, has been planned in Chicago as the contribution of that city toward the celebration of the Illinois Statehood centennial.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.
There will be no meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Church this week.

Thursday.
There will be a business meeting of the Aid Society of the Christian Church at the home of Mrs. Frank Hamilton. All members are requested to be present.

I Wonder?

I wonder if Kidd, the old robber, Was filled with an awesome mis-giving, And with infinite care went and buried his hare Because of the high cost of living?

I wonder if Midas, the miser, Who had no regard for his soul, With his rare "touch of gold" and his millions untold, Could afford to pay cash for his coal?

I wonder if Morgan, the pirate, Who hanged all his victims on pegs, With his gold and his gems and his rich diadems Could afford to buy really fresh eggs?

I wonder if Roger, the rover, Who robbed both the French and Malays And got millions of loot with much cash to boot, Could afford to keep house in these days?

General Mention.

Mrs. J. A. Budnett left Saturday for Houston to attend the convention of the Eastern Star.

The many friends of Mrs. Henry Ward will be glad to learn that she is convalescent following a recent operation at the Mercy Hospital.

Mrs. T. H. Poole of Cotulla is a guest at the Hamilton.

Announcements.

All those who have had any nursing experience are requested to give their names to Dr. J. T. Ward, phone 675, as they may be called upon in case of need.

The Honor Guard Girls will meet with Mrs. Hugh Clark Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

There is an urgent call for workers to assist in the making of gauze masks at the Red Cross Surgical Room. Fifteen hundred masks are needed at once.

Red Cross Workers Notice.

There is urgent need for hospital garments at Fort McIntosh. The doctor says fifty suits of pajamas are needed at once. Come to the work room at 607 Convent Avenue to sew or make buttonholes.

MARY MAUD WOODMAN,
Supervisor of Hospital Garments.

Red Cross Notes.

There was quite an attendance of members to help in Red Cross work at the Garment Hospital Room. The ladies expect to finish fifty suits of pajamas by the end of the week.

Club Notes.

The Tuesday Music and Literary Club met yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. M. Fish. The meeting was presided over by Mrs. C. C. Burr. The following program was given: The topic of discussion was: Items of Interest on Women's Work.

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us

MORGAN YATTER CO.,
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

8-3-17

LEADS THE BYNG BOYS.

London, Oct. 9.—One of the outstanding figures in the recent fighting around Cambrai, which has furnished one of the biggest and most successful battles of the war, is Lieut. Gen. Sir Arthur W. Currie, commanding the Canadian forces. For two whole months, ever since the allied armies launched their great attack on the morning of August 8, the Canadian boys have been doing their full share of the fighting on the Western front. On several occasions they have come in for special commendation from Marshal Foch, the allied commander-in-chief, while their commander has won the praise and admiration of all the allied officers.

Less than five years ago Sir Arthur Currie, of whom much more is likely to be heard before the war is ended, was quietly engaged in business as a real estate agent in Victoria, B. C. The story of his meteoric career as a soldier furnishes one of the real romances of the war.

Arthur Currie began life as a schoolmaster, but soon launched out on his own as a real estate agent, devoting his spare time to training in the militia. At the outbreak of the war he immediately answered the call of the Mother Country, and went to the front in command of a battalion.

A large man with laughing eyes and a face that has the cleanness and freshness of youth, Sir Arthur Currie, who is only forty-three, is described as a soldier "with a punch"—one who "delivers the goods." He is highly popular at the front, and when Sir Julian Byng resigned, the cry of the Canadian soldier, whether in the trenches, dug-outs or rest-camp, was: "Currie for the Byng Boys!"

PERSONALS

D. D. Davis of Dolores is in the city attending the commissioners court. H. W. Johnston will leave tomorrow morning for Chicago and Washington on business.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Bender.—Mrs. J. R. French, Mexico City; C. R. Eckes, E. B. Hopkins, Houston; J. M. Velasco and wife, New York; R. L. Stiff, Geo. A. O'Connor, San Antonio; A. M. Geasley and wife, Monterey; H. Ross, Chicago; D. R. Johnson, Smithville; S. Sachs, Baltimore, Md.; J. P. Cotchett, New York; E. J. Winker, Earl B. Walker, San Antonio.

Hamilton.—Geo. H. Kerse, Arnold Shanklin, Mexico City; Fred Johnson, Apalos, Mex.; R. L. Williams and family, S. N. Williams, E. F. Butcher and wife, R. N. Butcher, Coon Rapids, Iowa; Roy Jennings, Aguilar; Jno. D. Eldridge, Pearsall; J. E. Hill, Webb; W. T. Seymour, A. T. Monroe, Houston; R. S. Vendiver, W. N. Foster, Dallas; Mrs. T. H. Poole, Cotulla; W. E. Eadnest, W. A. MacTavish, J. E. Harris, J. W. McGee, C. C. Hackenjos, B. F. Whittedge, C. S. Rogland, E. M. Mercer, E. M. Rowley, C. W. Walters, J. T. Henderson, H. Besalski, San Antonio; D. D. Davis, Dolores; Miss Ruth Denne, Pearsall.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Thursday partly cloudy to cloudy.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 98 degs.
Min. temp. 75 degs.
General direction of wind: South-east.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End them.

When the back aches and throbs, When housework is torture, When night brings no rest nor sleep,

When urinary disorders set in, When women's lot is a weary one, Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Have proved their worth in Laredo. This one Laredo woman's testimony.

Mrs. T. Guernsey, 2016 Farragut St., says: "My kidneys didn't act right and I suffered from backaches. I also had nervous and dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the City Drug Co. gave me relief. I recommend Doan's to all sufferers from kidney troubles for they bring quick results."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Guernsey had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

GERMANS ALMOST SMOTHERED UNDER FIRE FROM BRITISH ARTILLERY NEAR CAMBRAI

Large Number of German Guns Captured by British and Americans in Joint Operations, and Great Batches of Prisoners Still Coming In—German Forces in Complete Confusion and Retreating

IS GOING IT BLIND SAYS SEAMSTRESS

PAID LAST \$10 IN THE WORLD AS HER INSTALLMENT ON A \$100 LIBERTY BOND.

Special to The Times.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 9.—"I am going it blind, but God never threw me down yet. I am not afraid," said a little woman, a seamstress living in Monroe, La., who bought a \$100 Liberty Bond, paying \$10 down. She inquired very carefully into the conditions of payments, when they would fall due, etc. "I haven't another cent in the world," she said, and her eyes shone with an inner light as she spoke, "and I don't know how I will meet the other payments."

France, a nation worn with four long years of war, and the drouth-stricken areas of Texas, imbued with the spirit of the little seamstress whom "God never threw down," are going it blind and nearly two million men, the youth of America, fighting overseas, but willing to meet the payment of their pledge, even though it be paid in the dearest coin in all the world—their legs and arms and health and happiness and even life itself.

A little seamstress who hasn't another cent in the world, a nation whose lands are laid waste by war, a country stricken by drouth—must they teach you the true spirit of patriotism? And the millions who are fighting in France for you—are any of these going to die in vain because the people back home couldn't raise the money to crash the military power that forced this suffering upon a peace-loving world? They are all going it blind and unafraid and God will not throw them down. Will you?

West Texas is drouth-stricken, but there is an indomitable spirit there that can never die; that of standing behind West Texas sons in France. When the Liberty Loan train visited Killeen, John Alexander, who hasn't made a cent on his crops this year, subscribed for a \$100 bond, the last dollar he had in the bank.

At Standard, La., a woman wanted to subscribe for a \$50 bond and work it out with her two hands over the washub. "I have two sick children," she said, "and I am a widow with my oldest boy in France, but I have two hands with which to wash clothes and I want to do my bit." Good friends offered work and the bond was purchased.

"I can stand it no longer," cried a tiny, withered, aged woman, and edging her way through the crowd that listened to Sergeant Adrien Guerin, speaking from the war relic train at Killeen, bought a bond for her boy and started a stampede—a stampede of buying bonds for the boys.

Liberty Loan Train No. 1 is 100 per cent patriotic, including the engineer pulling the war trophies over the Eleventh Reserve district. Before leaving on the trip he sold the piano in his home that his daughter might buy bonds. After hearing the eloquent oratorical appeals of Sergeant Haley, a wounded American soldier, he sold his valuable watch, bought an Ingersoll and purchased another bond with the difference.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 9.—The court of criminal appeals today overruled the motion for a rehearing in the case of T. R. Watson, under a 99-year sentence for killing Banking Commissioner John S. Patterson at Teague.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative. These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well."

REPLY FORWARDED

NOTE IS CONSIDERED CLEVER BY LONDON DIPLOMATS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 9.—With the peace answer off his hands, President Wilson is using a big war map today, watching the progress of the allied troops along the western front.

Wilson's Reply is Clever.

London, Oct. 9.—In diplomatic circles here President Wilson's reply to the peace proposals of Prince Maximilian is regarded as clever and logical.

Laid Trap for Germans.

Washington, Oct. 9.—By an adroit diplomatic move, President Wilson has laid a trap for the German government heads if the peace proposal made by Prince Maximilian was in the least insincere, is the view of the officials today after studying the communication to the German chancellor.

THE CAPTOR OF DAMASCUS.

London, Oct. 9.—Fine leadership has characterized the whole career of Lieut. Gen. Sir Edmund Allenby, who has followed his deliverance of Jerusalem by the capture of Damascus, and who now bids fair to wrest the whole of Palestine and Syria from the control of the Turks.

At the very outset of the war General Allenby was in command of the cavalry division of the British army that went across in 1914 to stay the onrush of the Kaiser's hordes, and it is acknowledged on all hands that to the mastery manner in which he covered the terrible retreat from Mons must be attributed in great measure the escape of the Allies from disaster.

During the South African War he was Field Marshal French's most trusted commander. His unique gifts as a cavalry leader and organizer were then fully recognized, and on one occasion General Allenby achieved what seemed the impossible. When handling a flying column on the Seacow River he so demonstrated against the enemy's communications at the Collesberg Road bridge as to impel him to disclose his strength. But Allenby, after seizing some prisoners, fell back in a skilful manner and defeated all attempts to cut him off.

W. S. S.

FOR LEAGUE OF FREE NATIONS.

London, Oct. 9.—Initial steps toward the establishment of a "League of Free Nations" are expected to be taken at the initial conference to assemble here tomorrow under the auspices of the Council of the League of Free Nations Association. Much interest is expressed among the promoters of the movement over the inability of William H. Taft, former President of the United States and now president of the League to Enforce Peace, to attend the meeting and deliver the principal address. Many of the countries of Europe are sending delegates to the conference. France is sending a notable delegation headed by Leon Bourgeois, former foreign minister.

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without gripping, cramps or pain. Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Guided by People's Will.

Basel, Oct. 9.—The will of the people of Bulgaria will be the guide to King Boris III. the new ruler declared at a dinner to the members of the Bulgarian cabinet.

British Took Cambrai.

London, Oct. 9.—Cambrai has been captured by the British and 8,000 prisoners were taken.

From Thursday's Daily.

OUR DIPLOMACY.

If one takes into consideration what is usually regarded as "diplomacy" in Europe, particularly in the Central empires, it will not be thought complimentary to Americans to have our president's reply to the peace proposal of the German chancellor characterized as "diplomatic."

But the diplomacy of which we are naturally proud is the new sort of diplomacy, the sort we like to think shall prevail in the future when the war is over and the nations shall assemble on the basis of mutual trust and absolute truth as between nations.

One of the definitions given by Webster of "diplomacy" is: "Dexterity or skill in securing advantages; address or artfulness in the management of affairs."

But the usual idea among the European nations, especially the continental nations, is that diplomacy consists of shiftness, deceit, trickery, lies and secrecy—particularly secrecy.

The United States government was the first to take the people into its confidence as to its diplomatic moves, and was therefore considered as incapable of an understanding of diplomacy; in fact, the slighting term "shirt-sleeve diplomacy" was used to stigmatize our intercourse with foreign nations.

Mr. Wilson's diplomacy in answering the peace proposal of the German chancellor consists of so stating a matter that it cannot be contravened. He merely put the matter so squarely up to the German nation that there can be no doubt as to his attitude, which is accepted joyfully as that of the allied nations.

He, in effect, said: "If you accept our terms by withdrawing your troops from occupied territory, you will have convinced everybody of the sincerity of your intentions; if you do not, you will stand convicted as hypocrites."

Nothing so plain has ever before been said to Germany by any nation, and one can easily imagine the stupefaction of the German diplomats who were waiting for some insinuation of national advantage which Mr. Wilson wished as his price for agreeing to the German terms, which were not in any sense terms at all, but were thrown out as bait to induce the fish to rise.

Germany is used to the underground diplomacy of which some of her representatives have been past masters. She can conceive no reason for anyone laying his cards on the table, even when he has his opponent beaten. And she is searching in vain for that lost trick which she supposed she had so skillfully concealed in her sleeve, but which cannot be found at the proper moment.

There is a complete unanimity on the part of all the allied nations which cannot but be disheartening to Germany. There is no attempt to use the old diplomacy on the part of any of them. They all stand by President Wilson's utterances and this is what is particularly worrying Germany.

Get out and then wait for our answer to your terms, you Huns. We are not particularly anxious as to the result in either case. Your present submission will save us a few billions of dollars, a few thousands of lives and some painful moments; but we are sure to win in the end, and that is what is making you so anxious to get out while the getting is good.

There is little doubt that the answer of Germany will be: Prince Maximilian certainly cannot claim that he is speaking for the German nation; and we do not want to listen to anything from the German kaiser, except his humble acceptance of the peace terms laid down by Mr. Wilson last January, and since reiterated so plainly.

The kaiser naturally will not give in until he is so thoroughly whipped that it can no longer be concealed from anyone. He will prate loudly of the blood on the hands of the allies in continuing a useless war, although he knows very well that it is going against him. And until he submits, or until the German people remove him and give their own answer, there can be no peace parleys on any terms whatever.

A QUESTION OF MORALE.

The victories being won by the Americans are merely a matter of morale—its possession on the part of our troops and the lack of it on the part of the Germans. The men are fired with a lofty purpose, and even wounds do not deter them from the firing line. They have been known to return from the temporary dressing stations with a makeshift bandage and again enter the fighting.

A corporal recently lost his way during the fighting. Picking his way back, he discovered a German dugout, and by his nerve he made ten officers and twenty-two privates—the entire field staff of a regiment—surrender and precede him into camp.

An entire battalion of Americans was "lost" for a few days in the Argonne forest. Although surrounded by Germans, they held their own with very few losses, and when rescued they were down to their last cartridges and without food, being so weak that some of them had to be carried. But they were still fighting.

It isn't merely the man who can fight splendidly while he is well supported who is a good soldier; it is the man who can fight even though he is

all alone against the enemy, and who can get up smiling from the surgical table and demand: "Let me at 'em!"

The American fights so well because he is convinced that he is winning. He knows that the people at home are behind him, that the government will back him up with every ounce of power at its command, and he also knows that the enemy is already defeated, whether willing to acknowledge it or not, and that the doubtful soldier is always whipped before he starts.

Final victory will come to the allied arms as soon as the enemy is thoroughly convinced that trickery shall have no part in the settlement of the war. And our allies are a unit in demanding that the fight be carried on to the bitter end, until the Hohenzollern is so completely whipped that he can no longer hide the fact from his people.

The loss of morale among the Germans is not confined to the soldiers. For the past three years the people of Germany have been put to the greatest shifts to feed and clothe themselves. They have lacked fuel for heating their houses, for every available ton of coal or cord of wood has been devoted to one of two things—the manufacture of munitions or the luxury of the rich.

It is natural that a people who see their children starving while their masters revel in luxury of every sort should lose their animus for fighting. The German soldiers have been compelled to live off the conquered territory, and when these supplies ran low, they were but poorly fed from home.

The German prisoners of war in allied prison camps have had the best of the war at every point. They have been well fed, comfortably housed, well clothed, and they have not been forced to work at military labor. This has gradually come to the knowledge of the people at home, as well as of the soldiers in the field, and the result is that the Germans are losing their morale.

When a military prisoner gets better food and treatment than a soldier in the field, it is a great object lesson to those who are being abused by their officers and forced into desperate fighting.

The American soldiers are fed better than any other soldiers who ever took the field. They have not had to loot or commandeer food anywhere, and even the food given the prisoners under their charge is better than the German soldiers have had at any time during the war, except when they took a town and gorged on the food and wine they found.

All this goes a long way to establish the difference between the two armies, and when it is added that the American soldier is fighting for a principle, while the German is fighting at the behest of his masters, it is easy to see why the superiority of our troops.

The war is practically ended, and all that still remains is the cleaning up. This may take some time, but in the end we shall win, no matter what new tricks the German commanders may have up their sleeves.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice of Application For Probate of Will.

The State of Texas,

To all persons interested in the Estate of Mrs. Edwards Calahan Dodd, deceased, Lora Marie Calahan Tonkin, executrix, has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of Mrs. Edwards Calahan Dodd, deceased, and letters testamentary which will be heard at the next Term of said Court, commencing the Third Monday in November, A. D. 1918, at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest application should they desire to do so.

Herein fall not, but have you then and there before said Court this Will, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Laredo, Texas, this 27th day of Sept. A. D. 1918.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
Clerk Co. Court, Webb Co., Texas
w. s. s.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heartburn after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." "These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well."

TOTAL IS ABOUT \$300,000 AND MUCH STILL LACKING

COMMITTEE HANDICAPPED BY INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC.

Nine Days Remain in Which Practically \$224,000 Must Be Raised if This County Goes "Over the Top."

Up to the noon hour today it was estimated that the total Liberty Bond subscriptions in Laredo and Webb county were near the \$300,000 mark, the last report made at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon showing the subscriptions up to that hour aggregated \$287,600, and since that time the committees have been hard at work and the subscriptions secured will probably bring the total up to \$300,000 or more, which is less than two-thirds of the total quota of \$523,900 assigned to Laredo and Webb county.

There are only nine days more left in which to secure the remainder of the quota, and with the influenza epidemic handicapping the committees in their work, and even members of the committees being stricken with the disease, there is necessarily going to be a lot of hustling if this county comes anywhere near the quota assigned it. Indications for securing the full amount were very bright up to the middle of last week, but since the epidemic of influenza made its appearance here and so many prospective subscribers were stricken with the ailment and even the committees suffered from the encroachments of the malady, it has been hard work to increase the total from day to day.

But even those who are ailed with the influenza and have not as yet done their part in the bond subscriptions should do so from their sick bed, and when they begin to recuperate and learn that the Fourth Liberty Loan flag float in Laredo as a result of this county "going over the top," the sight of that flag will prove as a balm and recuperation will be that much faster. Webb county can not afford to fall down on this subscription list as in the others—let's redeem ourselves for past deficiencies in this bond issue and, despite all the obstacles that have appeared, put this county "over the top" within the next nine days. There is no such word as "can't" in the dictionary—but there is a very broad-meaning word of "will" that means much when strictly applied.

"Five Thousand or More" Club.

The following is the list of subscribers to the Liberty Bond issue of the "Five Thousand or More Club" with latest additions up to noon today.

M. Little	\$11,000.00
James, Moore & Co.	10,000.00
Laredo Bridge Co.	10,000.00
Albert Urbahn	5,100.00
I. Alexander	5,000.00
J. H. Murphy	5,000.00
Julian M. Trevino	5,000.00
R. Gonzales & Bro.	5,000.00
M. A. Hirsch	5,000.00
Ignacio Benavides	5,000.00
Aug. C. Richter	5,000.00
Longoria & Velpe	5,000.00
Fidel Gonzales	5,000.00
A. Bertani	5,000.00
A. Deutz & Bro.	5,000.00
E. Salinas & Bro.	5,000.00
L. Villegas & Co.	5,000.00
Cla. Ferretier del Rio Bravo	5,000.00
John Armentol & Co.	5,000.00
Luis R. Ortiz	5,000.00
A. M. Bruni	5,000.00
Everett Love	5,000.00
Dr. Horace C. Hall	5,000.00
Eduardo Cruz	5,000.00
W. R. Pace	5,000.00
Stanley Copeland	5,000.00
Shelby Theriot	5,000.00
O. L. Longoria	5,000.00

The last two named on the list, Messrs. Theriot and Longoria, are residents of Nuevo Laredo, Mexico.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. D. Dodson, formerly of San Antonio, Texas, and Asher R. Smith of Laredo, Texas, hereby announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law under the firm name of

DODSON & SMITH,
Offices, Braunan Building, Laredo, Texas,
October 7, 1918. 10-8-18.

ONION GROWERS!

Some one has lately discovered that onion seed are good for more than the first year. In view of this and the fact that Chris Reuter's and other years Bermuda onion seed have proved to be the best of all in germination, quality and yield, I offer you 1,350 lbs. this year's yellow seed at \$125 per pound P. O. B. here. Mr. Joe Leyendecker will deliver them upon application but only in original boxes of 67½ lbs.

This offer is good for ten days only; if not sold then they will be sold to some junk seed house.

CHRIS REUTER,
19-19-61.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for

opportunities. 50c. per month.

WINDROW BROS.
Employ an Expert Watchmaker
Bring your work here, will repair it promptly.
WE GIVE YOU SERVICE
WINDROW SAYS SO.

Chandler and Dodge Brothers Automobiles
FEDERAL TRUCKS.
FIRESTONE, GOODYEAR AND UNITED STATES TIRES
ACCESSORIES
WHAT LITTLE SERVICE OUR CARS REQUIRE
WE ARE THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED TO GIVE.
CITIZENS AUTO CO.
Cor. Houston St. and Sta. Maria Ave. Phone 353

BASKET BALLS
RUGBY FOOT BALLS
SOCCER FOOT BALLS
VOLLEY BALLS
MEDICINE BALLS
INDOOR BASE BALLS
Sleeveless Jerseys, Athletic Sweaters
large assortment
Sonora News Company

UNLOADING TODAY
Car Purina Chicken Feed, Cow Chow and Omolene
UNION MERCANTILE COMPANY

"AUNT PATSY" Chicken Feed—"The Best Ever." Cow Feed
"BILL THOMPSON" Horse Feed—"Cheaper than Oats"
EARNST-LATTIG CO. Distributors

FORD'S REPRESENTATIVES ARE EN ROUTE MEXICO NOW

Going to Mexico to Select Site For Assembling and Distribution Plant of the Fordson Tractor.

E. G. Liebold, secretary of the Ford Motor Co., accompanied by three representatives of the concern from Detroit, and Clark Pease, president of the City National Bank of Corpus Christi arrived here this morning and are on their way to Mexico, for which place they leave tomorrow morning.

An attempt to get an interview with members of the party failed to avail any results, except that one member stated that they were en route to Mexico in the interest of the Fordson tractor. Some time ago it was stated that the Ford Motor Co. was contemplating the establishment of an assembling plant somewhere in Mexico for the Fordson tractors, and it is for this purpose that the Ford representatives are now en route to Mexico—to select the site for the assembling and distribution plant for Mexico of the Fordson tractors.

Luis Marulanda, Jr.

At 2 o'clock this morning Luis Marulanda, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Luis Marulanda, died at the family home at 202 Farragut street. The young man, who was but 20 years of age, was stricken with influenza last week and although he was confined to his bed ever since, hopes were entertained for his recovery. But last night there came a turn for the worse, and at 2 o'clock the end came peacefully. The deceased is survived by his parents, as well as his brothers and sisters, and a large circle of friends who will mourn his untimely end. The funeral will take place from the family residence this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock, interment being had in the Catholic cemetery.

Watch For New Copy

ECONOMY GROCERY STORE

THIRTEEN INDICTMENTS RETURNED BY GRAND JURY

Eight Bills Were Returned Yesterday and Five Today; Seven on Tuesday Makes it a Total of Twenty.

Eight additional indictments were returned by the grand jury into district court yesterday, and five more this morning, making a total of twenty indictments returned so far this term, and the grand jury is still at work. The indictments returned yesterday were the following:

Catalino Flores, perjury; Dolores Gonzales, two bills, violation of liquor laws; Agapito Barrera and Francisco Ramos, violation of liquor law; two other parties not yet in custody, for same offense; Francisco Bolanos, violation of liquor law; Jesus Luna and Guimerindo Mendoza, violation of liquor laws.

The indictments returned this morning were against the following persons: Fidel Davila, et al., violation of liquor laws; Fidel Davila, unlawfully carrying arms; Margarito Esparza, rape; two women not yet arrested.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

Regular meeting of Encampment

Number 29, I. O. O. F., every second and fourth Friday of each month at the Odd Fellows' Hall at 8:30 o'clock. JOS. NETZER, Chief Patriarch. GEO. W. PEW, Scribe.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface of the Eustachian tube. Halls' Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Halls' Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

W. S. S.

Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

W. S. S.

BEST GRADE OF CARBON PAPERS

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS

AGENT FOX TYPEWRITER.

J. W. FALVELLA

Phone 43 Times Office

SPANISH INFLUENZA PRECAUTIONS.

1. Keep in mind that like most contagious diseases influenza is spread by contact, that is, by the transfer of the poison from one person to another. It is spread by sneezing, coughing and spitting at which times the discharges from the nose and throat are scattered in the air.
 2. Avoid crowds as much as possible, including moving picture places, theaters and other assembly halls. When feasible avoid crowded street cars.
 3. When sneezing or coughing, place your handkerchief before your nose and mouth.
 4. Make sure that you are properly clothed, in accordance with varying changes in temperature, prevalent at this time of the year.
 5. Fresh air is always good. Keep your bed room windows wide open, and secure as much sleep as possible.
 6. Keep the digestive organs in good condition.
 7. Drink water freely.
 8. Avoid common drinking cups, common towels and similar utensils.
 9. Wash your hands frequently.
 10. Use a mild antiseptic as a nose spray or as a mouth gargle, especially if your throat is sore or there is tendency to sneezing.
 11. If you have a "cold" use utensils for your personal use exclusively, or if you are in contact with one so affected be careful not to handle utensils used by them.
 12. Consult family physician at first onset of symptoms suggestive of influenza.
 13. Spread this information as much as possible in newspapers, moving picture shows, school houses, churches, etc.
- F. G. PERNOUT,
Medical Advisor Southwestern Division, American Red Cross.

FIRST DEATH IN MILITARY RESERVATION ON YESTERDAY

PRIVATE WILLIAM BYER DIED OF INFLUENZA WEDNESDAY.

Fifty-one Cases of the Disease at Fort McIntosh; Precautionary Measures to Combat Influenza.

The first death to occur among the soldiery stationed in Laredo as a result of the present epidemic of influenza took place at the base hospital at Fort McIntosh yesterday afternoon, when Private William Byer, of the headquarters company of the Thirty-seventh Infantry, succumbed to a complication of the malady, the influenza developing pneumonia. Private Byer was a fine young man, aged about 23 years, and when the focus of war resounded throughout the land more than a year ago he volunteered his services and was received into the army at his home in Jamaica, Long Island, New York state, and was later assigned to a training camp, coming to Laredo recently. It is probably that the remains of the young soldier will be sent to his old home in New York state for interment, instructions from relatives being awaited at this time by the military authorities.

According to the official report made to the Southern Department by the commander of the Laredo district, there are fifty-one cases of influenza at Fort McIntosh at this time, and the death of Private Byer was the first death to occur among the soldiery here since the outbreak of the disease, in fact most of the soldiers who have the malady are reported on the road to recovery and very few cases of pneumonia are developing.

Everything possible to combat the spread of the influenza in this section is being done by both the military and civil authorities and the people are urged to co-operate to the end that the dreaded malady be stamped out before severe cold weather sets in, as it is feared that then many cases of pneumonia will develop if the influenza continues.

At the top of this page appears a list of suggestions under the heading, "Spanish Influenza Precautions," which every citizen of Laredo and Webb county should read and then abide by the pertinent suggestions contained therein to combat the spread of the influenza. If these precautions are carried out the disease will soon exhaust itself here. Read the precautions suggested and put them into effect immediately.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

OCTOBER 10.

Maj. Gen. George B. Duncan, one of the first American officers to win the French war cross for distinguished gallantry in action, born in Kentucky, 57 years ago today.

Brig. Gen. John W. Ruckman, U. S. A., coast artillery commander of the Department of the Northeast, born in Illinois, 60 years ago today.

Lord Reading, British Ambassador and High Commissioner to the United States, born in London, 58 years ago today.

William D. Hoard, former governor of Wisconsin and a noted agricultural and dairy expert born at Stockbridge, N. Y., 82 years ago today.

Prince Charles, second son of King Albert of Belgium, born in Brussels, 15 years ago today.

John Oliver Wardrop, British Consul at Moscow, recently reported to have been arrested by the Bolsheviks, born in London, 54 years ago today.

George W. Smith, mayor of the city of Louisville, born in Louisville, 54 years ago today.

BODY OF PRIVATE L. WAITE TAKEN FROM THE RIO GRANDE

Member of Thirty-seventh Infantry Regiment Drowned on Tuesday Is Recovered from Watery Grave.

The body of Private Lloyd Waite of Co. D, Thirty-seventh Infantry from the Thirty-seventh Infantry who disappeared on last Tuesday camp together with another soldier, was recovered from the Rio Grande last night at a point near the mouth of the Chacon and delivered to the military authorities. The funeral of Private Waite will take place at Fort McIntosh this afternoon.

The deceased enlisted in the army from his home city of Goshen, Ohio, some months ago and was later assigned to the Thirty-seventh Infantry stationed in Laredo, where he was undergoing a course of training.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared for The Times by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

The enormous expenditures of our Government in conducting the war are indicated in the following figures which have just been made public.

Since the beginning of the war we have spent for army use for flour \$37,000,000; for sugar \$42,000,000; for bacon \$12,000,000; for beans \$9,000,000; for canned tomatoes and \$3,000,000 for rice.

We have spent \$126,000,000 for shoes; \$200,000,000 for clothing, and \$150,000,000 for blankets.

Our axes for the army have cost \$6,000,000; our rolling kitchens, \$47,000,000, and field ranges, \$1,500,000. The army is using 2,500,000 shovels that cost \$1 each.

Our motor trucks to carry supplies and ammunition cost \$240,000,000, and for horse-drawn wagons and carts we have spent \$37,000,000. Our 273,000 horses and 132,000 mules have cost us nearly \$100,000,000, to feed them has cost over \$60,000,000, and the harness for them nearly \$20,000,000.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

OCTOBER 10.

Today is the forty-fifth birthday of the Duke Adolph Friedrich of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, who has been slated to wear the crown of the new Kingdom of Finland in the event that ultimate victory should enable the Germans to carry out their plans in the far north. Duke Adolph Friedrich was born in Schwerin and received his education at the University of Rostock. For a time he served as governor of Togoland. He is a colonel of the Second Regiment of the Prussian Guard and was awarded the Order of the Black Eagle by the German Emperor, to whom he is closely related by marriage. The Duke is an uncle of Friedrich Franz, reigning Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY

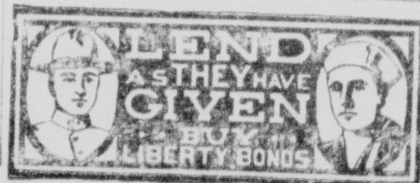
IN THE WAR.

OCTOBER 10

Announcement of mutiny in German fleet at Wilhelmshaven.

German attacks forced back advanced British troops on 2,600-yard front in Flanders.

President Wilson issued proclamation placing dealers in foodstuffs under stringent license after Nov. 1.



LOCAL NEWS

—Valentin Lopez, aged 21 years, and a well known mechanic at the garage of Mr. Moore on the corner of Flores and Matamoros, died yesterday at 2 p. m. following an attack of influenza.

—The party of Ford representatives who arrived here yesterday on their way to Mexico to locate the assembling and distribution plant of the Fordson tractor in the republic of Mexico, left here this morning for Nuevo Laredo, where they took the train to the southward.

—Tomorrow is Columbus Day and also "Liberty Day," but the occasion will not be celebrated on as elaborate a scale as it would have been had the epidemic of influenza not appeared. It is dangerous for gatherings to be held and people get the contagion that is epidemic here now. The wise ones are keeping away from closed rooms and large assemblages.

—There is quite an epidemic of influenza at the coal mines and a number of the miners are down with the disease, but the mines are still in operation with shifts sufficient to do the work. The one physician who is out there, however, has his hands full night and day looking after the influenza patients dependant upon his care.

—With the closing down of the customs house in Nuevo Laredo yesterday afternoon the importations of Mexican products have ceased indefinitely, at all goods coming to this side from Mexico must pass through the Nuevo Laredo customhouse.

—Constance Talmadge in "The Lesson" at the Royal last night was a fine picture play with a good moral, but unfortunately, on account of many people taking precautionary measures and keeping from gatherings, there was a very small audience present at any time to enjoy this masterpiece.

—On account of the fact that every member of the force of clerks and assistants is sick abed with the influenza, the custom house in Nuevo Laredo closed its doors yesterday. Deputy Collector Arzamendi was the only one of the custom house force on the job over there yesterday when he decided to close the doors until the influenza epidemic abated.

Regular Meeting of Encampment Number 29, I. O. O. F., every second and fourth Friday of each month at the Odd Fellows' Hall at 8:30 o'clock.
JOS. NETZER, Chief Patriarch
GEO. W. PEW, Scribe.

ONION GROWERS!

Some one has lately discovered that onion seed are good for more than the first year. In view of this and the fact that Chris Reuter's this and other years Bermuda onion seed have proved to be the best of all in germination, quality and yield, I offer you 1,350 lbs. this year's yellow seed at \$1.25 per pound F. O. B. here. Mr. Joe Leyendecker will deliver them upon application but only in original boxes of 67½ lbs.

This offer is good for ten days only; if not sold then they will be sold to some junk seed house.

CHRIS REUTER
10-10-6t.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End them.

When the back aches and throbs, When housework is torture, When night brings no rest nor sleep,

When urinary disorders set in, Women's lot is a weary one. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Have proved their worth in Laredo. This one Laredo woman's testimony.

Mrs. T. Guernsey, 2016 Farragut St. says: "My kidneys didn't act right and I suffered from backaches. I also had nervous and dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the City Drug Co. gave me relief. I recommend Doan's to all sufferers from kidney troubles for they bring quick results."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Guernsey had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirtland, Greenville, Ills., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchitis. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

THE SCHOOLS HAVE CLOSED BY ORDER OF SCHOOL BOARD

ALL GATHERINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS ARE CALLED OFF.

People Must Get Together and Help Combat Spread of Influenza by Taking Due Precautions.

At the meeting of the board of trustees of the Laredo Independent School District held yesterday afternoon, acting upon the recommendation of the medical fraternity of the city of Laredo, an order was issued suspending the sessions of the Laredo public schools indefinitely, or during the prevalence of the epidemic of Spanish influenza in this city.

This action was taken merely as a precautionary measure, as the board did not care to "wait until the horse has escaped and then lock the stable" when it is too late. There were no cases of influenza among children in attendance at school that is known of, but several of the teachers have been stricken by the disease and some recovered and resumed their work, but it was deemed wise to take precautionary measures against a possible spread of the influenza caused by inclement weather and suspend the schools. The order of the school board was put in effect this morning, and when the children showed up at their respective schools this morning they were informed that "school was closed" and they hastened back to their homes in a light norther and rain that was prevailing at the time.

The entertainment which was scheduled for tomorrow night by the Laredo High School at the Market Hall has been called off by the school board and those in charge and will not take place. Other meetings should likewise be called off and everybody cooperate to stamp out the epidemic of influenza.

Notice of Removal.
The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

Grand Jury is Still at Work, However, Investigating Matters Called to Their Attention.

The grand jury in district court returned three more indictments, all misdemeanors, into district court this morning, making a grand total of twenty-three bills of indictment returned so far—and the grand jury is still grinding away on matters directed to their attention by the district attorney.

The bills of indictment returned this morning were against the following parties: Juan Cadillo, unlawfully carrying arms; Luis Zarate, theft under \$50; Sebastian Altamirano, theft under \$50.

HEAVY RAIN THIS MORNING IS GODSEND TO THE COUNTRY

RAIN WAS GENERAL THROUGHOUT THIS ENTIRE SECTION.

Reports From All Directions From Laredo State That Good Rains Fell Everywhere This Morning.

Shortly before nine o'clock this morning a bank of heavy, threatening clouds appeared to the northward of Laredo and an impending rainstorm was in evidence. About nine o'clock the rain came, accompanied by a strong north wind, but the wind was of short duration, and soon a heavy rain set in and it came down in earnest for a while, flooding the streets and converting the gutters and many of the thoroughfares into veritable running streams. The total precipitation here aggregated .80—nearly an inch.

Reports received here indicate that the rain was general throughout this section, extending as far east as Bruni, where a half inch rain is reported, while towards Dolores on the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. and toward San Antonio on the I. & G. N. the rain was heavy and general. Coming as it does at this time the rain will prove of inestimable value to farms and ranches in this section, while it has also settled the dust for a few days and this will relieve that menace in the present influenza epidemic.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

German Emperor arrived in Bulgarian capital on his first visit.

Count von Luxburg, former German Minister to Argentina, arrested.

German Reichstag passed a bill providing for rebuilding of German merchant fleet.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

General Mention.

Mrs. Oscar Thompson and Mrs. J. H. Hennant of Hebronville are visitors in the city and have apartments at the Hamilton.

Announcement.

There will be no meeting of the Troop No. 1 Mascots at 4:30 p. m. today, as previously announced.

Call for Workers.

An urgent call is made for workers at the Red Cross Surgical Room to make influenza masks. They are all cut out and by having a good number of workers, they could be folded and shipped in two days.

MRS. T. A. AUSTIN, Chairman.

Eastern Star Grand Lodge.

Mrs. E. J. Randolph returned yesterday from Houston, where she went to attend the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star of Texas, which convened there Tuesday for a four days' session, but which closed with only two days' work on account of the epidemic of influenza. Before closing the members voted to buy with their Home funds Liberty Bonds to the amount of \$100,000 which was \$75,000 more than last year. The following wire was sent President Wilson.

"The Grand Chapter, Order Eastern Star, of Texas, now in session at Houston, purchased Liberty Bonds with all we had, which will be \$100,000 more or less."

Mrs. J. A. Burnett, who accompanied Mrs. Randolph, went to College Station to visit her son Howell.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food; strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 6c. Sold by all druggists.

PERSONALS

Hamilton:—A. W. Ferguson, Pearl; M. G. Dellinger, Dolores; Henry Edds, Mrs. Oscar Thompson; Mrs. J. H. Hennant, Hebronville; Mrs. W. F. Brann, C. C. Harris, J. G. Edmott, Corpus Christi; Littleton Richardson, Ashton; Thos. W. Callahan, Pachuca, Mex.; E. J. Parkinson, F. Perez, Geo. W. Kerse, Geo. S. Embury and family, Mexico City; H. C. Lane and family, Millet; J. G. Verner, Gonzalez; E. A. Florian, Houston; B. P. Moore, Denver, Colo.; C. H. Seldenglanz, A. B. Preston and wife, Dallas; T. Crisell, H. G. Silveston, Brownsville; Lieut. Booth W. Leman, U. S. Army; C. W. Ryan, San Antonio; W. T. Seymour, Louis Sinsheimer, Houston; Ted Waring, Kansas City, Mo.; E. T. Petty, San Antonio; J. C. McMurray, Hamilton, Ohio.

Bender:—E. G. Liebold, A. B. Jewitt, Detroit, Mich.; G. Plantiff, New York; Judge C. A. Douglas, Washington, D. C.; Judge T. D. Cobb, Judge J. G. Griner, San Antonio; Clark Pease, J. L. Mayfield, Corpus Christi; E. Hernandez, Jr. and brother, Guadalajara, Mex.; D. C. Tomacelli, Mapimi, Mex.; J. D. Dones, Dallas; Lie. J. L. Navarro, T. R. Lio, J. M. Valdez, New York; Mr. Morales and sister, Bay City, Mich.; E. E. Reyer, El Paso; G. S. Patterson, Corpus Christi; E. Olsen, Salt Lake, S. L. Quinker, Dallas; N. O. Rhoades, Mexico City; A. S. Bird, San Antonio; R. Caliga and wife, St. Louis, Mo.; V. Holyuen, Tampico; Carlos Austin, New York; W. W. Edwards, San Antonio; E. A. Feustmaker, Cincinnati, O.; G. F. Taylor, San Antonio.

PERSONALS

Judge John G. Griner of San Antonio is in the city.

Judge T. D. Cobb of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.

Henry Edds of Hebronville is a guest at the Hamilton.

Teofilo Crisell of Brownsville is in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Lane and children of Millet are guests at the Hamilton.

PERSONALS

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Saturday generally cloudy and unsettled.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 94 degs.
Min. temp. 76 degs.
General direction of wind: South-east.

Cloudy.
Precipitation, .80-inch.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

NEVER EXPECTED TO SEE WELL DAY AGAIN

WELL-KNOWN REAL ESTATE MAN SAYS TANLAC FILLED HIM WITH NEW LIFE AND ENERGY.

"A year ago I didn't think I would ever be a well man again, but Tanlac has put new life in me and I feel so good I'd like to run a foot race with some of the boys," was the characteristic statement of G. F. Hamilton, a well-known real estate man of Austin, Texas, recently.

"I suffered for eight or nine years," he went on, "from rheumatic pains and sciatica that ran up and down my sides like a fire breaking out and burning. I also had catarrh that bothered me constantly, a hard lump would form in my side that made me uneasy, for I couldn't tell what it was. My nerves were in a pretty bad state and worried me all the time. Last year when I was so run-down I was out working in my garden one day and my head grew light and dizzy and I had an awful fall, and I was so shaken up and weak and nervous afterwards I was afraid almost to stir about any."

"I began to take Tanlac a little while ago and it has done me a wonderful amount of good. My nerves are now perfectly steady like when I was a younger man, and I am feeling more like my old self again. I feel lively and more energetic and want to be stirring about and doing things. Tanlac has done me more good than anything I ever saw or ever took in my life before, and I gladly recommend it every chance I get."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windsor Drug Co.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

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KAISER CALLS SOVEREIGNS OF GERMAN STATES TO CONFER OVER REPLY TO WILSON

Speculation In Washington Ranges From Appeal To Their Loyalty And Suppression Of Disaffection In Various States To Abdication Of The Kaiser And Unconditional Surrender of the Germans.

DELMONICO'S HIT BY THE WAR.

New York, Oct. 13.—Many have been the changes brought about in the metropolis by conditions arising from the war, but probably no single item in the long list has attracted more attention, especially among the older generation of New Yorkers, than the announcement that Delmonico's was in financial difficulties, as a result of war time economies practiced by the wealthy class. At the very outset of the war the older and more famous of the two restaurants bearing the name of Delmonico, that located at Beaver and William streets, on the site of the first Delmonico restaurant, was forced to close because its building was needed for other purposes connected with the war. And now the only remaining restaurant bearing the name, that at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, has been forced into the hands of a receiver.

To have lived in New York, or to have visited this city, without dining at one of the Delmonico restaurants, a few years ago, would have been to have missed an opportunity of shining before people who had never been in New York. It was in 1827 that the first two of the name, Peter and John Del Monico, as the name was then spelled, opened a confectionery shop at 23 William Street, Peter, or Pietro, was an artist in the making of pastries and the like, and his brother was almost his equal. They had come from Switzerland. Five years after their arrival in New York their nephew, Lorenzo, followed them. He was without fortune, and they took him into partnership.

The third member of the firm was nineteen years old then, and his advent marked a new phase in the business. An adjoining lot, at 25 William Street, was added to the old one, and the restaurant thrived more and more. In 1835, however, a great fire wiped out that part of the city, but within a year the Delmonicos had two places, one at Beaver and William streets and the other at 76 Broad Street. The latter was destroyed by fire in 1845. Ten years later this house was supplanted by a more elaborate establishment at Chambers Street and Broadway, started by Lorenzo Delmonico. The Prince of Wales was banqueted here on his visit to the United States. It was the favorite resort of many well known men, among them the elder James Gordon Bennett, Horace Greeley, Henry J. Raymond, William M. Everts, Henry Ward Beecher, and John Jacob Astor.

Meanwhile the elder Delmonicos died. Lorenzo associated with him his brother Siro, and later his nephew Charles and his cousin, John Longhi. The up-town movement of business life caused the Chambers Street place to be supplanted by one at Fourteenth Street and Fifth Avenue, and about the same time a downtown restaurant was opened at 22 Board Street. The latter was short-lived. The Fourteenth Street place, established in 1863, lasted until 1876, when the one at Twenty-sixth Street, Fifth Avenue and Broadway was opened. This last was in turn followed more than 20 years ago by the present building at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Previous to 1887 a Delmonico restaurant had flourished for a short time in lower Broadway. It was followed by another establishment at 361 Broadway, but this latter lasted but a few years.

Charles Dickens was dined by 200 newspaper men at the Twenty-sixth Street place, and made his famous speech that was afterward published by his order in editions of "American Notes."

There were many Delmonicos, contemporary and in succession, and the family was represented in the active management of the restaurants until a comparatively recent period. But gradually the family interest declined and new owners gained control. The character of the business, however, has always been maintained at the same high standard established by the original brothers, Peter and John.

Notice to the Public.

Due to the influenza, our entire messenger force is down and our clerical force is much depleted. For the next few days our messenger service will be practically disrupted for that reason, and we trust that the public will kindly make allowances for conditions, hoping to re-establish our service within a few days.

S. E. LEONARD,
Manager Western Union.

Speculating Over Meaning.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Speculation here over the meaning of the conference of the sovereigns of the German states called by the Kaiser ranges from an appeal to the petty sovereigns for renewed fealty to the supreme war lord and suppression of disaffection in their territories to the abdication of the Kaiser and unconditional surrender.

In Opposition to Kaiser.

London, Oct. 11.—Unofficial advice received here says that Prince Maximilian's peace proposal to President Wilson was made in direct opposition to Emperor William. It is suggested that this may be the reason for summoning the German sovereigns for a conference.

Awaited With Anxiety.

London, Oct. 11.—Germany's answer to President Wilson's questions is awaited with great anxiety in Germany. Mr. Wilson's reply to the German peace proposal was published in the Berlin papers last evening. The North German Gazette says: "We have reason to believe that the peace step which has been commenced will be continued."

In Headlong Retreat.

With the Anglo-Americans at Cambrai, Oct. 11.—North of the Le Cateau-St. Hilaire line the Germans are in headlong retreat, say airplane observers. The Douai salient has been made still deeper and the news that the Germans are evacuating that city may be expected at any time. The only resistance worth mentioning is coming from enemy machine gunners. The bulk of the enemy artillery seems to have fled far east of the battle grounds and out of range.

Pass the Kriemhild Line.

With the Americans at Verdun, Oct. 11.—American forces struck the German lines east of the Argonne forest

AMERICANS DOING ALL THAT EXPECTED

HOOPES CALLS ON PEOPLE TO DUPLICATE EFFORT BY PUTTING OVER LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Louis, Texas, Oct. 11.—America is participating and they plunged even more deeply into the enemy positions than first had been intended. It was the Americans who stormed and captured Brancourt and Premont after hard fighting. They reached their objectives well ahead of time. This is from an Associated Press despatch dated October 8 at 4 p. m. This is the kind of news that brings tears of pride to the eyes of those who have their boys fighting over there, and makes us all feel that it is good to be Americans. Yes, this is the way they are fighting over there, and what are we doing? Are we with our money plunging more deeply into the enemy defenses than even our government asked us to? Are we going to reach our objective well ahead of time in the matter of the Liberty Loan. To fail these boys would be a disgrace so deep, so lasting, that history would never clear our name. Such a thing is unthinkable. We must during the next week send a return cable to France, saying that we have duplicated here in America to the best of our ability the actions of our boys over there. And once more, at the risk of repetition, I remind every man and woman in the Eleventh Federal district of the words of General Haig to his men before the great offensive of last March: "I call upon every man to conduct himself as though the result of this battle depended upon his personal efforts alone." This is the only way to put over the Liberty Loan. It is the way our boys fight, and it is the way we must fight.—J. W. Hoopes.

today, capturing Commerance, Chevres and the Marco ridge. Dame Marie was stormed after hard fighting, over 1,000 prisoners being taken during the day. Fighting opened this morning with infantry sweeping through the northern portion of the Argonne forest for a maximum distance of nearly five miles. Little opposition was encountered from the enemy, who probably retired during the night. Pushing forward, the Americans discovered the Germans had destroyed all the roads as they went. By this attack the Americans have taken a firmer hold on the territory north of the broken Kriemhild line.

Americans Started Action.

With the Americans at Verdun, Oct. 11.—Heavy artillery firing in the region west of the Meuse began early today. The Americans started the action before daylight, and the bombardment was responded to by the Germans. Fires are reported in the region of many towns behind the lines, and it is believed that these were started by American shells.

Americans Captured Towns.

London, Oct. 11.—American troops operating with the British on the front southeast of Cambrai last night completed the capture of Vaux-Audigny and St. Souplet.

Ninetieth Division is Busy.

Washington, Oct. 11.—General March reported today that the Ninetieth Division, composed of Texas and Oklahoma troops, is now on the St. Mihiel front.

Near Two Million Mark.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Over 1,900,000 American troops have been sent overseas, said General March today, coupling his report with an urgent request for support of the Fourth Liberty Loan.

British Gain Everywhere.

With the Anglo-Americans at Cambrai, Oct. 11.—A great battle is now being fought in this region on a front of nearly 30 miles, it having been extended to the north. The British are gaining everywhere. There are virtually no enemy infantry operations.

Germans Must Evacuate.

London, Oct. 11.—Today's advice from the battle front indicate that it is virtually certain the Germans will have to evacuate St. Gobain forest almost immediately.

British Are Progressing.

London, Oct. 11.—In the region immediately east of Cambrai the British have reached the outskirts of St. Vaas and St. Aubert.

French Still Advancing.

Paris, Oct. 11.—French troops last night advance in the region north of the Aisne and captured Chevry and Moulins and then pushed on beyond.

Germans Begin Retreat.

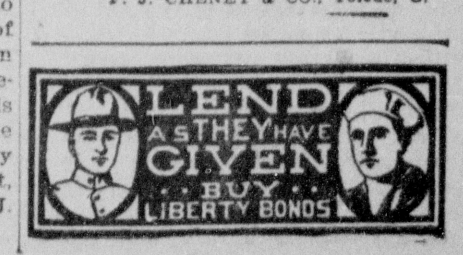
Paris, Oct. 11.—In the Champagne sectors the Germans have begun a retreat toward the Aisne. French forces have crossed the Aisne at Termes.

Mail Steamer Torpedoed.

Belfast, Oct. 11.—A hundred lives were lost as the result of torpedoing the mail steamer Leinster in the Irish Sea yesterday. So far no American is reported lost. The vessel carried 687 passengers, including women and children, and a crew of 70. Two torpedoes were fired without warning at a distance of 150 yards.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, it has a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. 75c. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.



From Saturday's Daily.

THE KAISER'S COUNCIL.

The news that Kaiser Wilhelm has called all the sovereigns of the states forming the empire for a consultation before answering President Wilson's latest note is indicative of one of two things; either he wants their approval of the course he intends to follow, or else he wants to "pass the buck" to them in case of friction with the people hereafter.

Since his grandfather, with the help of Bismarck, formed the present German empire in the palace at Versailles at the conclusion of the Franco-Prussian war, there has been no such conference held. Not even at critical moment during the war has the Kaiser condescended to ask his vassal princes—for such he deems them—as to any course to pursue. He has freely given his orders and they have been obeyed.

But it must be remembered that the constitution of the German empire recognizes these rulers as sovereigns in their respective states, and not merely as puppets of the emperor. It is his own act and that of his advisers which has gradually brought the sovereigns of states older than Prussia to become mere vassals of a German emperor.

There are at present many thousands of Germans who are dissatisfied with the empire and its workings. They have been summoned to war, not for the defense of their homes and their national interests, but for the aggrandizement of Prussia. For the empire is really Prussia just now, no matter what other states go to form it. And the real ruler of Germany is the royal family of Prussia.

An enormous amount of the money raised by taxation throughout the German empire has gone to supporting the military establishment of Prussia, for it is recognized that only Prussia had to fear the enemies against whom the Prussian ruler was preparing.

Official opinion in Washington is divided over the meaning of the conference, some believing that the Kaiser intends to appeal to the loyalty of the sovereigns to suppress disaffection, while others go so far as to suggest that he may abdicate and the German forces may surrender unconditionally.

For some time it has been known that Prince Maximilian, the new chancellor, was a peace advocate. And he is not alone in his desire to end the war, no matter how, so long as it will stop the effusion of blood and the waste of lives and treasure.

If there be any truth in the report that the peace proposal from the chancellery was in direct opposition to the will of the Kaiser, there may be some ground for the rumored abdication, but it is difficult to imagine so determined an autocrat ever resigning the reins of power while he is still able to stand on his feet.

If the petty sovereigns demand his abdication as emperor, it will mean the disruption of that somewhat loosely woven fabric. With the territories gained by aggression, Prussia is the larger part of the present Germany, but when it is calculated that Prussian Poland will be cut off by the peace treaties, and that other parts of Prussia are ripe for revolt, particularly Schleswig-Holstein, it will be seen that the rest of Germany may be able to overbalance the will of the Prussian junkers, should they still remain loyal to the Kaiser.

With the Prussian royal house removed from the negotiations, there would be little difficulty in the way of securing a hearing of terms. It is true that the other Germans have not been behind the Prussians when it came to abusing the rest of the world, but aside from the Saxons and the Bavarians, the other Germans are more tractable and are more apt to ask for terms in the hope of stopping further bloodshed.

The dismemberment of the German empire is one of the probable results of the war. The dismemberment of Austria-Hungary seems doomed, and the new German empire that may some day rise upon the ashes of the old will have a better prospect of enduring than the Bismarckian and Hohenzollerns believed when they triumphed over France in 1870.

The outcome of the conference will be breathlessly awaited. If the sovereigns decide to stand by the Kaiser it means the overwhelming defeat of Germany; if they demand his abdication it means surrender, for they can secure peace in no other way.

AN URGENT NEED.

It is evident that the women of Texas—particularly of Laredo—have an opportunity which has never before been presented them. Heretofore their work has been limited to making bandages and hospital supplies and the like. But now they have the opportunity to do direct work for the soldiers, to come in personal contact with the sick of the army and to give their services for the alleviation of suffering without leaving their home town.

There are over two hundred sick soldiers at Fort McIntosh at present. There is not a single trained nurse in the post, and not even a woman in the hospital. This is the first time since the war began that there has

been need for woman's work and no one to respond.

A great many people have wished for the opportunity to do something besides roll bandages and sew on pajamas. They have declared repeatedly that they would like to go to the front and help nurse the soldiers. Well, they have their chance at nursing right now, without the physical discomforts of travel or the dangers of an overseas trip.

Many of these soldiers are in need of a woman's care. They are far from home, many of them for the first time in their lives, and they are certain to suffer from homesickness, as well as from the physical sickness. There is hardly a person in Laredo who is not familiar with the awful discomforts of influenza, and who does not realize how terrible it must be for these patriotic young men far from home and without a woman to perform for them the little services which all sick men need.

The men at Fort McIntosh are worse off in one respect than those at the battle front. The latter have nurses and plenty of them. They are cared for in a way that only a trained nurse has, and everything that can be done to alleviate their sufferings is theirs without the asking.

There must be some women in Laredo who can spare a few days—or weeks, if necessary—from home cares to help nurse these soldiers back to health. From a mere economical standpoint their lives are valuable, for they are a part of the force which is to whip the Kaiser. And from a sentimental point of view, they are all mothers' sons and in need of comfort.

The doctors at the post have their hands full. They have some trained Hospital Corps men, but the duties of these men are multitudinous. And the force is not adequate to a great epidemic, such as is now sweeping our city. And the trained nurses formerly stationed here have been sent to the front overseas, leaving the doctors without help of any sort save that which is volunteered.

A call has been issued for volunteer nurses. They are not asked to give their services. Those who are with out training will be given from \$30 to \$50 a month with board, room and laundry. If there are any trained nurses with diplomas who apply, they will be paid \$75 a month, with the same allowances.

Uncle Sam is not niggardly when it comes to caring for his soldiers or paying those who care for them. No expense will be spared in nursing these soldiers back to health and efficiency. They are the most valuable thing the country has at present, and the proper care will be taken of them—provided there are enough devoted, patriotic women who volunteer to help nurse them.

It is true that there are many other people sick at present. But most of them are at home, or have some one to look after them. And there is hardly a man in town today who is in the deplorable condition of the sick soldiers, who have nothing to do but take their medicine and get well—or succumb to the disease—without the comforting presence of a woman in their hour of need.

The women of Laredo have always measured up to their duty. They have been complimented on the character of the work they have done. And now, when their government needs them, it is unlikely that they will fail.

HAD REGULAR CLOUDBURST AROUND MINERA COUNTRY

V. L. PUIG HAD TO WALK SEVEN MILES TO CATCH TRAIN.

Is Busy Building Bridges Along Eagle Pass Road on River Front and Has Completed Twenty-one of Them.

County Commissioner Valentin L. Puig, who has had a force of county road workers busy the past several months constructing bridges over a section of the county along the river front that is nothing but one arroyo after another, or along the Eagle Pass road upriver from Minera to Palafax, where he has already constructed twenty-one bridges of various lengths and has five more to construct, returned to Laredo yesterday and reports that he had to walk seven miles to catch the train, the veritable deluge of rain that fell north of Minera yesterday morning leaving the country in a state of inundation and the team with which he was traveling being unable to get through the water and mud. Mr. Puig states that at least two inches of rain fell in the country from Minera northward and the ground got the best soaking in some time.

Speaking about the bridges that the county has had constructed over the various arroyos in the section in which he has been at work, Mr. Puig says that the twenty-one wooden bridges already built are substantial ones, and that of the five remaining to be built one will be 124 feet long and the other 54 feet long, while the other three are small bridges, and all of them will be completed as soon as possible. Work on the bridges was necessarily suspended yesterday on account of the arroyos being full of water and it will be several days before the work can proceed. Two members of the road workers were taken seriously ill with influenza several days ago and died shortly afterwards, while others who were taken ill recovered and resumed their work.

LIBERTY BOND GOING SLOW; PEOPLE NOT RESPONDING

SOME ON THE LIST MAY BE ASKED TO DOUBLE AMOUNT.

At This Time Grand Total of Subscriptions, With Promises, Amount to Approximately \$370,000.

Seven more days are left in which Webb county, if it is intended to raise the full amount of the quota given her, must do some "tail hustling" to go "over the top" with her subscription of \$123,900.

With the various amounts subscribed and those already promised and considered as good as subscribed, the grand total of subscriptions aggregate the sum of approximately \$370,000, and in order to obtain the full quota before the close of the campaign the committee will find it necessary to ask some of the more liberal subscribers to increase their subscriptions or "double up" in order to reach the quota. Laredo has fallen down in three Liberty Bond issues, and certainly the people of this city and county are not going to allow that to occur for the fourth time when the success of American arms in France and Belgium have attained such a glorious record. A vigorous campaign is to be waged next week to attain the goal—let everyone who is able to do so come across with all they can in order that this county go "over the top" by next Saturday night.

"Five Thousand or More" Club. The following is the list of subscribers to the Liberty Bond issue of the "Five Thousand or More Club" with latest additions up to noon today:

M. Little	\$11,000.00
Samos, Moore & Co.	10,000.00
Laredo Bridge Co.	10,000.00
Albert Urbahn	6,100.00
I. Alexander	5,000.00
J. H. Murphy	5,000.00
Julian M. Trevino	5,000.00
R. Gonzales & Bro.	5,000.00
M. A. Hirsch	5,000.00
Ignacio Benavides	5,000.00
Aug. C. Richter	5,000.00
Longoria & Volpe	5,000.00
Pidel Gonzales	5,000.00
A. Bertani	5,000.00
A. Deutz & Bro.	5,000.00
E. Salinas & Bro.	5,000.00
L. Villegas & Co.	5,000.00
Cia. Ferrotera del Rio Bravo	5,000.00
John Armengol & Co.	5,000.00
Luis R. Ortiz	5,000.00
A. M. Bruni	5,000.00
Everett Love	5,000.00
Dr. Horace C. Hall	5,000.00
Eduardo Cruz	5,000.00
W. R. Pace	5,000.00
Stanley Copeland	5,000.00
Shelby Theriot	5,000.00
O. L. Longoria	5,000.00
M. Vizcaya Sierra	5,000.00
Total	\$162,100.00

"Woman's Thousand Dollar Club." Mrs. H. D. Shelby, as captain of a few faithful workers in behalf of the Fourth Liberty Loan and the "Boys Over There," has won the unstinted praise of all the people of Laredo and especially of the Fourth Liberty Loan organization for the great success she has had in securing subscriptions to the "Woman's Thousand Dollar Club."

Several of these subscriptions have been paid in full and it is safe to say that not a single subscription in this club will ever fail. The ladies were determined not to report while the list stood at thirteen, so they worked valiantly to get the fourteenth member, and no one knows who was the thirteenth. This list at noon Friday was as follows:

Mrs. Mary S. Shelby, captain	\$1,000.00
Mrs. E. H. Buenz	1,000.00
Mrs. M. T. Conley	1,000.00
Mrs. Chas. Deutz	1,000.00
Mrs. Frederick Gilbreath	1,000.00
Mrs. M. Little	1,000.00
Mrs. C. S. McKinney	1,000.00
Mrs. R. A. Miller	1,000.00
Mrs. J. R. Moore	1,000.00
Mrs. L. R. Ortiz	1,000.00
Mrs. Julia L. Richter	1,000.00
Mrs. W. J. Samos	1,000.00
Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker	1,000.00
Mrs. M. E. Buenz	(500.00)
Mrs. Inez G. de Villegas	(500.00)

"Thousand Dollar or More Club." The following is the membership list of the Thousand Dollar or More Club for the Fourth Liberty Loan:

B. M. Alexander	\$2,000.00
T. A. Austin	2,000.00
H. M. Austin	1,000.00
Servando Benavides	1,000.00
Geo. Brannan	2,000.00
J. O. Buenz	2,000.00
Raul Casso	2,500.00
Jose M. Cavazos	2,500.00
L. J. Christen	1,000.00
City Drug Co.	1,500.00
T. A. Coleman	2,500.00

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE

WEST END, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men. Preparatory, Business, High School, Collegiate Courses. Chartered by the State of Texas to Confer Degrees.

Excellent location, experienced teachers, thorough courses, small classes, complete laboratory equipment, spacious campuses and tennis courts, splendid outdoor natorium.

The only boarding school in Southwest Texas having a special department for small boys. Visitors are always welcome. For illustrated catalogue apply to

REV. JAMES P. CANNING, S. M., President.

College reopens September 4, 1918.

PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY OF INDIVIDUAL WORKERS

MRS. M'ADOO CALLS UPON LOCAL WORKERS FOR QUOTA.

Asks For Over-Subscription as Imperative Measure Toward Certain and Complete Victory.

The following telegram, which is self-explanatory, has been received by Mrs. C. S. McKinney, Chairman for Webb County, Woman's Liberty Loan Committee:

The president has called on the nation to over-subscribe the loan as an imperative measure toward certain and complete victory. The National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, appreciating all you have already done, calls upon you to take that message home to your community. Over-subscription of the quota in your district must be the personal responsibility of every Liberty Loan worker. (signed) Mrs. William G. McAdoo, Chairman National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.

GRAND JURY HAS RECESSED UNTIL MONDAY MORNING AT 9

During Five Days They Were in Sessions They Returned a Total of Twenty-one Bills of Indictment.

The grand jury in district court, which was empaneled on last Monday morning, yesterday afternoon took a recess until next Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

During the five days that the grand jury were at work they returned a total of twenty-three bills of indictment, most of them for violation of the liquor laws.

RAIN GENERAL YESTERDAY WILL DO INESTIMABLE GOOD

From All Places in This Section Come Reports of Good Rains, in Some Places Heavier Than Others.

Reports received here from all places around Laredo indicate that this entire section of country was blessed with a heavy downpour of rain yesterday morning, the precipitation ranging from four-fifths of an inch in Laredo proper to as much as two inches in other portions of the county. The rain was general and heavy on the big ranches and the numerous farms and will prove of inestimable value in putting a good season in the ground, starting grasses on the cattle ranges and helping vegetation now planted in the fields.

Another light rain fell during the early hours of this morning, but it was very light compared to that of yesterday. The rain has improved the atmospheric conditions and laid the dust for a few days, and the indications are that the present conditions are favorable for helping to abate the influenza epidemic which is prevailing here at this time and has many victims.

Will Be Open Sunday. The Red Cross Surgical Dressing Rooms will be open all day Sunday and all the women of Laredo who can assist in the making of influenza masks are requested to go to the rooms. There is an urgent demand for these masks and the women of the city can do an appreciable work at this time in helping make them.

E. Denike	1,000.00
Eagle Pass Lumber Co.	1,000.00
S. V. Edwards	1,000.00
Wm. Eusten	3,000.00
A. E. Graham (Bernal Or-	
chard Co.)	2,000.00
Anador E. Garcia	1,000.00
Leonard Haynes	3,000.00
Ufford & Purwin	2,500.00
Mike Joseph	2,500.00
S. H. Kross & Co.	1,500.00
Laredo Elise & Ry. Co.	2,500.00
Laredo Auto Sales Co.	1,000.00
Sam Macklin	1,000.00
R. V. Martin	1,000.00
J. M. Martin	1,000.00
Mrs. J. C. Martin	1,000.00
Marcelino I. Martin	2,000.00
Luisa Martin	1,000.00
Mexican Product Co.	1,000.00
R. A. Miller	1,000.00
Mother Clara (Mercy Hos-	
pital)	1,000.00
Robt. McComb	2,000.00
C. S. McKinney	1,000.00
J. M. Ortiz	1,000.00
J. M. Ramsey	1,000.00
Sonora News Co.	1,000.00
C. A. Stowers Furn. Co.	1,000.00
Pedro Trevino & Co.	1,500.00
Joe A. Valls	1,000.00
Fred. Werner	1,000.00
A. W. Wilcox	2,500.00
Wormser Bros.	2,000.00
Total	\$68,000.00

WELL KNOWN STOCKMAN DIES FROM ATTACK INFLUENZA

Prominent Stockman Recently Operated on at Hospital Here Succumbs to Attack of Spanish Influenza.

S. E. Trammell, a well known stockman of this section, and who has a ranch near Aguilares, died at his room at a local hotel last night at 11 o'clock following a five days illness from influenza. His mother and brother were at his bedside when Mr. Trammell passed away.

Deceased was well and favorably known in this section as a prominent stockman of Aguilares and Big Wells. Recently he was operated on at the Mercy Hospital in this city and had apparently recovered from the effects of the operation when stricken with influenza. The remains, accompanied by the mother of deceased, were taken to Big Wells this morning for interment.

W. S. S. DEATH OF MRS. G. B. WATSON FORMERLY MISS M. BIGDEN

Deceased Was Eldest Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Bigden of Laredo; Married Three Years Ago.

A telegram was received here yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Bigden from Corsicana advising them that their daughter, Mrs. G. B. Watson, was critically ill and a few hours later came the sad news announcing that Mrs. Watson had died. This news came as a great shock to the family and the numerous friends of the deceased in this city, where she was well and favorably known.

Deceased was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Bigden, aged 24 years, and made her home in this city up to three years ago, when she was married to Dr. G. B. Watson and removed to Loveland, Colorado, later going to Corsicana. As Miss Maude Bigden she enjoyed the distinction of being the first five queen of the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department, which she held for two years, being elected to the place by popular vote.

Later—a telegram received this afternoon from Dr. Watson advised that he would leave Corsicana at 10:30 tonight with his wife's remains for Laredo. The body is expected to reach here tomorrow afternoon or Monday morning. The funeral will be held on Monday, but the hour has not yet been stated.

W. S. S. + + + + +

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

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OCTOBER 12. Maj. Gen. William L. Sibert, who commanded the first division of American troops sent to France, born at Gadsden, Ala., 58 years ago today.

Brig. Gen. Robert C. Davis, who was acting Adjutant General of the American Expeditionary Force sent to France, born in Philadelphia, 42 years ago today.

Edward F. Dunne, former governor of Illinois, born at Waterville, Conn., 65 years ago today.

Gen. Julian S. Carr, retired manufacturer and noted Confederate veteran, born at Chapel Hill, N. C., 73 years ago today.

Chester L. Long, former United States senator from Kansas, born in Perry County, Pa., 58 years ago today.

W. S. S. + + + + +

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

+ + + + +

OCTOBER 12. 1812—Battle of Queenstown, Upper Canada, in which the Americans, at first successful, were finally defeated by the British.

1813—Lyman Trumbull, who was elected to the senate through the withdrawal of Abraham Lincoln, born at Colchester, Conn., died in Chicago, June 25, 1896.

1846—Rebellion in Portugal, and establishment of provisional government at Oporto.

1851—Capt. Lewis Warrington, who commanded the sloop-of-war Peacock in the War of 1812, died in Washington, D. C. born at Williamsburg, Va., Nov. 3, 1782.

1870—General Robert E. Lee, the famous military leader of the Confederacy died at Lexington, Va. Born in Westmoreland County, Va., Jan. 19, 1807.

1893—The Brazilian rebels surprised and defeated the Government troops at Rio Grande del Sur.

1914—Germans occupied the important Belgian city of Ghent.

1915—Austro-Germans took heights south of Belgrade by storm.

1916—British war credits reached total of \$15,560,000,000.

W. S. S. + + + + +

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

+ + + + +

OCTOBER 12

British under Marshal Haig resumed offensive along Flanders front.

Nine new members of the Dominion War Cabinet sworn into office at Ottawa.

Resignation of Vice Admiral von Chapelle, the German Minister of Marine.

Russians reported sinking of German dreadnaught near Gulf of Riga.

SECOND DAY'S SESSION CITY TEACHERS INSTITUTE

Number of Interesting Subjects Covered in Papers and Addresses Made at Session This Morning.

The second Saturday of the institute for city teachers opened this morning with some remarks by Supt. Christen on the closing of the schools on account of the prevalence of influenza.

Miss McKnight read a splendid paper on "Proper Source and the Library in History Teaching."

Miss Polkinton's subject, "How Should the Grammar School Prepare for High School History," was very ably handled.

Mrs. G. W. Derby made an interesting talk on "The Work of the Child's Welfare League in the Schools and the Community."

Mrs. Fish had a very good paper on "Principles Underlying the Teaching of History in the Grammar School."

Co. Supt. of Schools Richardson made a few remarks on a combined institute and spoke on "Foundations." He brought out some very valuable points to the teachers.

Prof. Mally's talk on the "Germination of Seed and Infests and Their Destruction" was very interesting.

Miss Irene Brown of the Department of Labor, Washington, D. C., addressed the institute on "Americanization Work." She asked for volunteers among the teachers who would be willing to teach a night school for a few weeks for foreigners who wish to become American citizens.

A committee composed of Mrs. G. W. Derby, Mrs. C. M. Fish, Mrs. W. Threlkeld and Mrs. Maria Diaz was appointed to meet with Miss Brown and formulate plans for the work.

Dr. Ward appeared before the institute and asked for volunteers among the teachers to help at the Post hospital to help in caring for soldiers afflicted with the prevailing disease.

An interesting paper on "The Nation and the Public Schools in the Present Crisis" was read by Miss Josephine Roberts.

A reading, "Prussianism in School History Teaching," was given by Miss Elizabeth Bunn.

Miss Jennie Devine read a paper on "Lessons on Patriotism in the United States History Class."

W. S. S. + + + + +

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

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Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 6:10 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:16 p. m.

W. S. S. + + + + +

MISREPRESENTING A BEE.

English officers and men still experience difficulties in the language at the front. Recently an officer, seeing a swarm of bees settled near his billet, rushed to adjacent cottages to inform the residents. But explain verbally he could not. So, taking paper and pencil, he drew a rough sketch of a hive, then wagged his fingers in what he thought the correct wing-like way. It was a failure, so he sketched a number of bees, and buzzed a beesome buzz. Thereupon the cottagers, together with one consent, belted to their durduts, believing that he meant hostile aircraft overhead.—London Daily Chronicle.

W. S. S. Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

W. S. S. Jesus Herrera, Jr.

At the moment of going to press it was learned that Jesus Herrera, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesus Herrera, 807 Furber street, had died at his home. He had been employed at a bridge and was taken suddenly ill with heart trouble. He died soon after being taken home.

W. S. S. Downed Enemy Plane.

In a very interesting letter to his parents, Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer, Capt. Hal Irby Greer of the U. S. Aero Squadron in France relates a thrilling experience with three Bosche airplanes, one of which he succeeded in downing. Lieut. Greer is the first of the 11th Aero Squadron composed entirely of Americans, to bring down an enemy plane.

CHURCHES

St. Augustine Pro-Cathedral:—First mass at 6 a. m. Second mass at 8 a. m. Third mass at 10 a. m. Vespers and benediction at 7:30 p. m.</